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MONDAY SPORTS

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Yeltsin's Radical Reforms Faltering **Amid Disintegration of Economy**

By Serge Schmemann

New York Times Service

MOSCOW — Eleven months after the failed Communist coup and seven months after the breakup of the Soviet Union, President Boris N. Yeltsin's government is in retreat and its radical economic plan is

There is a growing sense that the administration of Acting Prime Minister Yegor T. Gaidar, who designed Russia's economic reform blueprint, has miscalculated and lost its authority and bearings. Indications are that the radical reform-

ers are rapidly losing ground to tough directors and managers of state-owned in-dustries, who demand a far slower pace of

The shift, however, goes beyond politics or competing power groups. It involves a spreading sense that the promise of a new era after the fall of the Communist state has been lost, that Russia has lost direcation, and that authority and even state-

hood are rapidly eroding.

"The problem is not only the high prices or a shortage of goods," said Pavel Voshchanov, who resigned in February as Mr. Yeltsin's press spokesman. "The problem is a sense that there is no political or social course. There seemed to be a start toward a civilized market, but now it'a faltered taxes, corruption, instability, wavering authority, a new decree every day. The democratic idea has been devalued, wars rage along the periphery, the army is disorga-mized, statehood is collapsing." Beyond politics, the gloomy assessments

of the state of the nation are supported by numerous signs of disorder and disarray at all levels of life. Soaring prices have resulted in a dire shortage of paper money. Privatization, whether of land or enterprises, has been marginal, disorganized and riddled with corruption.

An official who has advised both Mikhail S. Gorbachev and Mr. Yeltsin recently

An industry lobbyist gains sway in Mos-cow with calls for more gradual, Russianstyle' reform. Page 9.

delivered a personal letter to Mr. Yeltsin in which he warned: "No doubt remains that the economic-political course of the current government is at a dead end. The fall of production in conditions of inflation,

combined with various political factors, is leading to the uncontrolled regionalization of Russia, to her distintegration."

Mr. Yeltsin is feeling the pressure. A new opinion poll found that Vice President Aleksandr V. Rutskoi, a critic of the government, had for the first time mudged past Mr. Yeltsin in public trust. past Mr. Yeltsin in public trust.

The president's decrees seem increasing-

ly ineffective, and the center seems ever

more powerless to halt regional separatism. Output is falling, unpaid bills among enterprises have soared, privatization has been haphazard at best, and many people have not received their salaries for months. New entrepreneurs feel stymied by taxes, instability, official wavering and rampant corruption. Crime is up, and old power structures are showing signs of new life.

PARIS, MONDAY, AUGUST 3, 1992

Among a growing number of intellectu-ais, economists and politicians, the gov-erument is accused of failing to amicipate the consequences of Mr. Gaidar's radical monetarist policies and of holding too strongly to Western models that some say rently unsuitable for Russia.

The criticism is in sharp contrast to the favorable comments Mr. Gaidar has received from Western officials, who have detailed knowledge of economic issues.

Parallel with the spreading disenchant-ment with Mr. Gaidar has been a rise in the influence of the industrial nomenklatura, chiefs of the huge state-owned civilian and military industries who proclaim allegiance to the goal of a market economy, but at a slower pace and with renewed government support for their enterprises. "If Gaidar controlled 90 percent of gov-

ernment power before, now he has at best See RUSSIA, Page 6

The Issue Is No Longer Just Saddam Some Arabs in the Gulf Favor Ethnic Breakup of Iraq

By Youssef M. Ibrahim

New York Times Service KUWAIT CITY - "Kuwaitis would eat up any Iraqi alive if they caught one," Abdelaziz Houty, a Kuwaiti driver, said in a conversation about the depth of hatred toward the fermer occupiers.

Two years after the invasion of Kuwait, such raw sentiments are giving way to arguments in several Arab countries of the Gulf region that peace and stability will not return just with the death or removal of President Saddam Hussein.

A conviction is emerging among Saudi and Kuwaiti leaders that Iraq and the Iraqi people themselves are the source of instability in the Gulf, where Iraq started two wars in a decade -- in 1980 against Iran and 1990 against Kuwait.

Kuwaiti and Sandi officials now argue in private and sometimes in public that the partition of Iraq into several entities -Shiites in the south, Kurds in the north and Sunnis in the center - may be the key to neutralizing a country whose population is viewed as aggressive.

Saudi and Kuwaiti officials cite the refusal of Iraqis to acknowledge that Kuwait does not belong to them, and the lack of remorse for the brutal behavior of Iraqi

troops during the occupation.

"Iraqis are the only people that can eat a sandwich standing under a hanged man," said Sheikh Ali Fahd Salem Sabah, one of the handful of members of the Knwaiti ruling family who took part in the resistance against Iraqi occupation, and who was taken prisoner.

not only of the Iraqis but also to some extent of Arabs from outside the Gulf region, many of whom failed to come to Knwait's defense in word or deed after the

It is a sentiment that is pervasive in Kuwait, Sandi Arabia and most other rich Arab countries on the Gulf, despite ritual assertions that the dispute is with Saddam Hussein, not the people.

Saudi and Kuwaiti officials complain that even Iraqis opposed to Mr. Saddam refuse to acknowledge the sovereignty of

The notion that a partitioned Iraq might less of a menace to its neighbors than See IRAQ, Page 2



Sarajevo Sniper Hits Orphans' Bus, Killing 2

A child crying behind a bullet-shattered window of a bus that came under sniper fire in Sarajevo as it was taking 50 war orphans to a rescue point to be sent on to a haven in Germany. Two children, one 3 years and the other 14 months old, were killed. Later, the bus proceeded to Croatia, Page 7.

Mandela Says **Crisis Talks** With de Klerk Will Resume

But ANC Leader Plans General Strike Today To Keep Up Pressure

By David B. Ottaway

JOHANNESBURG — Nelson Mandela predicts that constitutional negotiations with the government will soon resume, and he says he has received strong support from the United States and United Nations for international monitors to help defuse South Africa's political

The leader of the African National Congress expressed optimism over the weekend that he would succeed in what he clearly regards as the ANC'a main objective: to internationalize this country's crisis by getting foreign observers to monitor its government and police dealings

with the rising violence here.

Mr. Mandela's confidence appears buttressed by a United Nations decision to send observers while the ANC conducts a general strike and other protest actions. A seven-man UN tema arrived Sunday to join three others

already in the country.

Mr. Mandela said the ANC was in a "powerful position both morally and otherwise" to

White South Africans are beginning to discover what the blacks have long endured. Page 6.

exert its strength "to ensure that the negotiations resume" on a new constitution for the

"The problems that have arisen now, as serious as they are, we will be able to resolve them,"

Mr. Mandela's optimism about a resumption of talks with the government of President Frederik W. de Klerk came as the ANC readied a two-day general strike starting Monday to step up damands for what Mr. Mandela called the 'immediate transfer of power to the people."

On Wednesday, after the strike, the ANC has called upon its supporters to occupy govern-ment buildings, factories and city centers across the country.

[Twelve people were killed on Saturday in rising township violence before the demonstrations, Reuters reported. Seven of the 12 were stabbed and burned to death by unidentified raiders at a squatter camp in Evaton township south of Johannesburg, police said.

[The killings brought the toll to 23 since Thursday and doubled the average daily toll of the last few weeks.]

The ANC has insisted that the de Klerk government meet 14 demands it issued on June 23 in breaking off talks in response to a massacre of 46 people in Boipatong township. The demands included specific steps to curb the violence that has swept black townships. But Mr. Mandela made no mention of those demands in the interview over the weekend.

Instead, he focused on the establishment of an international monitoring group. The visit of the UN observers has captured attention here. The South African press describes it as the first

See STRIKE, Page 6

U.S. Court Actions Against BCCI Embarrass Saudi Royal Family

By Elaine Sciolino and Jeff Gerth

New York Times Service

WASHINGTON — Early last month, as

NEXT Cofficials of the Federal Reserve System were
about to publicly accuse Saudi Arabia's biggest bank and its manager of violating United States banking laws, the kingdom's top regulators and their lawyers rushed to contact U.S. officials, hoping to settle the matter quietly.

If the U.S. central bank publicly announced its charges, the Saudi government would be tied

to the scandal involving the Bank of Credit & Commerce International, and King Fahd would be personally embarrassed.

The Sandis also feared U.S. regulators would shut the American operations of National Commercial Bank. That kind of action against the kingdom's biggest bank would jolt a Saudi banking system already reeling from the financial burdens of the Gulf War.

After six days of intense negotiations, the Saudis gave up, going away empty-handed. The Fed made the charges public.

The Saudi bank is charged with having failed to report purchases of stock in First American Bankshares Inc., which was illegally and secretly controlled by BCCL

The purchases were made in concert with the bank's former chief executive, Sheikh Khalid ibn Mahfouz, from an affiliate of BCCI. They involved loans from National Commercial Bank to people acting on behalf of BCCL

American regulators last month ordered National Commercial to close its New York branch. At the same time, the Sandi bank sold

grown from a criminal investigation of a huge frand by rogue financiers to envelop some of America's staunchest allies in the Middle East. The diplomatic ramifications have made State Department and other U.S. officials queasy.

BCCI, which was chartered in Luxembourg and the Cayman Islands and had branches in 70 countries, was closed in July 1991 by banking regulators of various nations, who accused it of

its huge silver holdings to raise cash quickly.

This caused a sharp drop in world silver prices.

In recent months, the BCCI scandal has

worldwide fraud. Liquidators have been unable to find much of the bank's assets, which were reported to be \$20 billion shortly before the shutdown.

Some of the charges against the bank include theft of depositors' funds, laundering of drug money and bribing public officials.

Last week, the bank's principal American lawyers, former Defense Secretary Clark M. Clifford and his partner, Robert A. Altman, See BANK, Page 2

Bush Sees No Cause to Fret Race Hasn't Even Begun, He Tells Aides

By Jack Nelson

Los Angeles Times Service
WASHINGTON — Despite talk of panic among members of his re-election team, President George Bush is reassuring aides that the real campaign does not begin until the Republi-can convention later this month and that polls showing Governor Bill Clinton of Arkansas

with huge leads should not be taken seriously.

Mr. Bush's instincts on political timing have served him well in the past, his advisers note. But some of them are seriously concerned that Mr. Clinton, the Democratic nominee, may build an insurmountable lead while the president delays full-scale campaigning and fails to-issue a comprehensive agenda for another four-

"He's told associates, many of them wringing their hands and sounding the alarm, that he doesn't care about the outside views of this," a White House aide said. "He thinks two and a half months is plenty of time to run the cam-

Brady's Reference

To 'Japs' Is Assailed

WASHINGTON -- Treasury Secretary

Nicholas F. Brady ran into strong criticism from prominent Asian-Americans and the Jap-

anese Embassy over the weekend after he used

the term "Japs" at an informal breakfast with

"We have been told our workers are idle and

ill-educated, our goods uncompetitive and our

managers inefficient and we can't compete with the Japs or the Germans or for that matter anybody else in the world," Mr. Brady said. He

used the term once during the hourlong break-fast, referring to "Japan" and "the Japanese"

on other occasions.

The Japanese Embassy complained about the remark. "We are disappointed that he used the phrase, which is often associated with a

negative and demeaning tone," said Koichi Ai, an embassy press officer, when asked about the

paign. He's out in the stratosphere and just not putting out a solid message." In some nationwide polls, Mr. Clinton has

already expanded on large margins he rolled up immediately after the Democratic convention in mid-July. For example, his margin over Mr. Bush had increased to 30 percentage points from 25 in a tracking poll completed last week by the Times Mirror Center for People and the

Republican strategists are counting on James

A. Baker 3d to resign as secretary of state and take over the Bush campaign shortly before the convention begins in Houston on Aug. 17. They hope Mr. Baker can bring some order to the campaign and help Mr. Bush emerge from the convention with enough momentum to overtake Mr. Clinton eventually.

Several Bush advisers have said the decision to bring in Mr. Baker has already been made. "If Baker doesn't come aboard, this situation See CAMPAIGN, Page 2

Kiosk

Skinheads Assault Refugees in Germany

BERLIN (AP) - Neo-Nazi skinheads attacked foreigners and their homes in six German towns during the weekend, the police said Sunday. At least 5 people were

hurt and 10 were arrested.

All but one of the attacks occurred in small Eastern German towns within 100 kilometers (60 miles) of Berlin, late Saturday or early Sunday, the police said. The sixth attack took place in Nuremberg, in

General News

Gay men's brains were found in a new study to differ from the brains of heterosexual men and women. Page 2. Two scientists cast doubt on the significance of an AIDS-like virus.

ltaly's prime minister asked investors not

Crossword

Page 18.

OLYMPIC OP PODIUM

Next, the Medal Round Charles Barkley scored 20 points and Clyde Drexler 17 on Sunday night as the United States basketball team routed Spain, 122-81, in its final preliminary round game. With the victory, the United States finished 5-0 in the Group A Olympic preliminaries. In the quarterfinals Tuesday night, the Americans play Puerto Rico, a team they beat by 38 points last month at the Tournament of the Americas.

Just Enough to Win Javier Sotomayor of Cuba, the only person ever to clear 2.44 meters in the high

jump, won the Olympic gold medal in that event Sunday with a leap of 2.34 meters (7 feet. g inches), the lowest winning height since 1976. An Electronic Defeat Eric Griffin's reflexes were as sharp as

ever in his bid to remain in the Olympic

boxing tournament. But apparently the judges' slow reaction times in pushing a button each time the American landed a punch cost him a second-round bout with Rafael Lozano of Spain. A Face in the Crowd

Fabio Casartelli took advantage of his anonymity to give Italy its first Olympic road-race cycling title in 24 years. When he broke away in the last 16 kilometers of the 194-kilometer race, many better-

known riders ignored him, sure they would haul him back. Olympic report: Pages 13 to 17.



THAT'S TWICE - Jackie Joyner-Kersee of the United States throwing the javelin Sunday in the Olympic heptathlon. With 7,044 points, she became the first woman to repeat as champion in the seven-event competition. She set the world record of 7,291 at the 1988 Games in Seoul. Irina Belova of the United Team took the silver medal and Sabine Braun of Germany the bronze. Page 17.

100 Meters to Glory, and Two Good Feet to Stand On

By Tony Kornheiser

Hapkington Post Service BARCELONA — Every successful athlete has a story to tell about how far he or she has come to get to this moment. The stories are about pain and perseverance and overcoming injury—a shin splint or a chronic muscle tear or some other such cross to bear. Every ath-

lete has a good story. Gail Devers has a great one.
Last year, Gail Devers was two days away
from having her feet amputated. Now she is gaining weight at an alarming rate. She re-portedly went from 115 pounds (53 kilo-

the fastest woman in the world. Now she has the gold medal from Olympic 100 meters. Devers was a promising hurdler on the U.S. Olympic team in Seoul. She did not make the final, but most everyone agreed her best days were in front of her. Soon after the 1988 Games, though, she began feeling chronically weak, and her body began behaving strangely. Her hair started falling out, and she began

grams) to 139 in two weeks. She experienced memory loss, migraine headaches and spo-radic remporary loss of vision in one eye. She shook involuntarily. "I was losing a lot of blood," she said, recalling that she had three and four menstrual cycles a month. For almost two years Devers continued training hard in the hurdles and the sprints,

her body was tired and suffering stress, and

tested for Graves' disease, which affects the thyroid. Foster had noticed that Devers's eyes had begun to bulge, and be was aware this was a symptom of Graves' disease from reading about George and Barbara Bush, but her results continued to be discouraging.

The doctors she went to kept telling her that

See DEVERS, Page 17

Finally, on the advice of her physical therapist, Bob Forster, she went to a doctor to be

At least two Japanese-American congress-men — Robert T. Matsui and Norman Y. Devers was diagnosed as having Graves' disease and was immediately put on radiation

Mineta, both Democrats of California -called for Mr. Brady's resignation. Mr. Brady said he had not intended to offend

to shun his country.

On a Date to Remember, Iraq Repeats Its Claim to Kuwait

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches NJCOSIA - On the second anniversary

of the invasion of Kuwait, state-run Bagh-dad radio repeated on Sunday that the emirate was part of Iraq and said "zealous Iraqis" would cootinue to demand its re-

state-run newspapers, apparently with no officials of the United Nations said. The regard for Baghdad's agreement after the guard was not hurt. Gulf War cease-fire to abandon its claim to

leader president led the greatest historic epic in the contemporary history of Iraq." the radio said, "one that was crowned with immortal victory with the entry of our valiant armed forces into Kuwait."

Many Kuwaitis fear that President Sadmilitary maneuvers on Monday to show intimidated.

By Natalie Angier

New York Times Service
NEW YORK — A cord of nerve

fibers that allows the halves of the

brain to communicate with each

other is larger in homosexual men than it is in heterosexual men or in

women, scientists have reported.

anterior commissure, is not

thought to influence sexual behav-

ior directly, but the researchers be-

lieve the finding supports the idea that the brains of homosexuals dif-

fer in many subtle ways from those

of beterosexuals, and that sexual

orientation has a biological basis.

Allen and Dr. Roger A. Gorski of the University of California at Los

Angeles, sppears in The Proceed-ings of the National Academy of

The discovery remains to be con-

firmed by other laboratories, and

some researchers are skeptical that

it has any relevance to an issue as

complex as human sexuality. They

warned that so little is known

about how the brains of higher ani-

mals work that to assign function

or meaning to slight discrepancies

in anatomical features is a gross

oversimplification.
Others endorsed the finding as

added proof that homosexuality is

inborn rather than a chosen behav-

ior, and that therefore all discrimi-

nation against homosexuals should

be illegal, just as it is against minor-

"It points out that gay people are made this way hy nature," said

Robert Bray, head of public infor-

mation at the National Gay and

Lesbian Task Force, an advocacy

group in Washington. "It strikes at

the heart of people who oppose gay

New York Times Service

PARIS — Two prominent scientists have east doubt on the signifi-

cance of a report on the possibility

that a new virus is causing an

AIDS-like disease.
The report, which is being pub-

lished this month in the Proceed-

ings of the National Academy of

Sudhir Gupta of the University of

California at Irvine. It has stirred

public fear that a potentially fatal

virus may be transmitted from per-

son to person and through the na-

tion's blood supply.
Dr. Ludwik Gross, the National

Academy of Sciences member who

sponsored Dr. Gupta's report, now says he has second thoughts about

having done so.

Dr. Gross said he "wanted to

brake the scare" that resulted from

publicity about the report and allay "unwarranted conclusions" that

led the public to fear that an AIDS-

finding," he said, adding that he

doubted the illnesses discussed in

His caution adds an unusual

twist to the bizarre tale of mysteri-

the report had any link to AIDS.

"Too much has been made of the

like virus was on the loose.

rights and who think we don't de- praised the oew research.

From Report on Virus

By Lawrence K. Altman ous AIDS-like cases that was re-

Sciences, was submitted by Dr. scientists hinting at detection of a

The report, from Dr. Laura S.

The brain structure, called the

Nerve Cord Is Key

Its Structure in Gay Men Is Distinct

In New Brain Study

how rapidly the allies could respond to Iraqi security men now follow UN inter-

In another development on the invasion anniversary, an unidentified gunman shot st s UN guard in front of a Baghdad hotel. One bullet landed close to the guard, a Czechoslovak, in front of the Palestine Ho-The statement was echoed by Iraq's tel, where some UN staff members live,

"We believe that someone intentionally shot at the guard," an official said. He by zealous Iraqis throughout history to "On this day in 1990, his excellency the added that the shooting was the latest of a repossess Kuwait, because it is part of Iraqi series of security "difficulties."

No one has been hurt since security problems in Baghdad increased dramatically in July during the three-week standoff over UN weapons inspections at the Agriculture Ministry. But UN vehicles have dam Hussein might invade again. Kuwait been daubed with paint, and staff members and the United States are to begin joint have been harassed, insulted, spat on and

serve our rights because we're

But some scientists said the new

work was likely to prove as questionable as many past studies of neuroanatomical differences be-

tween blacks and whites, men and

women, or various ethnic groups.

area for each paper to be just an-

other statistical fluke," said Dr. William Byne of the Columbia University College of Physicians and Surgeons in New York. "I just don't think sexual orientation is

going to he represented in any par-

looking in the brain for your politi-

Others criticized the study for relying on brains from AIDS pa-

tients; all but six of the homosexual

men studied had died of the dis-

"We know that HIV has an af-limity for brain cells, and I don't

think we can rule out that this is

having an effect," said Dr. Robert P. Cabaj, a psychiatrist at the University of California at San Fran-

The latest report follows by less

than a year another announcement

of anatomical differences in the

brains of homosexual and hetero-

sexual men, a study that generated

of the brain that helps regulate sex-

ual behavior, was smaller in homo-

sexual men than in heterosexual

men; it was equivalent to the di-

mensions in heterosexual women.

Dr. LeVay, who is openly gay,

AIDS Scientists Retreat Saudi leaders feared that if the Shiite rebellion succeeded, Iran

counted last month at an interna-

tional AIDS conference in

Amsterdam, There American and

European scientists spoke about a

few dozen cases of illness among

individuals who showed no evi-

dence of infection with HIV-I or

Preliminary reports from three

oew virus among such cases

Given the alarming reaction to Dr. Gupta's paper, Dr. Gross said

that he would prefer now not to have sponsored it but that he would

not withdraw his support because

"there is no way I could do that."

known human retroviruses in a 66-

said he had also found the virus in

who is healthy.

Herald Eribune -

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Dr. Luc Montagnier, the French

HIV-2, which cause AIDS.

aroused wide public concern.

In the previous experiment, Dr.

Simon LeVay of the Salk Institute in La Jolla, California, said that a region of the hypothalamus, a part in the policies of the West and

Saudi Arabia.

been reinforced by broad changes in the policies of the West and

In March 1991, when uprisings

in Iraq's Shiite-dominated south-

em region and Kurdish northern

region threatened to partition the

country days after the Gulf War

cease-fire, the United States, at the urging of Saudi Arabia, halted its

vould come to dominate the people

of southern Iraq, posing a new

threat of instability on the Arabian

Peninsula itself, rivaling the threat

of Baghdad. For its part, the Unit-

ed States seemed to prefer a change of regime in Baghdad that would

keep the country unified under a leader other than Mr. Saddam.

But since then, the United

States, Britain and France have

prevented Bagbdad from reassert-

ing its control over much of the

Kurdish region in northern Iraq, coabling leaders there to hold elec-

tions to choose a Kurdish parlia-

State James A. Baker 3d and Iraqi

AMERICAN

TOPICS

Rural Nebraska County Fights

For Survival With 'Main Street'

The population of Custer County, Nebraska, as

in so many parts of the Great Plains, has been falling, hollowed by a shrinking farm economy. In 1930, the county had 30,000 people. Today, it has

In a boot-straps effort to survive, the county

residents are fostering a new concept of community that rural sociologists say could be a model: the county-wide Main Street. The idea, dreamed up by

county residents, is only a year old - too soon to

People agree that none of the county's 12 little

towns can make it alone. They are too small. But if

they pull together as a county, they might be able to achieve what economists call "critical mass," or

If the town of Arnold does not have a pharmacy,

for example, people are encouraged to shop in the next little town that has one rather than drive 45

miles (72 kilometers) to a big discount store in North Platte.

"It's easy to run away, to go somewhere bigger." said Janet Larreau, 32, a native of Custer County

who moved home from Denver a few years ago.
"But some of us have decided to stay. This is our way of life. And it's worth a fight."

In another fight to survive, suburban malls, faced

with a glut of space and an arid retail climate, are taking in churches, libraries, medical climics, police

departments, shoe-repair shops and car dealer-ships. While few top-tier malls have had to resort to such an approach, dozens of older malls in areas

that are no longer retailing hubs are retrofitting with nonretailers. "The myth about the mall being the village square is becoming less of a myth," said George Rosenbaum, chief executive of Leo J. Sha-

piro & Associates, a marketing research firm.

the level needed to sustain a community.

measure the results.

Short Takes

victorious military offensive.

a debate nationwide.

cal party affiliation."

ease's effects.

ticular brain structure. It's like

"There's really a trend in this

choosing to be the way we are."

national staffers to protect them when they right people, but it is for history to answer leave their offices. The measure was re- in which way and when this shall take quested by UN agencies last month. Secu-rity men have scized several people who tary, reported by the official Iraqi press tried to assault UN personnel.

Iraqi officials attribute the incidents to

presence in Iraq. The UN presence was Kuwait did not mean it had given up its imposed as part of the cease-fire agreement right to the emirate. ending the Gulf War. Iraqi radio recalled the "demands made said, "Kuwait, as defined by history and

territory." A government-rum daily, Al Jumburiya, said the invasion on Aug. 2, 1990, corrected "a historical mistake" of 70 years. Baghdad claimed that Kuwait had been part of the Basra governorate of the Ottoman Empire and was separated when the British carved up the remains of that empire after World War I.

IRAQ: Gulf Arabs Start to Think of Ethnic Breakup

"Eventually, Kuwait shall return to the in Baghdad last month over Iraq's refusal agency INA.

The agency said the newspaper had individuals angered by the United Nations' made it clear that Iraq's withdrawal from Al Qadisiya, the Defense Ministry daily.

> geography, knows that it was and still is an Iraqi province, as it is the natural extension The Pentagon announced Friday that

the United States was sending 2,400 army troops to Kuwait beginning Monday as part of a training exercise that originally was planned for September.

A Defense Department spokesman, Pete Williams, said that when tension increased boring Bahrain.

to allow a UN inspection team to examine the Agriculture Ministry building, the Pentagon moved up the date of the exercise to carly August.

When the conflict was resolved last week, Mr. Williams said, the military decided to stick with the new schedule. The United States corrently has two other ongoing exercises around Kuwait involving navy and Marine forces and ships.

The exercises, coupled with the deployment of an aircraft carrier to the Gulf and other naval battle groups to the Red Sea and the eastern Mediterranean, were meant to send a message to Mr. Saddam, Defense Department officials said.

The United States also sent s battery of Patriot missiles to Kuwait, and another battery of the anti-missile missiles to neigh-(AP, Reuters, NYT)

BANK:

(Continued from page 1)

In addition to examining the roles in the scandal of some of Saudi Arabia's most prominent businessmen, many of whom have links to the royal family, investigators are looking at members of the ruling family of Abu Dhabi. Family members were the principal owners of BCCI when it was shut down last year. While the family members have portrayed themselves as the higgest victims of the frand, investigators have publicly questioned whether they helped to carry it out.

American officials said they were certain that the Saudi royal family was shaken, fearful that's scandal could erode confidence in the kingdom's once unassailable banking

system.
"It is obviously a major banking crisis and a scrious problem," said one official who follows the issue. "They are concerned about what implications it will have for the Saudi banking system as a whole. We have told them their concerns have been noted and the best thing to do is to clean up the whole BCCI At one point, King Fahd took

Bracing for duty in Kuwait, a staff sergeant closed his eyes as he received a typhoid injection at Fort Hood, Texas. The sergeant and 840 others in his support unit were awaiting their departure orders. the highly unusual step of calling in the U.S. ambassador, Charles W. Freeman Jr., to express his surprise and dismay that a local prosecutor in New York City had indicted Sheikh Khalid, a descendant of a family that co-founded National Commercial Bank. Until recently, uding Kurds, Shiites and Sunnis, Americans did in Japan and Gerthe sheikh was its chief executive.

the United States had accepted di official said. "We must go into by King Fahd, signaling the fading need several small entities to deal of Saudi fears of an Iranian-domi-

But Sheikh Khalid is not just another banker, and National Commercial is not just another bank. Its former chief operating officer is King Fahd's personal banker; the bank, rooted in a de-

At one point, the king made an

pleaded not guilty.

The king sought to distance him-self from Sheikh Khalid, according to American officials. He said it was unfortunate that a Saudi might have run afoul of American banking regulations, but he stressed that the banker's actions had nothing to do with the Saudi government and banking system, the officials add-

government. uation," the official said.

Echoing what appears to be a wide sentiment among Knwaitis, the Saudi official said a majority of the Iraqi people "continue to believe that Kuwait belongs to them."

He argued that the attempt to be wide sentiment among the streams to be lieve that Kuwait belongs to them."

If Iraq which is saturated, and prices are generally weak. extraordinary request to Mr. Free-man: Would U.S. banking authori-tics make an official statement attestiog to the streogth and independence of the Sandi banking system? Mr. Freeman, uncomfortably, had to say no, telling the king that the U.S. government could not interfere in a criminal investigation or publicly pass judgment on the strength of another country's bank-

BCCI Tensions

were indicated on charges of helping BCCI gain control of First Ameri-can and of accepting bribes from BCCL Both men, who were top executives of First American,

"What we need to do is what the

with instead of attempting to pre-

As major oil producers, Saudi

reinforced an impression here that many after World War II," the Sau-

their demands for autonomy. Iraq and change the whole setup, In February, in a major change the whole mentality, including the

of policy, Sandi Arabia invited a social structure of that country

leader of the Iranian-supported which permits dictators like Sad-

Shiite opposition in the south, Aya- dam to resurface there with regu-tollah Mohammed Bakir Hakim, to larity every 20 years or so.

visit Riyadh, where he was received "To do that," he said, "we may

cial, who spoke in a Paris interview The enormous ill will felt toward

about this evolving position, said Iraq in Kuwait, as well as in Saudi Saudi Arabia was less concerned Arabia, the United Arab Emirates

now about the impact a breakup of and Qatar, also has an economic

This possibility may in fact be a Arabia and these other conserva-

better solution than the present sit-uation," the official said. tive Arab emirates are eager for lraq, which ranked as one of the

He argued that the attempt to If Iraq, which is now banned annex Kuwait had a precedent in from exporting oil by the United 1961, when the Iraqi government Nations, returned to pumping and

The team of Ismail Merchant and James Ivory,

which produced such highbrow movie hits as "A Room With a View" and "Howards End," has

joined forces with Walt Disney Studios. The New

York Times noted that the new partners have

"entirely different tastes and styles: relentlessly

commercial versus relentlessly highbrow." But un-

der a three-year arrangement, which both sides said they expected to extend. Disney will release all Merchant-fvory films not already spoken for and pay half the cost of developing them. On films that cost less than \$12 million, Merchant-fvory will

have total creative control. Disney gets prestige and the Merchant-Ivory team is freed from finan-

"Serenity" is the most popular name for pleasure boats this year, according to a survey conducted by the Boat Owners Association of the United States.

After Serenity came Wave Runner, Sea Dancer, Liquid Asset and Obsession.

When Lawrence Werner and his golfing com

ions found themselves behind a slow group of inexperienced players at the Oxford Valley course

in Levittown, Pennsylvania, they asked to play through. One of the duffers allegedly grabbed a chub and threatened Mr. Werner. But he had an extra iron in his bag — a .38 caliber pistol. He pointed it at the man's bead. No shots were fired,

but the Werner group played through. According to Golf World magazine, Mr. Werner was charged

with reckless endangerment and disorderly conduct and later released.

Julia Child, hale and hearty as ever, will be 80 on

Aug. 15, giving cooking lessons on television as usual and promoting her favorite causes. "Wine should not be associated with alcohol," she says.

"It is really part of the food chain." Cooking is a

serious subject and should be taught in college.

And "there's nothing worse than a grilled vegeta-

ble," always coming out half-raw and half-burned.

What to do when you drop s whole side of lamb on

the floor, as she did once on television? "Just

remember, You're all alone in the kitchen," she

recommended, as she picked up the lamb and

Arthur Highee

About People

nated movement in southern Iraq.

A senior Saudi intelligence offi-

Iraq's 17 million people would explanation.

ment this spring.

A meeting between Secretary of over Kawaii after Britain granted it would fall, cutting into the income

cades-old money-changing opera-tion in Mecca, is inextricably linked to the Saudi economy and

ing system.

CAMPAIGN:

No Panic Yet (Continued from page 1)

could be terminal," a longtime Bush adviser said. "The problem is, We don't have s strong person to make decisions, and there's no stra-

make decisions, and there's no strategic sense of where the campaign
is going."
Frank J. Pahrenkopf Jr., a former Republican Party chainman,
asked what he thought was ailing
the Bush campaign, said, "What
campaign?"

Frank J. Pahrenkopf Jr., a former Republican Party chainman,
asked what he thought was ailing
the Bush campaign, said, "What
campaign?"

"I'd like to see some hard-hitting Bush campaign advertising out there right now," said Mr. Fahrenkopf, who added that the campaign used about \$5 million in advertisements between the Democratic and Republican conventions in 1988, which helped reduce the lead of the Democratic nominee, Michael S. Dukakis, from 17 percentage points to about 7 points. kopf, who added that the campaign points to about 7 points.

Lyn Nofziger, a former political adviser to President Ronald Rea-

gan, said he thought that time was already running out and that "Bush hasn't gotten his act together yet, and the other guys are running

In the view of some Republican strategists, the Bush campaign has given Clinton and his running mate, Senator Al Gore of Tennessee, a free ride since the Democratic convention.

The Bush campaign, Mr. Nof-ziger said, "should have been out there beating up on those guys from the day they were nominal-

Mr. Bush, in a speech in California, signaled that his somewhat passive approach toward the Democrats would end in two weeks. "I cannot wait for our convention to roll up my sleeves and go after against them and tell the American people what's really going on," he said.

WORLD BRIEFS

ISLAMABAD, Pakistan (Reuters) — Dissident guerrillas rained rockets on the Afghan capital, Kabul, on Sunday, killing 13 people and wounding 17, official Kabul radio reported. A broadcast monitored in Pakistan said about 16

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hit five residential districts. It was one of the most devastating attacks on

the city since the mujahidin took power in April.

Defense Minister Ahmed Shah Masond, quoted by the radio, hlamed factions of the hard-line Islamic Party, led by Gulbuddin Hekmatyar and Mowlavi Yunus Khalis, for the stracks, Prime Minister Nawaz Sharif of

Israel Names Arabs to High Positions

Pakistan called off a visit to Kabul on Sunday because of the violence

JERUSALEM — Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin's government and Calls for Catalyte to Sunday that it had appointed two Israeli Arabs as deputy injures, the highest-ranking Arabs in 10 was a sunday that it had appointed two Israeli Arabs as deputy nonced Sunday that it had appointed two Israeli Arabs as deputy ministers, the highest-ranking Arabs in 19 years.

"Members of parliament, Nawaf Masalha and Walid Sadek, were approved by the cabinet as deputy ministers," Health Minister Haim

The approval came as Mr. Rabin's government prepared for a resump-tion of Middle East peace talks this mouth, the first session since the Labor Party defeated Yitzhak Shamir's hard-line Liked Party in the June elections. A government official said Sunday that Israel had accepted a U.S. invitation to begin talks Aug. 24.

Iran Puts Emphasis on Atomic Power

TEHRAN (AFP) — Iran signaled its determination Sunday to harness nuclear energy, demanding that a German company complete work on an atomic power plant and confirming that it was negotiating with China to build another.

Tehran issued a complaint against the German company Stemens for the south according to the state of the product of

failing to complete the nuclear plant at Bushehr, in the south, according to Mansour Haji-Azim, an official of the Iranian Atomic Energy Organization. The complaint was filed with the Paris-based Internal Chamber of Commerce, which arbitrates international commercial disputes, Mr. Haji-Azim, the deputy minister for power plants, said at a

He confirmed reports Taursday in the paper China Daily that Tehran was negotiating with Beijing to buy a 300-megawatt nuclear plant.

Algeria Arrests 50 Muslim Militants

ALGIERS (AP) - Security forces arrested 50 armed Islamic extremists in the last 24 hours and seized an arms cache containing 130 bombs, gunpowder and other material, the police said Sunday. Six of the suspects, arrested in Ouleb Yzich, south of Algiers, were immediately charged with plotting against state security.

The arrests were made in towns from Oran in the west to Biskra in the

Sahara to El Milia in the east, police said. The largest number of arrests -35 - were made in Oued, near the eastern border, where the Islamic guerrilla movement made its reappearance last November with an attack

The police uncovered an arms cache on the outskirts of Oned containing the bombs plus 90 kilograms (200 pounds) of powder, material to build bombs and Afghan clothing warn by the Islamic guerrillas, who are often veterans of the Afghanistan civil war. Most of those arrested in El Oned were youths, officials said.

European Satellite Adrift in Space

CAPE CANAVERAL, Florida (AP) - Atlantis astronauts released s European satellite Sunday after an anxious day's delay, but the spacecraft . ran into more trouble and was left wandering too low with its load of . crystals, seeds and shrimp eggs. Unless the \$213 million Euroca satellite is raised to a higher altitude, its

orbit will decay to the point where the craft cannot be retrieved by astronauts next spring as planned. The satellite may plunge through the atmosphere and burn. Engineers at the European Space Agency's control center in Dams -

stadt. Germany, struggled to understand the latest problem, which involved the satellite's steering system. There were no plans for Atlantis :: to go back to rescue Eureca. The shuttle and the satellite were hundreds of :: miles apart by early afternoon.

TRAVEL UPDATE

Highways and bridges in 14 Chinese provinces, have been washed out by torrential rains and flooding, according to the Xinhua News Agency, to which said the stricken provinces included Jiangxi, Hunan and Sichuan in

south China and Heilongriang in the north.

Eruption of a volcano along the southern Chilean border with Argentina could lead to avalanches, an official warned Sunday. The 2,926-meter (9,613-foot) Copahue volcano, about 540 kilometers (340 miles) south of Santiago, has crupted three times since Friday.

This Week's Holidays

Banking and government offices will be closed or services curtailed in the following countries and their dependencies this week because of national and religious holidays:

MONDAY: Behemas, Barbados, Canada, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Grenada, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Icciand, Ircland, Janusica, Niger, Tunisia, Zam-

TUESDAY: Borkina Faso, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Grenada.

WEDNESDAY: El Salvador.

THURSDAY: Bolivia, El Salvador, United Arab Emirates.

FRIDAY: Colombia. SATURDAY: Iraq, Rwanda. SUNDAY: Israel, Singapore.

Sources: J.P. Morgan, Reuters.

The Weather

Tuesday will offer cooling breezes and perhaps e few showers from London to Bertin while suretime brightens Paris and Brussels. A werming trend is likely beginning midweek; except for spotty thunderstorms may scale Belling to spotty the scale and hong Kong while coean winds cool Tokyo.

Latin America

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researcher who played a crucial role in the discovery of HIV-I and HIV-2, said in an interview at the Pasteur Institute that he shared Dr. Gross's concern and doubts. Dr. Gross said he had decided to exercise a privilege of membership in the National Academy of Sciences in introducing Dr. Gupta's paper to the proceedings after the findings were reviewed by two independent researchers. Although the reviewers expressed reserva-tions about Dr. Gupta's technique and scientific controls, they recommended publication because the findings were fascinating. Dr. Gupta reported that he had detected a virus unlike any of the

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year-old woman with an AIDS-like illness. Her only apparent risk factor was a blood transfusion she had received in 1949 or 1950. Dr. Gupta

CAMPAIGN '92 / FIGHTING OVERCONFIDENCE

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A Public Call for Bush to Bow Out of Race

LOS ANGELES — In a scathing editorial, the Orange County Register, a major newspaper in the largely Republican and conservative county southeast of Los Angeles, on Sunday urged President George Bush to abandon his bad for re-election. Titled "Stand Decident" the editorial said Mr. Buch had "failed every Down, Mr. President," the editorial said Mr. Bush had "failed every bit as much as that last notable failure, Jimmy Carter" and called on him to let the Republican convention choose a new nominee.

Academia to the first of the second of the s "George Herbert Bush can can render his presidency most successful only by giving it up, vokuntarily, before the party's convention opens in Houston," the Register said. (Reuters)

Some Private Calls for Quayle to Do the Same

WASHINGTON — Although Vice President Dan Quayle insists that the issue is closed, the question of whether he should stay on the that the issue is closed, the question of whether he should stay on the 1992 Republican ticket remains a major topic at the top levels of the party. With President George Bush having also said repeatedly last month that there would be no change, few senior Republicans are willing to discuss the matter publicity.

But promise them anonymity, and a substantial minority of state officials, congressional leaders and even cabinet members readily secures their anisocosism and sensoially their wish that Mr. Change

express their antagonism and especially their wish that Mr. Quayle express their antagonism and especially their wish that Mr. Quayle would take himself out of the running. "The president isn't going to demand he get off the ticket," a leading Midwestern senator said. "But a lot of us wish he would fall on his sword, go in and tell George Bush he was quitting for the sake of the party." (NYT)

Don't Believe Ali You Hear, Mrs. Clinton Says

WASHINGTON — Hillary Clinton said that she expected Republicans to try to paint the Democratic presidential ticket "as being aliens in some ways," out of the mainstream for most Americans.

"I think that's just a real hard case to make," said Mrs. Clinton, thank that's just a real hard case to make," said Mrs. Clinton, the wife of the Democratic nominee, Bill Clinton. Mrs. Clinton, a lawyer and head of the Washington-based Children's Defense Fund advocacy group (a post from which she is on leave), told Washington Post editors and reporters in an interview that she also believed that Republicans had made a "political decision" to portray her views on some family issues as too liberal.

The Bush camp and the president himself repeatedly have characterized the Democratic side in the campaign as lax on "family values," and in pursuit of a "fiberal agenda." The other day, apparently in a reference to Mrs. Clinton, President George Bush noted that his opponents "even encourage kids to hire lawyers and haul their parents into court." Mrs. Clinton said the portrayal of her views was "preposterous."

"Any fair reading of anything I've ever written or said, any fair reading of the work that I've done just doesn't support that," she said. "I think that it is part of their strategy about me to say that the work I have done for more than 20 years on children's issues is somehow out of the mainstream or undermining family values. And I just think that is regrettable."

A Mass Exodus From State Legislatures

NEW YORK - A third of the state legislators in the nation are giving up their seats this year in an exodus that experts say is the largest in more than 30 years. The turnover, which experts say is sore to be swollen further by the defeat of some incumbents in November, parallels a high number of departures from Congress.

Federal and state legislators have said they are leaving for many of

the same reasons, including a desire to retire or because their districts were redrawn or eliminated as a result of redistricting after the 1990 census. But others blame the recession, saying it has made their jobs painful and has turned constituents against them.

"Politics has gotten ugher and meaner," said Sam Hunt, 50, a two-term member of the North Carolina House, Mr. Hunt said he decided to give up his seat to devote more time to his family and his electrical supply business.

Mary Matalin, the Bush campaign's political director, on Bill Clinton: "We've never said to the press that he's a philandering, pot-

Clinton Aides Learn the Bearable Frightfulness of Leading

By E. J. Dionne Jr.

Washington Peat Service
WASHINGTON — Surging ahead by
20 or 30 points in the polls ought to make
life wonderful for the campaign of Bill Clinton, the Democratic presidential nominee. The truth is, aides say, the good news has created a sea of problems.

No one on the Clinton campaign has suggested trading places with President George Bush right now, however. Or, for that matter, with the Clinton campaign of a few months ago, when the candidates seemed mired in a three-way race that opoulos, Mr. Clinton's communications distributed Ross Perot. Or with the Clinton rector, the problem with having such a big

say "no" to all the people who want to hear but this, and to help his side plan against reach, and his presidential campaign had Mr. Gore's Tennessee, Southern and bor-

It often is harder to plan long-term strategy when all the numbers look so good. One of the single most important characteristics of a successful campaign is disci-pline: the ability to make choices, write off states, allocate money carefully and stick he said would be "a pretty good strategy" with a plan. With Mr. Clinton ahead in the for the Republicans. polls even in Arizona, which has not voted

Clinton advisers say that to combat

Democratic since 1948, giddiness can over
overconfidence, it helps to remember the is to avoid being lored early to states like

seemed mired in a three-way race that opoulos, Mr. Chuton's communications the included Ross Perot. Or with the Clinton rector, the problem with having such a big campaign that was struggling in February lead is that the other side starts hitting hard just to win a reasonable second-place and often, lest it fall so far behind that victory is out of reach. "It increases the opoulos, Mr. Chuton's communications to provide a start of the clinton campaign's strategy of deciding which states to target to produce an of the Middle West — Michigan, Ohio and Illinois — and on a group of Southern and on a group of Southern and other states where they think the South-

what might be coming, a Clinton pollster, to shift resources to the much smaller num-Stanley Greenberg, has written a lengthy ber of states that were still winnable. memorandum describing the strategy he would recommend if he were Mr. Bush's cal director of the Democratic National adviser and not Mr. Clinton's.

مكذا من الاصل

To guard against this, Paul Tully, politi-

Committee, has spent three years develop-Mr. Greenberg refuses to disclose what ing elaborate statistical models to establish where Democrats should put their re-

der targets include Kentucky, North Carolina, Louisiana, Georgia and probably Ala-

The Clinton forces are also counting on most of the states of the Northeast and Middle West, where Mr. Dukakis won or did well. The assumption is that if Mr. Clinton runs badly in a state like New York, there is a good chance he will be in trouble everywhere.

Conspicuously missing from most of the early target lists are Florida and Texas. Clinton aides say one of the challenges of being so far ahead now will be to resist the showing in the New Hampshire primary.

These are pleasanter problems, but difficult ones nonetheless. They range from the technical, such as switchboards of flooded with calls that the campaign was briefly paralyzed, to the political, such as how to entreaties of local Democrats in those and

Leaving no shoe unsigned, Bill Clinton obliged a supporter in North Little Rock, Arkansas.

Foreign Policy's Fading Role

By Adam Clymer New York Times Service

WASHINGTON - In a presidential campaign, no attack should be unexpected. But there is something jarring when the Republi-cans, in their first foreign policy criticism of any substance, accuse the Democrats of being "reckless" about involvement in the crisis in Bosnia-Herzegovina.

After all, for most of the last 30 years Republicans said Democrats who ran for president were timid or weak - if not downright cowardly.

NEWS ANALYSIS

But this is the first election since 1936, or 10 years before Bill Clinton was born, that is being conducted when the United States was not imperiled by one or more big bad countries. So foreign policy is bound to play a different sort of crats "reckless" undercuts a basic election role, and almost certainly a Republican argument. As Mr.

In the old days, foreign policy "literally vetoed people," said Newt Gingrich, the Georgia Republican who is his party's No. 2 in trade policies. the House. "If you couldn't handle foreign policy, you couldn't handle attacks are likely to focus on the the presidency."

And even though foreign policy inexperience.

The Democrats do not seem to ble until last week, it is sure to be fear that argument. Their quick reargued over the next three months. sponse is a kind of "Sez who?" ful presidency.

But that's not the first reason.

is that it doesn't have much else thumbing his nose at the world?"

fidence in Mr. Bush than in Mr. Clinton, and by a big margin. So it makes tactical sense for the

Bush campaign to try to turn some public attention toward foreign policy, even if its first effort was spectacularly inept. It accused Mr. Clinton of being reckless in saying the United States should be ready to use air strikes to support UN efforts to get food and medicine to

civilians in Bosnia-Herzegovina. That was a policy that Dick Cheney, the secretary of defense, said the next day he agreed with.

That wasn't all that was wrong with this effort; to call the Demo-Gingrich would pose it, his party should say the Democrats accept international weakness by urging defense cuts and protectionist

difference between experience and

There are a variety of reasons, not Mr. Clinton said that someone excluding the relevance of a surehanded foreign touch to a success- new taxes" had no business now asking for trust.

And Senator Al Gore of Tennes-The primary reason the Bush see, Mr. Clinton's running mate, campaign lanuched a foreign polisaid that if Mr. Bush was so smart,

going for it at this time.

As recent Gallup and Harris polls show, handling foreign policy is an area, perhaps the only one, where the public still has more constant to the public still has more constant to the public still has more constant. tory has turned, experience is not necessarily the first qualification." There are differences, he said,

"between being locked into foreign policies that reflect the thinking of the last decade and promoting for-cign policies designed for the next decade."



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Away From the Hustings

The Census Bureau is expected to decide quickly whether to begin
adjusting its population estimates to compensate for a census undercount, a move that could shift millions of federal dollars away from

states and cities in the Middle West and Northeast. Tuberculosis outbreaks of particularly dangerous strains have been traced to infectious contacts in hospitals in several cities, prompting urgent calls for costly new hygiene measures. The strains resist many conventional drugs, and death rates have exceeded 70 percent.

A U.S. Navy plane crashed in the Atlantic Ocean north of Puerto Rico, killing all five aviators on board, a navy spokesman said. The plane, which was on a training flight, was the second from the aircraft carrier John F. Kennedy to crash within two weeks.

• Connecticut's food-stamp rolls nearly doubled in the last three years, the latest sign of economic decline in the wealthiest U.S. state. A blaze raged out of control near Yosemite National Park, in California, burning more than 3,500 acres (1,400 hectares) and forcing thousands of people to evacuate.

• The preservation of a cemetery in lower Manhattan in which blacks were buried in colonial days will be financed by \$3 million allocated by the Senate Appropriations Committee. The decision came after the federal General Services Administration, bowing to congressional pressure, halted excavation.

A Hong Kong businessman who prosecutors say was one of the biggest heroin smugglers in the world, Johnny Kon, is scheduled to testify before the U.S. Congress on Tuesday about illicit drug sales.

As many as 1,200 trade schools and colleges risk losing federal aid or being dropped from student loan programs because too many of their graduates have defaulted on government-backed loans, the Education Department warned. Education Department warned. ● The U.S. Navy has begun an experiment at its Orlando, Florida, boot camp with coed training in hopes of reducing sexual harass-

WP, NYT. AP, Resters, LAT, UPI

U.S. Environment Chief Says Bush Fumbled Rio

By Michael Weisskopf

WASHINGTON - The Environmental Protection Agency administrator, William K. Reilly, trying to explain the diplomatic isolation of the United States at the recent Earth Summit in Rio de Janeiro, has blamed the Bush administration for playing a "low-key, defensive game" in preparing for

In an evaluation of the June meeting circulated to all 15,000 cmmeeting circulated to all 15,000 cm-ployees of the environmental agen-cy. Mr. Reilly conceded that the administration assigned a "low pri-ority" to negotiations on protection of forest species, delayed the signa-ture of a treaty on global warming. postponed announcing President George Bush's plans to attend and "committed few resources."

No doubt this contributed to the negative feelings toward the United States," wrote Mr. Reilly, who headed the U.S. delegation to the conference, the largest and highest-level environmental meet-

highest-level environmental meeting in history.

Mr. Reilly has frequently clashed with conservative White House sides over environmental issues, losing more battles than he has won. Forced at Rio to defend policies he opposed, Mr. Reilly voiced his frustration after a diplomatic cool of the white

House was leaked to reporters, ap-parently to show that he was being overruled once again.

In the agency memo, he likened his experience to taking a "bungee jump" — from a high platform at the end of an elastic tether — in which "someone might cut your

It was a more whimsical charac-terization than he had made in Rio, where he accused unidentified White House officials of trying to undermine him and the U.S. posi-

Nevertheless, the memorandum, written in response to a "welcome home" letter signed by 3,000 cuvironment agency employes, was not intended to "point fingers," ac-cording to a Reilly aide, but as a plainspoken assessment of the mmit meeting.

■ Backing From Gore Senator Al Gore of Tennessee said that President Bush and Vice President Dan Quayle must "accept responsibility for undermining America's chief negotiator at the Earth Summit," The Associated Press reported from Fancy Farm,

Responding to reports of the Reilly memo, the Democratic vice presidential nominee said that he shared "Bill Reilly's deep sense of

The U.S. election

Civil war in Yugoslavia

The breakup of the Soviet empire

Partition in Czechoslovakia

The global recession

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Supreme Court Allows Return of Haitians, for Now New York Times Service WASHINGTON — The U.S. Supreme Court has allowed the Bush administration to continue sending Haitian refugees back home while the justices hear arguments on the legality of a presidential order to return

The high court, in an unusual weekend ruling, granted a Justice Department request to stay a decision by a federal appeals court in New York last week that had effectively nullified the administration policy.

The stay, in effect, extends a temporary reprieve the court had granted entire this mean

Justices Harry Blackman and John Paul Stevens dissented, arguthat the Justice Department offered only a vague statement of possible harm to foreign policy if the returns were stopped. Meanwhile, they said, the refugees "face the real and immediate threat of persecution, terror and possibly even death at the hands of those to whom they are being



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Turning Toward Africa

There is good luck, bad luck, and Africa's luck. At a time of undreamed-of political gains — apartheid crumbling, wars ending, tyrannies tottering — much of Africa is now beset by the worst drought in this century. The rains never came in January. Crop yields fell by 70 percent in normally bountiful South Africa and Zimbabwe. And as sure as August heat, hunger or death threaten a third of the 100 million people living in affected

countries of southern and eastern Africa.

The world has just begun to respond. UN agencies, having forecast the drought, did better than expected by obtaining \$850 mil-hon in promised aid from 30 governments. With improvised shuffling, U.S. aid agencies have come up with \$220 million in emergency food for the stricken. With energy and a ticum of luck, millions of lives can be salvaged and real catastrophe averted.

But who will mend the barren fields of

Africa? Emergency relief, however essential, risks encouraging dependency and cor-ruption; it is no substitute for sustained development programs.

Drought has become chronic in Africa, and there is little that Africans can do to change the weather patterns. But the depredations of nature are made worse by human failures. Africans lack drought-resistant seeds, deep wells and catchment dams. Price controls beggar farmers. Foreign lenders

pressure impoverished nations to export sur-plus food stocks to earn hard currency.

The poignant truth is that the world re-

sponds to images of shrunken flesh, but that eyes glaze over when long-term amelioration is proposed. Americans give understandable priority to economic distress at home, and other foreign crises compete with the drought for attention. Such is Africa's luck.

Even so, resignation in the face of such suffering is morally unthinkable. The administration and Congress need to assure timely arrival and effective distribution of emergency supplies. There is surely a case for urging the World Bank and the International Mone tary Fund to ease programs that give priority to eash exports. And with an eye to next year, it makes sense to increase rather than trim disaster aid funding in 1993, as the administration now proposes. So argue voluntary agencies now marshaling support for Africa. They are well ahead of an indifferent

public, but the tide is beginning to turn. Somalia, whose people are victimized by both drought and a mindless clan war, is finally getting attention. And the Security Council has approved Secretary-General Butros Butros Ghali's move to use UN forces to airlift food to the interior. The world is not helpless, nor are Americans wholly indifferent. All that is missing is leadership.

-THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Overburdened Economy

more than a year ago, the American economy is still in low gear. The figures published by the Commerce Department last week are further evidence of an extraordinarily weak recovery. During the three and a half years of the Bush administration, the economy has grown a little, but not as much as the population. Per capita GDP is lower now than in early 1989. Perhaps that has something to do with the pervasive pessimism that has oow become a major threat to George Bush's campaign for re-election.

He passed up his opportunity to put the country on a different track early in his term, before the recession, when he had the status of a oewly elected president and some time in which to work. Instead, in deference to the established ideas of his predecessor, he chose to change very little. Now it is too late for him to do much more than trust to luck — and luck, currently, is not serving him well. That is a lesson for the president who takes office next January. If he wants to move toward faster economic growth, he will have to move early. Modern economies do not grow without

a steady stream of investment, From 1950 to 1980, new investment - that is, investment net of depreciation - averaged nearly

Although the recession technically ended 8 percent of GDP. But it fell in the 1980s and now is limping along somewhere around 2 percent. That is clearly not enough. To improve performance, invest-

ment has to be increased. That presents a terrible dilemma. Raising investment will in the short term make things worse. It can be done only by cutting Ameri-cans' consumption. How? The most direct and effective way is a tax increase. That is why a president can afford to undertake it only early in his term, when there is a high probability that the benefits will begin to be

visible before his four years have run out.

A lot is happening in the economy, even in the absence of any change in public policy. Businesses are reducing their debts, banks are rebuilding their strength and the latest figures suggest that people are beginning to save a little more. That is the key reason for this very slow recovery: People are paying off their debts and doing some saving instead of rapidly raising the rate of spending as they have done in the past. Those are healthy trends for the future. But as long as the country continues to carry the burden of an enormous and uncontrolled federal deficit, the process of speeding up economic growth is likely to take a long long time.

- THE WASHINGTON POST.

Excusing Abuse in Burma

governments of Australia and Canada, for demanding that Borma's tyrannical State Law and Order Restoration Council live up to international standards of human rights and policial freedom. But then blame Burma's neighbors and trading partners - Thailand, the Philippines, Indonesia, Malaysia, Singapore, Brunez - for assuring the junta that it could continue to abuse its people.

Secretary of State James Baker forthright-ly urged the Association of Southeast Asian Nations to send the junta a "loud and clear" message: "Release all political prisoners immediately and begin a genuine dialogue aimed at rapidly transferring power to a democratically elected government." But Thailand's foreign minister bad the gall to

direction." His Filipino counterpart said hlithely that "we have to assume that the Burmese have their own reasons for keeping things the way they are."

Right direction? The brutalities of the

Burmese regime recently forced a quarter million Muslims to flee to Bangladesh. "The way things are" involves torture and detentions, including house arrest of the Nobel laureate Aung San Sun Kyi. The junta still will not concede the landslide democratic victory in the 1990 elections. ASEAN's "speak no evil" approach to an evil dictatorship shamefully betrays the people of Burma. Americans, at least, can take pride in their country's principled stand.

- THE NEW YORK TIMES.

A World Narcotics Court

jailbreak in Colombia send devastating messages about the inability of governments to control organized crime - and add new weight to the case for an international criminal court.

The bombing in Palermo that killed Paolo Borsellino, an anti-Mafia prosecutor, occurred only two months after the murder of Judge Giovanni Falcone. Both were part of a small group of Italian law enforcement officials working with Americans to prose-cute the moh. The assassinations suggest that the Mafia may have embarked on a campaign of violence in order to force the judges and prosecutors to back off.

The Mafia could well be emboldened by

events in Colombia. After drug cartels carried on a long campaign of kidnappings and bombings. Colombia's government promised not to extradite drug lords to the United States if they would surrender for trial in local courts. The violence subsided and eventually one of the most powerful cartel leaders, Pablo Escobar, turned himself in. But Mr. Escobar never went to trial.

Instead he persuaded Colombian officials to set him up in a comfortable jail of his own design, surrounded by guards of his own choosing. There he was alleged to have continued directing his drug business under official protection from his rivals. When the authorities sought to remove him to more secure quarters recently, he easily escaped. The apparent triumph of violence looks

the Colombian drug cartels are developing an albance with the Sicilian Mafia to dis

tribute cocaine in Europe. How to fight back? U.S. and Italian officials yow new efforts; Washington has sent planes to help Colombia search for Mr. Escobar. But there may be crippling limits to any approach that remains only bilateral. The time appears ripe for a further step: setting up an international court where drug traffickers too powerful for any single government

might be brought to justice.
Drug trafficking inspires virtually universal international condemnation, and a court set up to try drug cases need not violate any country's sovereignty so long as transfer of a case to the international tribunal remained voluntary.

Still, given the wide differences in legal process and philosophy among nations, creating such a court would be a complex task. An American Bar Association task force report sympathetic to the idea points out that participating countries would have to negotiate jurisdiction, rules of evidence, roles for prosecutors and judges, rights of

defendants and appropriate penalities.

Nor would all that work yield immediate dramatic results. Such a court would not address Colombia's primary problem of cap-turing Pablo Escober and holding on to him. At a minimum, however, the mere exis-tence of globally sanctioned judges and prosecutors could provide powerful moral support for governments that now despair of nating organized drug crime. As the traffickers seek extended alliances, an international court would give nations they victimize a way to stand together as well.

-THE NEW YORK TIMES.

INTERNATIONAL HERALD TRIBUNE KATHARINE GRAHAM, ARTHUR OCHS SULZBERGER
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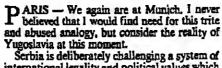
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Directeur de la Publication : Richard D. Simmons Chairman from 1958 to 1982: John Hay Whitney





international legality and political values which has given Europe and the West nearly 50 years of peace. As in 1938, the West European powers refuse to do anything serious to meet this chal-lenge. Unlike 1938, the public seems more realistic than its governments. But unless some Western leader takes courage and acis, this will end in something much worse than the tragedy we already confroot

The practical consequences of what Serbia is doing corrupt the existing European system and threaten to halt — possibly to destroy — the progress that Europe has made in economic and political unification during the past half-century, the great achievement of the postwar years.

But the West European accuracy and accuracy are the west European accuracy.

But the West European governments do no more than debate the fate of the 2.5 million refugees Serbia's aggression has already generated. Should they be admitted to originoring countries? That makes it easy for Serbia, and implicitly endorses the genocidal policy of ethnic

"cleansing" of conquered territories.

Those opposed to that demand a political solution. But it is obvious by now that there will be oo political solution until Serbia has what it

wants — and Croatia has the rest.

Western action to stop aggression, restore overrun borders, punish war crimes and defend the principles of international law would cause Western governments domestic political diffi-culties. It could be costly. It would involve military force. And Yugoslavia is a distant country of which most Westerners know little; its people have, after all, brought this on them selves; theirs is a brutal part of the world ... One hears today the very words spoken of Czechoslovakia in 1938, as the Chamberlain

government prepared to sell the Czechs out. But it is not Yugoslavia which is at stake. It is not even justice; justice rarely is served in such affairs. There has been little justice in Yugoslavia's past and will probably be little in its future. Milovan Djilas, the eminent Yugoslav writer and political dissident, a Montenegrin, wrote in his autobiography that generations of his family died at the hands of other Montenegrins. "My father's grandfather, my own two grandfathers, my father ... and his brother and my brothers

Europe Can't Afford to Appease Serbia

By William Pfaff

OPINION

.. it seems to me that I was born with blood on my eyes. My first sight was of blood, my first words were blood and hathed in blood."

It is European order which is at stake. Germany wanted Croatia's and Slovenia's recognition, and got it, touching off a campaign of visionary aggression that had been prepared by some Serbian intellectuals for a half-century, and awaken-

One hears today the very words spoken of Czechoslovakia in 1938, as the Chamberlain government prepared to sell the Czechs out.

ing a political paranoia which existed in the haunted memories and resentments of the Serbi-an people since they were defeated by the Turks in the Battle of Kosovo Field in 1389.

Today's invasion of Bosnia is part of a program for a Greater Serbia advocated by intellec-mals close to the tragic royalist guerrilla leader Dragoljub Mihajlovic, who was abandoned by the allies in World War II and executed by Tito in 1946. It expresses a Serbian expansionist ambition that undermined the prewar kingdom.

The Serb irregulars besieging Sarajevo today are led by three tenured university professors. They are destroying Sarajevo and Bosnia's other Muslim cities and villages, forcing more than 2 million people from their homes and homelands, in order — they say — to save Europe from the Turk. They are rying to redo the outcome of the Battle of Kosovo Field. Serbia itself, they contend, is a martyr-nation

also under concealed attack by a re-Nazified Germany that controls all of Europe, an imperialist and aggressive United States allied with this Germany, and a Vatican determined to destroy Orthodox Christianity. As if the Turks were not enough.
The Germans now have the refugees flooding

in, as do the Italians and Austrians — whose foreign minister, Alois Mock, demands military

intervention in support of UN decisions. "Law without power is absurdity," he says.

Since neither the other Europeans nor the Unit-

ed States will defend even the UN humani efforts, to say nothing of international law, Germans, and Austrians, feel themselves abandoned with this problem by their allies. The German press accuses the French of serving Serbian propa-ganda interests, and accuses the British — for calling fruitless conferences — of irrelevance.

This comes at a moment when the construction of Europe has already been undermined by the ill-considered and overambitious Masstricht treaty, objections to which have been mounting in all the major European states since the Danes named the major European states since the Danies times the treaty down in a spring referendum. It comes when Germany's reunification and the Cold War's end have overturned power relationships and perceptions in Europe, and when the United States stands at the edge of a return to isolation.

The British were piratically delighted to send a task force to the South Atlantic in 1982 to recapture the Falklands. The French take for granted the design and the aggres to enforce

sending the Legion and the paras to enforce order in West Africa. Both willingly seconded George Bush's obsession with driving Iraq out of Kuwait. Neither will do a thing to save Western Europe itself from a fundamental threat to European Company of the Europe itself from a fundamental threat to European Company of the European Company of t pean order and to Europe's future. That chal-lenge is too serious and the job too unpredict-able. Moreover, they do not have Washington to

The United States today has a president who for the most contemptible reasons of partisan advantage has reversed his own policy course and has committed the United States to refuse any Yngoslav intervention whatever — attacking his opponent, Bill Clinton, as "reckless" for pro-posing a minimal air intervention to protect UN humanitarian missions. The conqueror of Pana-ma and Kuwait wants re-election.

If Serbia is permitted to demonstrate that military force again rules in Europe, and that a genocidal ethnic policy will meet no effective resistance, reinstalling in the modern West a politics legitimated by millenarian hatreds and historic grievances, "Europe" is finished. The famous New World Order is finished, before it began. It is back to the old order. We will all be sorry, but it will be too late.

> International Herald Tribune. O Los Angeles Tones Syndicate.

Bush Ways The Candidate of Change: Without 1988 1991 1992

while running a big one.

a time of high energy.

Conservatives, it turns out, finished

their great projects in the early Resgan

years. They cut tax rates, built up the

military and curbed inflation. Then

they failed to answer the question:

What now? Those who say the Bush

years have been listless forget that Mr.

Reagan's second term was not exactly

Some conservatives wanted to get

their side moving again. The most ea-ergetic parts of the right — the Kemp

wing of the party, the policy specialists at the Hecitage Foundation, Bush staffer Jim Pinkerton and his New

Paradigmens — wanted conservatives

to fight for new programs, as well as

Interestingly, some of the language of these "big-government conserva-tives," as their critics call them, is redolent with New Left-speak about

"empowerment" and giving poor peo-ple more control over their own lives by reducing bureaucracies.

Mr. Kemp's proposals for tenant management of housing are not unfile what the New Let's organizer in poor neighborhoods were talking about in the early 1960s. No wonder

Mr. Kemp makes some of the more

old-fashioned conservatives nervous.

But there is a problem that the ac-

tivist conservatives have trouble deal-

ing with: Many of their most interest-

choice programs or tenant ownership.

oost money. There is no money,

thanks to the Reagan-Bush budget policies. And the one thing that every-body in the Kenn wing of the party agrees on completely is that there should be no tax increases. This must drive Budget Director

Richard Danman crazy. Some of the

very conservatives who most want him

new program initiatives in his are also the program to modest tax increases a couple of years back.

But hold on, say the true believers:

We don't want to layer our new pro-

grams on old ones. We want our new

programs to replace them.

But which programs will actually get cut? While some of the Heritage

types really would cut government a

oi, there is no evidence that the Re-

publicans who actually run things would. And here is the second under-

lying reason for the inertia of the Bush

years: Republican administrations

have been incapable of achieving the

budget cuts they need to match where

they think taxes should be - and that

is even before they propose any of

While Republicans blame this on

the Democrats in Congress, the Re-

publicans themselves have been un-

able to send up anything resembling a balanced budget. Most of the big-ticket items in the budget — farm

subsidies, social security, Medicare,

defense programs - are strongly

their new programs.

mitiatives, whether for school

for a new approach to government.

The Will By E. J. Dionne Jr.

WASHINGTON — It's too bad W for President George Bush. For four years he has had the makings of a real domestic program. He just didn't seem to realize it. As a result, Republicans are now groaning about what kind of message Mr. Bush can put together to save his presidency and rescue his party from disaster.

There is one person who did pay attention to some of the most interesting ideas floating in and around ad-ministration circles. His name is Bill Clinton, and the Democratic pominee gleefully stole some of the smartest Bush administration ideas while the president wasn't paying attention.

Mr. Clinton cannot stop talking about the importance of "personal responsibility and how a society with-out a sense of reciprocal obligation just cannot function. Some of the best speeches on that very subject over the last three years have been given by Mr. Bush's own secretary of health and human services, Louis Sullivan.

Mr. Clinton loves to tout the ideas of Jack Kemp, secretary of housing and urban development, about tenant ownership and management of public housing projects - and make fun of Mr. Bush for ignoring Mr. Kemp ex-cept when their break out. Mr. Kemp appreciates it: He once jokingly of-fered to campaign for Mr. Clinton in the Democratic primaries.

Mr. Bush speaks often about "school choice," which involves letting the parents of poor kids have some money to send their kids to private schools. Mr. Bush's education secretary, Lamar Alexander, has a slew of other ideas on how to improve schools. But, under questioning recently, the president left the impression that he did not understand the details of his own choice program. In the meantime, Mr. Clinton has long been an advocate of school choice, but limited to the crat to look innovative while still satis-

fying the teachers' unions. The point is not that Mr. Clinton is plagiarizing Mr. Bush's ideas. Mr. Clinton has lots of ideas of his own

But there is no money, thanks to the Reagan-Bush budget policies.

that Mr. Bush would hate, like raising taxes on the rich. But as a devotee of actually using government to solve problems, Mr. Clinton has been paying close attention to a decade-long dialogue among left, right and center over new to washen.

Many of the "Bush-Chnton" ideas grow out of those discussions.

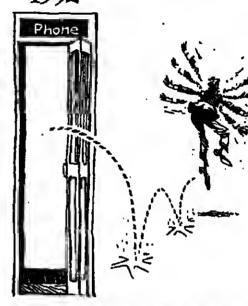
In the meantime, the Republicans in general, and President Bush in particular, have been intellectually asleep, figuring that they could get by on the slogans Ronald Reagan used in 1980. Conservatism in power has been unable to use its own best ideas bocause its approach to government has become incoherent.

Mr. Bush, of course, insists that he has a "reform" apenda --- and he cites many of the above programs to prove the point. It is those horrible Democrais in Congress, he says, who have wrecked everything. But the truth is that when Mr. Bush runs through the catalogue of his domestic programs. he does it with all the excitement and thematic coherence of someone reviewing a hardware store shopping list for a tile-repair job.

In fairness, Mr. Bush's difficulties are not simply his own; they are also

Phone Phone





who talk about small government backed by Republican constituencies who benefit from them. In the absence of cuts in these areas - pretty big ones — there is no room for new imitiatives, no room for new tax cuts, and thus, perhaps, no room at the White House for George Bush.

No wonder Mr. Bush does not much like domestic policy. And it gets worse: Republicans love to talk about certain social issues, notably, crime, family breakdown, welfare decendency. They like to say that these problems have got worse, and hang the

Bush, like conservatism itself, is torn several ways. The message is mixed.

blame on the liberals. But wait a minute: Liberals haven't been in the White House for the last 12 years.

Where were the Reagan-Bush welfare-reform programs? What do Remain a report to do to help faurant You Republicant have proposed. new penalties for federal cames, but most of the street cames people warry about have nothing to do with federal law. And have you heard much lately

about the "war on drugs"? Mr. Bush does like to tout his "weed and seed" anti-crime program — weed out criminals, seed promising community programs for youth, education and job training. It is actually a good idea. The problem is that there is very little money in his budget for this program, and (here he comes again) Mr. Clinton is for many of the same things, has been for a long time, and wants to spend more than Mr. Bush.

Mr. Bush, in short, cannot possibly win his fight with Mr. Clinton as long as the debate is structured as it is now because Mr. Clinton really believe in

—nay, gots excited by — government
programs, and Mr. Bush sends the ssage that he doesn't at all. As a believer in government, Mr. Clinton can take new initiatives wher-

ever he finds them, left, right or center. With his commoopia of programs, he seems, to put it chantably, at least as indifferent to balancing the federal budget as Mr. Bush has been. But since when did Americans elect Democrats to balance the budget? Mr. Bush, like conservatism itself, is

tom several ways. The message is mixed Sometimes he attacks big government and big spending. Other times he pushes his own government programs. When that doesn't work he tries to use the social invest to show ries to use the social issues to change the subject. None of it works anymore. Some Republicans still seem to think that Mr. Bush can win by making small adjustments and raising large doubts about Mr. Clinton, A more realistic view is this: For Mr.

Bush to have even a shot at winning

re-election, he has to make inconve-

nient choices and decide what kind of conservative he wants to be. Mr. Bush, sensibly from his point

of view, will be fighting for a new Republican Congress. To make that work, he will have to tell voters, as Harry Truman did, what he would have his Congress do. If he really wants to run as an

anti-government conservative and honestly attack Mr. Clinton with drose dred but seemingly serviceable words, "tax and spend" — he has to embrace the truly dramatic spending cuts he has avoided up to now. If he wants to try to steal back some of his best programs from Mr. Clinton, he has to show how he will pay for them and explain what programs they will replace. If he is serious about these pro-

grams, he will have to do more than present them as little "demonstration" projects that help tiny num-bers of people in the interests of large quantities of press clippings.
And if he wants to make welfare and
the family big issues, he has to tell us
what he would account to about them in the next four years.

President Bush, in other words, needs to show that he believes in some things as strongly as Mr. Sullivan, Mr. Kemp and Mr. Alexander seem to. If the president fails to do this, he may find himself in 1993 watching President Clinton take credit for the best parts of what might have been the Bush program.

Mr. Dionne, author of "Why Ameri-cans Hate Politics," writes about poli-tics for The Waxhington Post.

In the '90s By Leslie H. Gelb N EW YORK — We all know that the world has undergone a revolution. Equally evident, U.S. foreign policy has hardly adapted. But no one has added up the new facts, or clearly demonstrated the gap be-tween the new realistics and U.S. 18.

At Security

A New Look

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tween the new realities and U.S. responses or pointed to eminently deable ways of bridging that gap andirestoring U.S. strength and leadership—until now.

The job was done by a bipartisan commission of government veterans headed by Winston Lord, former U.S. ambassador to China and State Department planning chief. The Carnegle Endowment for International Peace (of which I am a trustee) sponsored the enterprise.

The commission's report is an anthology of hard facts and good sense. It lays out where the United States and others must spend more money to avoid disasters. It also shows how to pay the new bills. Arguing from the new realides, the commission recommends these spending priorities:

Population. The crowded earth already peopled by about 5.5 billion

ready peopled by about 5.5 billion will groan under about 8.5 billion by 2025. This growth will overwhelm, governments, resources and the envi-ronment. The cures are economic growth and education. But the Reagan and Bush administrations have not helped. They stopped contributions to family planning efforts abroad because of false lears about

promoting abortion.

Refugees. The international homeless total reached 18 million in 1991, and grows faster each year. The main causes are war and poverty. Costs are staggering: \$7 billion yearly just for those seeking political asylum.

those seeking political asylum.

Peacekeeping and peacemaking. The flood of refugees will grow and so will threats to peace unless collective socurity is strengthened, and quickly. United Nations forces now stand guard in a dozen places at an annual cost approaching \$3 billion. That fig., ure will have to be at least doubled and a standing United Nations force established to prevent what could become rampant anarchy.

Economic development. Aid to and trade with poor nations are a matter of self-interest to rich ones. U.S. trade with developing nations has been increasing faster than with any other group of nations and already is 35 percent of all American exports. Trade as a percentage of U.S.
GNP has doubled to 25 percent since 1970. Making the poor richeris the best way to prevent refugees and recreate oew exports and wealth for the second se The environment. The tab for mak-

ing good environmental practices afordable for poor countries (and for wealthy oors as well) will be in the billions yearly. But the costs of doing little to control greenhouse warming gases and deforestation would be ta-imaginably higher. And dealing with environmental problems will create jobs and growth. Also with attention to hard facts,

here is how the commission proposes to raise the necessary money — and ties and budget deficit reduction: Promoting economic growth through freer trade. This is the surest and

cheapest means to pump up economies. For the United States, every additional \$1 billion in exports produces 20,000 jobs. The leaders of the industrial world have become so mesmerized by economic gimmicks and so mired in domestic politics that they have falled for years to press ahead on the freer-trade front.

Cutting military expenditures.
Worldwide spending for arms and armed forces reached \$1.2 trillion in 1988, and if promises are kept it will decline to about \$800 billion by 1996. 1988, and if promises are kept it will The commission wants to bring this down by an additional \$200 billion, which seems reasonable given the de which seems reasonance given the cline of transpational threats. For the United States alone, this could generate savings of \$90 billion annually after five years.

Raising energy taxes. U.S. energy efficiency is about half that of Western Europe and Japan. Inefficiency adds to the trade deficit and undermines competitiveness and security. Higher prices are central to efficiency, and U.S. gas taxes are one-eighth Western Europe's and one-fourth Japan's. The commission calls for inpan's. The commission calls for in-creases of up to \$1 per gallon, over time and with help for the needy.

This package of proposals pro-foundly redefines U.S. national security - away from military concerns and toward a new agenda. And yet it is manageable and affordable. It does not call for a political or governmen-tal revolution, only for leadership. The New York Times.

IN OUR PAGES: 100, 75 AND 50 YEARS AGO

1892: A Channel Swim? LONDON - Professor Jules Gau-

tier is now in training at Folkestone, preparatory to an attempted swim across the Channel. He believes that, if a time could be chosen to suit the Channel currents, the passage could be made in about fourteen hours, and without any abnormal fatigue to a trained swimmer. He will shortly attempt to swim from Folkestone to Dover with his hands and feet tied, and then either join another man in his proposed swim or enter upon the feat alone.

1917: British Progress

PARIS - With the rain falling in torrents and the battlefields of Flanders veiled in a dense mist, the guns yesterday [Aug. 2] resumed their work of destruction, and late in the day the volume of firing was rapidly swelling. Sir Douglas Haig sends the news that on Wednesday evening the British troops, after retiring from

their newly won advanced positions on a short front near the Ypres-Roulers railway, made a counter-at-tack in which they regained the ground lost, completely restoring the line won in Tuesday's attack.

1942: Cherbourg Foray LONDON - IFrom our New York

edition: | Swift British motorboats dashed across the Channel last night [Aug. 1] and, defying the German shore defenses at close range, sank two German motor torpedo boats off Cherbourg in the minth sea fight along the French invasion coast in less than three weeks. The foray, it was said in official quarters, so con-fused the Germans that the Nazi naval units shot at their own torpedo boats, and German shore batteries also started firing at their own seamen. As this extraordinary phase of the operation developed, the British disengaged themselves from the action and watched the

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With Rabin, Talks Can Get Moving New York — In a few days, President Rabin will be meeting at a moment of rare Pulling my leg or putting me on notice. Probability is strong enough to start a war with It and maintain itself long enough to tr

opportunity for progress toward peace in the Middle East. Secretary of State James Baker's patient and thoughtful diplomacy has created the oegotiating framework.

The collapse of Soviet power and the defeat of Iraq have reduced, if not eliminated, a confrontational option for radical Arab states. The moderate Arab governments, especially in the Gulf, have been disillusioned by the Palestinian conduct during the Kuwait crisis. They are no longer so ready as heretofore to support extreme demands; in their heart of hearts they may even see some benefits in a regional military counterweight to extremist regimes. And the Israeli elections have produced a leader capable of making the necessary decisions.

Mr. Rabin's predecessor, Yitzhak Shamir, had raised important security concerns, especially with respect to final borders. But Mr. Shamir's hostility to any territorial concessions whatever ran counter to the basic premise of the peace process, which has been to trade land for peace. These prograstinating tactics guaranteed constant frictions with America, Israel's only reliable friend. In the end, Israel became the prisoner of a peace process in which it refused to contribute.

Mr. Rabin is in a strong position to break this deadlock. A distinguished military leader, he understands Israel's essential security requirements. His people know that the man who was the hard-line defense minister during the inti-

But if formal peace is not yet possible, peaceful coexistence is attainable and. with wisdom on all sides, should prove negotiable.

fada cannot be seduced by slogans. He will navigate between facile rhetoric about peace and intransigence in the guise of theology.

Israel has no better analytical mind than Yitzhak Rabin. If any of his interlocutors are counting on influencing him by charm or legal-istic skill, they are heading for disillusionment. Small talk is not his forte; personal charm oot his specialty. Redundancy taxes his patience; the commonplace does not capture his atten-

tion. He is as tenacious as he is intelligent.

In 1975, during Mr. Rabin's first term as prime minister, he once gave me a list of 12 Israeli points for Egyptian President Anwar Sadat's consideration. The Egyptians accepted 10 of them, leaving only two items that seemed to me relatively minor. When I took this "accomplishment" to Jerusalem, Mr. Rabin's reac-tion was deadpan: "Why have you let us down?" I am not sure to this day whether he was

find Mr. Rabin a jolly companion on their journey through the thickets of Middle East diplomacy. But he is relentless in separating the chalf from what is essential. These qualities will oow stand him in good stead, for the protagouists need to disenthrall themselves from the

attitudes that have produced the impasse. For nearly half a century, Palestinians have hitched their policy to the hope that in the end they would be able to generate a combination of international and Arab pressures to destroy the state of Israel. For international pressures, they counted largely on the Soviet Union, with some help from Western Europe; for Arab pressures, they relied at various times on Egypt, Syria or Iraq. And since the Palestinians have had a veto over Arab pressures after all the over Arab peace plans—they were, after all, the most aggrieved Arab party—these plans have shared preconditions that Israel could only ful-

fill by giving up its essence.
Faced with these attitudes, Israel adopted procrastination as the best strategy. Israel's first prime minister, David Ben-Gurion, noted in his diary a remark by the Israeli diplomat Abba Eban: "An armistice is sufficient for us. If we chase after peace, the Arabs will demand

of us a price — borders or refugees or both."

The way the peace process evolved seemed to confirm this judgment.

In 1947, Israel's Arab neighbors went to war rather than accept the Jewish state. In the '50s and '60s, some of them began to move toward accepting the 1947 frontiers but not those that existed. For example, in 1954, Egyptian Presi-dent Gamai Abdel Nesser demanded that Israel retire to the frontier of the United Nations partition plan of 1947 — that is, to reduce Israel, as it then was, to about 40 percent of its size and leave Jerusalem an internationalized city surrounded by Arab territory.

Similarly, Anthony Eden, speaking also for the United States, recommended a compromise between the 1947 frontier and that which exist-ed (which we oow describe as the 1967 frontiers). In the '70s and '80s, the United States and some moderate Arab regimes, although not the PLO, accepted the 1967 frontiers but once again balked at those that existed.

In the face of these constantly improving offers, Israel had oothing to lose and much to gain from procrastination. It emphasized procedure, especially direct talks at the head of government level. But there was oo interlocutor available for the Palestinian side, an Arab summit having assigned that role to the PLO, with which Israel refused to negotiate. Israel also developed an exalted definition of the word "peace," endowing it with an apocalyptic and comprehensive quality incapable of being achieved in a single negotiation. All this has doomed negotiations about Palestine. Both sides have new incentives to modify

their attitudes. For the foresecable future, oo major foreign country is in a position to arm an attack on Israel, or to support a policy of confrontation diplomatically. No Arab country is strong enough to start a war with Israel and maintain itself long enough to trigger outside intervention.

Arab handicaps are not, however, automatic Israeli gains. Israel is sufficiently powerful to maintain the status quo indefinitely by force.

The focus would shift from land for peace to land for time — to see whether patterns of coexistence can be developed.

But it is not self-sufficient enough to sustain the moral and political isolation that such a course would incur.

America is becoming more isolationist and more protective of its resources. The readiness to run military risks in faraway countries will diminish in a multipolar world in which doc-trines of collective security and UN actions rule the day. Israel can afford to go it alone only as

an absolutely last resort.

Thus, both sides are facing a rare window of opportunity — or maybe even of oecessity.

The Palestinians must realize that Israel is here to stay. Israel has learned —in the hard school of American pressure — that a deadlock for which it can be blamed courts moral, political and economic isolation.

and economic isolation.

A comprehensive agreement settling all issues is not negotiable at this stage. Neither Israel nor the Palestinians can decide on final frontiers. They cannot agree on the future of Jerusalem. Israel is not ready to accept a fully sovereign Palestinian state, while the Palestinian state. ians cannot make a final settlement in the absence of a sovereign state.

But if formal peace is not yet possible, peaceful coexistence is attainable and, with wisdom on all sides, should prove oegotiable. Tranquillity will not come to the Middle East on the basis of unenforceable legal documents.

The peoples of the region will be able to hreathe easier only when Israelis and Palestinians have learned to live together in dignity on

a day-to-day basis. In the nearly 50 years of its existence, Israel has stood unrecognized and ostracized by oeighbors who, a year ago, were cheering when Iraqi Scud missiles fell oo Israel's major cities. For 25 years the Palestinians have lived under Israeli occupation, deprived of what a proud people consider dignity.

Their mutual opportunity now is to negotiate an interim agreement dedicated to learning to live together, and to leave a final settlement until that possibility has been tested. To such an end, Israel will have to grant genuine self-government to the largest possible area of the West Bank in keeping with reasonable security objectives. For the Palestinians, it implies settling for something less than full sowereignty thing for something less than full sovereignty
— although it should usher in substantial con-

trol over all the civilian aspects of their lives.

They oeed to be wise enough to understand that once a self-governing entity exists, further

Israel's risk with limited sovereignty is much greater than that of the Palestinians; it should be taken as Israel's contribution to blunt animosities and grievances. In such a negotiation, the focus would shift from land for peace to land for time - time to see whether patterns of coexistence can be developed.

Since limited sovereignty could turn into a time bomb, serious attention will have to be paid to Israel's security concerns. Because any self-governing unit may evolve increasing attributes of sovereignty, the 1967 borders are not compatible with Israel's security. No Israeli leader can settle fur frontiers that would establish a corridor only nine miles (15 kilometers) wide between Haifa and Tel Aviv. and leave those two cities within mortar range and Jerusalem within rifle range. Therefore, the area of self-government should exclude areas essential for Israel's security. Given the distribution of the population on the West Bank, this could still leave most of the Arab popula-

tinn of the West Bank under Arab control. There are negotiating gimmicks to avoid this step. If the whole West Bank were included in the self-governing area, it might be possible to divide it into security zones with varying degrees of Israeli military control. It would be far wiser, however, to avoid stirring up future trouble by such a complex approach. For the next phase, Israel should be responsible for the external security of the antonomous region; the Palestinians for internal security, with a gray area where the two considerations merge.

The precondition of an interim agreement is Israeli generosity in granting all but complete self-government, and Palestinian acceptance of provisions for Israel's security concerns.

The role of the United States is as delicate as it will be decisive. Without Secretary Baker's perseverance and imagination, the options described here would not he conceivable. His success has made it necessary to redefine America's role. Until now the American influence depended on pressure to organize a conference. Because Israel seemed to be dragging its feet, it was not unreasonable to emphas conflicting views - even if occasionally the disagreement grew too exuberant.

At the present stage of the peace process, however, a prior agreement between Israel and the United States regarding the framework of an interim agreement is imperative.

Israel will drag its feet so long as it fears that any concession might open the floodgates to ever escalating demands in the direction of the 1967 borders and internationalization of the old city of Jerusalem. Israel will have to know the point beyond which it will not be pushed.

The Palestinians will delay so long as they can hope to add American pressures to their own. They will have to be convinced that the United States will not press for more than selfgovernment at this stage.

The issues of final frontiers and the future of Jerusalem are oot central to the negotiation outlined here. What needs to be agreed on are the borders of the self-governing unit, the defimition of self-government, and the nature of the Israeli security role in the self-governing area. As for Syria, the same approach could be

used. To keep open the principle of an eventual overall settlement, an interim agreement might be negotiated on the Golan Heights involving some adjustments of territory. Syrian President Hafez Assad is likely to prefer this to a formal peace agreement, which in any event he will conclude only after the Palestinian issue is finally resolved

In such an agreement, Israel gains by eliminating the sense of permanent tension; the Palestinians gain dignity and the prospect for further evolution. Yitzhak Rabin and George Bush thus have a chance not given many leaders: to make a real difference on the road to peace in a brief period of time.

Los Angeles Times Syndicate.

VISA MAKES THE WORLD GO ROUN Visa's sponsorship is helping athletes from around the world prepare for the Olympics.

Israel Has Opened a Window, Rabin Is Gauging the Winds

By Gideon Rafael

Prube Minister Yıtzhal Rabin is the sort of military-leader-turnedstatesman who recognizes the limitations of military power, plans carefully his diplomatic moves, advances after having secured his positions at home and abroad, and scrutinizes meticulously the moves, motivations and capabilities of his adversaries,

Mr. Rabin's resoluteness is mitigated by circumspection. His methodic mind is given more to analysis, sometimes on the dogmatic side, than to innovative synthesis. His sensibleness is not always matched by sensitivity, creating an impression of abruptness and remoteness in his relations with friend and foe.

 His determination appears to the casual observer as inflexibility. Yet his sense of pragmatism and realism preserves him from entrenching himself in sterile intransigence, immune from

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outside influence and energetic persuasion.

Mr. Rabin is not a high flyer soaring in the upper regions of vision. He prefers the firm ground of visible and tangible evidence. He proceeds prudently, whether leading the army

The possibility that nuclear weapons will be introduced into the Middle East in the coming vears is a very grave and negative development.'

or the nation, conscious of the weight of responsibility for its fate resting on his shoulders. His guideline is the national order of priorities that he presented in the electorate and that gained him its support. Before embarking on its new road, his government had to disengage the country from the one and only national priority pursued by his predecessor: to extend Israel's sovereignty over the West Bank and Gaza by a massive settlement drive, a policy that had paralyzed the economy of the country, impeded the peace process, reduced the flow of immigrants and encumbered relations with the United States and the rest of the world.

In a swift move, the new government curbed the frantic building activity in the territories, thus clearing the way for progress on the neglected domestic and foreign fronts.

L. Refreshing mobility replaced stilling stagnaion. In their first week in office, Prime Minister Rabin and Foreign Minister Shimoo Peres discussed with Secretary of State James Baker in Jerusalem the future course of the peace negotiations and the long-deferred loan guarantees for the absorption of immigrants. In the same week, the prime minister conferred in Carro with President Hosni Mobarak to establish a relationship of confidence and cooperation.

President George Bush, who had not received Mr. Shamir for more than two years, sinvited Mr. Rahin in the first month of his premiership to discuss with him the reinvigoration of the slackening relations between the two conotries and the acceleration of the somnotent peace negotiations.

In presenting his government, formed in record time, to the Knesset Prime Minister Rabin outlined his program of peace, security, social and economic renewal and immigrant reallocation of resources.

"This government," he declared, "is determiced in do everything possible, and more, for the sake of national and personal security, to achieve peace and in prevent war. The possibility, he explained, "that ouclear weapons will be introduced into the Middle East in the coming years is a very grave and negative development ... It requires us to give further thought in the urgent need to end the Arab-Israeli cou-lict and live in peace with our Arab partners. Reverting in the same subject a few days later

it. "The danger of introducing nuclear arms into evolution is inevitable. Friendly nations all the Middle East is one of the most central issues over the world will surely enhance its status. that concerns the survival of Israel ... One of the means of facing these dangers is international cooperation which the United States must spearhead, helping reduce the friction in the Arab-Israel conflict by promoting peace wherever pos-sible. The security of Israel does not depend on two kilometers here or one kilometer there, but rather on what awaits us ... A lot depends on what we do in the area of peacemaking and the attainment of international assistance, led by the

United States along with other elements, in the struggle against nuclear arms proliferation."

Realization of the looming threat of proliferation in one of the most volatile regions of the world is the driving force that makes Rabin run. He reckons that this threat could materialize in this decade, the last of the outgoing century.

Two undertakings are occided to avert it:

igorous efforts to create conditions of stability in the Middle East by peaceful accommodation of the conflicting interests, and a sustained resolve to prevent the spread of weapons of mass destruction and their ballistic delivery systems. Attainment of these two interdependent objectives can he achieved only by an

energetic engagement of the United States.

The end of the Cold War with all the resulting hlessings, especially cessation of the superpowers' nuclear confrontation, has also raised a new bane: trafficking in nuclear, chemical and biological materials and technologies destined for production of weapons of mass destruction. In the absence of a credible superpower deter-rent — which only the United States, in conjunction with its nuclear partners, can provide — the ouclearization of the region from Iran to Algeria is likely to reach the stage that the nuclear strategists used to call MAD - mutual assured destruction. Only a firm U.S. commitment to countervailing nuclear deterrence can

prevent the descent into catastrophe. Experience has shown that peace and stability in the Middle East cannot be secured without American underwriting. The United States is not called upon to impose a pax americana, but to assist the negotiating parties to reconcile their differences, offering them incentives and guarantees that they are unable by themselves

to concede to each other.
As Cardinal Richelieu abserved three centuries ago, the art of negotiation "most be a permanent activity and not merely a hurried operation." Prime Minister Rabin is convinced that progress in the Arab-Israeli negotiations can be assured only by the continuity and regularity of their conduct within a set framework. Talks every three months, three days a week from 9 to 5, changing the location like a traveling road show accompanied by a plethora of microphone- and camera-wielding reporters, have little chance to succeed. What the negotiators need are not more

loudspeakers by better hearing aids.

Mr. Rabin, having served his diplomatic apprenticeship as ambassador in Washington, is not only fond of the presidential style of governance but also aware of the vital role America must play in the making of peace, prevention of regional nuclear anarchy and preservation of Israel's ability to cope with its immense and inspiring task of building its nation and defending it. His forthcoming meeting with the president of the United States and other leading figures offers him the opportunity to dispel misunderstandings and close ranks. An Israel reas-sured of American understanding and support is a more amenable peace negotiator than an isolated Israel, defiant in self-reliance.

Prime Minister Rabin has opened a longbarred Israeli window to the world. He is entitled to expect that the new winds of change will be positively assessed and in particular be welcomed in the Arab world.

The writer, a former director-general of the Israeli Foreign Ministry and ambassador to the United Nations, contributed this comment to the International Herald Tribune.

White South Africans Begin To See What Blacks Endured

New York Times Service DIEPSLOOT, South Africa - After 32 years on land where he raised his children and buried his parents in the shade of the blue gum trees, Wilhelm Harris was told in June to pack up his family and be gone. The Harrises are being dispossessed to make way for the white government's latest social engineer-

Their plight is familiar enough to the 3.5 million blacks, Asians and mixed-race South Africans uprooted since the 1950s in the cause of racial partition. The difference is that the Harrises are white, middle-class Afrikaners, whose niche apartheid was invented to

Their shady 50-acre (20.2-hectare) homestead here, just oorth of Johannesburg's sprawl, has been expropriated along with six others so the government can resettle thousands of bomeless blacks from a squatter

The prospect of a black shantytown has sown panic among whites living nearby, who fear crime and plum-

meting property values. The conflict is watched with intense interest as a precursor of the greater reckoning between white wealth and hlack poverty that seems inevitable as the

country leaves apartheid behind. The relocation scheme has given rise among previously complacent whites to a confusion of emotions: bewilderment at their betrayal by a government created in their own image, fear of being engulfed by the African realities apartheid had kept at bay, injustice among the many who claim to have opposed apartheid all along; and in some, a first, half-conscious intima-

majority all those years. "There's your new South Africa," a beery white gentleman farmer was overheard to grumble at a meeting of Diepsloot residents recently. "Now every-

tion of what it must have been like for the hlack

one's a kaffir."
"Kaffir," derived from the Arabic word for infidel, is the South African equivalent of "nigger."
That meeting, in the thatch-roofed bar of the Foot-

loose Trout Farm, crackled with the kind of charged talk never heard when apartheid held everything in place: talk of state tyranny and trampled human rights

and the cruelty of race-based social planning.

long, stalwarts of the save-apartheid right wing were in the vicinity offering their opinions to the press and their services to the residents in a showdown against the black encroachment.

But the people of Diepsloot are not the gun-sling-ing messianic racists of South African caricature. They are comfortable, politically apathetic and painfully eager to be understood as bumane, open-minded

people.

They elected a liberal to Parliament. They voted "yes" in the referendum in March on continuing the transition to majority rule. They are quick to possible the people of the p the two wealthy black merchants who recently bought homes in Diepsloot - and who also oppose the

True, some angry residents have organized a secre-tive "dirty tricks bunch" to plot resistance, and the other day someone dumped a load of pig excrement on the front steps of Randburg City Council, one of the municipalities that favor the squatter plan.

But for the most part these whites weapons of choice are lawyers and faxes to President Frederik W. de Klerk.

Africa we have to rectify apartheid," said Linda Honegger, 35, whose life savings are sunk in a five-acre spread near the intended black settlement. "We realize that these people need homes. We are incredibly sympathetic to them. We're nnt saying we reject blacks, we're saying give them proper homes." A few miles to the northeast in Zevenfootein, where

the black squatters now dwell in a windswept hillside camp of corrugated shacks and Red Cross tents, most residents are skeptical of white sympathy. But Mathole Motshegka, a lawyer affiliated with the

African National Congress who represents the squatters, said be had some hope of making common cause with the whites of Diepsloot in press the government into providing real housing at the new settlement. What authorities have in mind is a low-budget

relocation under the euphemism "site and service," which means the black families will be given no shelter, sewers or electricity, only 30-by-60-foot plots of land where they can put up shacks, and access to communal water tanks and chemical toilets.

"If these people are sincere when they say they are only against squatting, that they want proper communities, then there is oo reasoo we cannot find common Calls arose for "mass action," and when the beer stirred the bravado, a few men talked of guns. Before if they say it they can be held to it."

STRIKE: Government Talks to Resume, Mandela Says

(Continued from page 1)

time the UN Security Council has sent observers to monitor such a domestic event as a general strike. Mr. Mandela indicated that he xpects a special UN envoy, Cyrus R. Vance, who completed a 10-day, fact-finding mission here Friday, to propose the dispatch of a broader international monitoring team to South Africa shortly.

He said the Bush administration had sent him a "suggestion" that such a group should comprise rep-resentatives from the United Nations, the Commonwealth and the Organization of African Unity. He wants to broaden it further to include delegates from the Islamic Conference Organization and the European Community, he said.

Such a broad-based internation- terms after a period in which Mr. al monitoring group should remain in South Africa "until a solution is found" to the problem of violence,

Although the ANC leader said repeatedly that it was "the positioo" of the Bush administration to send such a monitoring group, U.S. Embassy sources in Johannesburg said the issue was still under discus-

"We do not want to pre-empt what Vance might propose or what the ANC, government and other parties might decide to do," one source said.

Mr. Mandela reserved his most with whom he is barely on speaking public.

A new farming maxim:

Mandela spoke of a special rela-tionship with the president. Mr. Mandela said he had regarded Mr. de Klerk as "a man of integrity" in the early months of their dialogue following Mr. Mandela's release

from prisoo in February 1990. But Mr. Mandela said he had become disillusioned because he respond to his repeated appeals in 1990 that the president take action to halt the violence.

The final straw, he said, came in September of that year, when Mr. de Klerk approved changes in the law that permitted members of the ANC's archrival, the Inkatha Free-



HAPPY 100TH — Gin Kaniye, left, and Kin Narita responding to well-wishers in Nagoya, Japan, on the twins' 100th birthday. The great-grandmothers, both widows, have become celebrities in Japan, appearing on one TV talk show or another almost every day.

RUSSIA: Uneasiness Growing in Moscow Over Fate of Radical Reforms

(Continued from page 1)

The political shift in course has raised some alarm among radical reformers, who see the managers as products of the old command-economy with a vision of reform that differs from Mr. Gaidar's. They also fear that Western donors and investors could be put off if reforms were slowed.

But the shift has also met with considerable approval from across the political spectrum from people who see in the industrial managers a sorely needed source of compe-

The poll that found Mr. Rutskoi leading Mr. Yeltsin, published in Nezavisimaya Gazeta, found that half of those questioned were preers," compared with only 14 perpercent for Communists and 3 per-

Foreign Minister Andrei V. Kozyrev, one of the original members of Mr. Yeltsin's team, is also under attack from hard-liners, who accuse him of giving in too easily to the West, ignoring the interests of biting comments for Mr. de Klerk, dom Party, to carry weapons in ethnic Russians living outside Rus-

Russia's traditional allies, like Ser- neurs, who has joined in a bloc with self capable of political infighting, bia. There have been reports in Moscow that he is oo his way out.

Mr. Yeltsin has formally continued to support Mr. Gaidar as the acting head of government. But in June he named three industrial managers as deputy prime minis-ters, in effect curtailing Mr. Gai-dar's authority and confirming the industrial chiefs as an ascendant

More recently, the president appears to have drawn closer to Arkadi l. Volsky, head of the Union of Iodustrialists and Entrepre-

nled for Sept. 13.

Mr. Rutskoi and the Democratic Party. Named the Civic Union, the movement has declared itself a counter both to "reformist utopians" and "neo-Bolsheviks."

There is even talk that Mr. Volsky, a former department head in the Communist Party's Central Committee, could be named the next prime minister, though he has denied such ambioons and insists he is prepared to cooperate with the

Thai Army Chief Vows to Thwart Coups

has fought back. His spokesman, Aleksei V. Ulyu-

He argued that the reforms were showing distinct signs of success—that the economy was being loosened and market relations were

Mr. Gaidar, a former academic

kayev, recently rejected criticism in an interview with the weekly Argumenty i Fakty that the reforms had

forming, that many of the enterprises io trouble had to go in any case, that goods were reappearing. that people were adapting, and that the West was increasingly sympa-

> were discernible among small ieces of aircraft debris. Before thick clouds settled over the area Sunday, rescue workers had brought three pieces of wreckage to Katmando airport hy belicopter. The largest piece found was

Soldiers

In Nepal

Climb to

Crash Site

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches KATMANDU, Nepal — Nepa-

lese soldiers crawled on their hands

and knees Sunday up a rainy Hi-

malayan slope to begin retrieving the bodies of 113 victims of a Thai

Airways jetliner that had crashed

The Airbus A310-300 was carry-

ing 99 passengers and 14 crew

when it disappeared on an approach to Katmandu airport Fri-

day on a flight from Bangkok, Offi-cials said they were all feared dead

In China, meanwhile, officials

raised the death toll in the crash of

a China General-Purpose Airline

plane at Nanjing to at least 109

passengers and crew. The plane had 126 people aboard. The official Xinhua press agency reported Sunday that the Soviet-

made Yakovlev-42 vecred off

Wang Guangren, a spokesman for the Foreign Affairs Office in

coastal Jiangsu Province, said in-

vestigators had recovered the "black box" flight data recorder. He said it would be several days

before information on the cause of

In Nepal, investigators began collecting evidence from the crash site. They said they had recovered

the black box from the Airbus, but

were still far from determining the

cause of the crash. Aviation experts

from Airbus Industrie, the Europe-

an aviation consortium that builds

the Airbus, arrived in Katmandu

on Sunday along with officials from the French Transportation

A Nepalese television report, the

first from the scene, showed small

pieces of wreckage on a steep,

rocky slope. Two sheets of metal

the crash would be available.

debris, Xinhua said.

more than 4 meters long, according to one official. Thai Airways International's president, Weera Kitchathorn, quoted in the Bangkok Post on Sunday, said the pilot had reported technical problems to the Katmandu control tower and had received anat Apicharee assumes the post of supreme military commends.

50 or 45 percent," said Mikhail L. Berger, a political analyst for Izves-

tence and experience.

pared to back "experienced managfelt Mr. de Klerk had failed to cent who were for "democrats," 5 cent for nationalists.

ethnic Russians living outside Rus-sia's borders and of sacrificing by Anand Panyarachun, the Inter-sitions were Air Chief Marshal Ka-

im prime minister, to reduce mili-set Rojananil, the armed forces tary interference in politics and the chief; General Issarapong Noon-BANGKOK -- The new chief of economy. It should please foreign investors worried about political

the Thai Army, General Wimol Wongwanich, promised Sunday that there would be no military instability, coups as long as he was in charge, General Wimol's statement, is-The reshuffle was announced Saturday, five days after Mr. Anued after a purge of the military and received a report on the milihigh command, encouraged sup-porters of democracy, who said the tary's suppression of pro-democracy demonstrators in May. The change would improve the atmo-sphere for general elections schedmove had been expected, but not so

soon and not so sweeping.

pakdee, the army chief, and General Chainarong Noonpakdee, General Issarapong's cousin and the

man in charge of the main body of troops responsible for the May kill-Air Chief Marshal Gun Pimanthip takes over as air force chief, and Air Chief Marshal Wor-

supreme military commander.

(AP, Renters)

Bayer: Expertise with Responsibility.

Prevention is not necessarily better than cure.



Regular checks help the farmer determine if and when crop

A new kind of crop protection.

In former times prevention was often the only solution in crop protection, and indeed frequently helped to save the harvests. But some treatment was unnecessary; the principle of "a lot helps a lot" applied in those days.

But things have changed: now one can usually wait to see what is attacking the crops and how extensive the damage is likely to be. Only when things look threatening steps are taken, and then through specific application. In some cases crop protection products might not have to be used at all, when, thanks to modern diagnostic methods, it becomes clear that the damage will be limited.

Farmers did not have this possibility in days gone by, when prevention was certainly better than cure.

We would be happy to provide more information about our Crop Protection Business Group. Please write to Bayer AG, Public Relations Department (KI)

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As the refugee crisis in Yugoslavia worsened, Sadako Ogata, the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, discussed the global situation from her headquarters in Geneva with Barry James of the International Her-

Q. Yugoslavin and its refugees are in the news right now, but are they your biggest problems?

A. No. The broad picture is grim be-cause of its scale. In the Horn of Africa, for example, where there is a total displacement of people, the misery, starvation and poverty add another dimension to the refugee situation.

But some good things are happening, too. This is the first year of our decade of repatriation. In Cambodia, for example, we have already returned more than 65,000 people, which is about 20 percent of the total of Cambodian refugees. In Afghanistan about 2 million people have gone back out of the 6 million who fled to Iran and Pakistan.

Q. How many refugees are there in the

By Blaine Harden

quarter of their country lives under

Serbian occupation, refugees flood

in from neighboring Bosnia and

fascist-fringe candidates cry out for

revenge against Serbs, Croats went

to the polls Sunday for their first

national election as an independent

The vote comes 13 months after

Croatia seceded from Yugoslavia.

During the vicious half-year war

that followed secession, Croatia was pounded and divided by the

Serb-dominated Yugoslav Army.

sult, has wallowed in the backwash

of the war. Its focus has been na-

tionalism, revenge and regaining

First unofficial results are ex-

pected Monday. Final results were

not expected before the end of the

Complicating the outcome in a

assess the legitimacy of the vnte is a the pomp and symbolism of his

way that may make it impossible to

bizarre system of voter eligibility.

where on earth - who can prove he

or she had a parent born in Croatia

is digible to vote. A television com-

mentator said here Friday that as

many as 3 million votes may be cast

abroad; the results will be phoned

in to Zagreb from Croatian embas-

sics. Croatia has a population of

about 4.5 million.

It appears that any adult - any-

the land the Serbs took away.

The election campaign, as a re-

ington Post Service

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A. It's very hard to know, but I would say about 18 million.

Q. When you talk about repatriation, you are not suggesting that all those 18 million will be able to return home.

MONDAY O&A

A. I don't think so, because there will be some going home but there will be others coming out, I am afraid.

Q. Is what is happening in Yugoslavia likely to happen elsewhere?

A. Yes, What we are seeing now are increasingly the victims no longer of the Cold War but of ethnic conflicts, nationalism and tribalism. How to contain such conflicts is very important in, for example, parts of the former Soviet Umon such as Moldova and Azerbaijan. We have been sending missions to get information on those situations and we've also been providing legal advice and training relating to human rights and humanitar-ian law, as well as some emergency man-

Croatia's First Election as Free State

stranger elections we have seen in

Eastern Europe," said a Western diplomat based in Zagreb.

ethnic Croats living in neighboring

Bosnia-Hercegovina, also a former Yugoslav republic. Voting booths

for them were set up in Bosnia,

nominally a sovereign state, for the election taking place in a different

It appeared that the estimated 10

percent of the Croatian population

that lives in the Serb-occupied slice

Opinion polls, which are not

considered reliable, suggest that

the new president of Croatia will be

its current leader, Franjn Tudjman,

the nationalist historian and for-

mer Communist general whose

clumsiness last year in dealing with

Croatia's Serbian minority gave Belgrade an excuse to invade.

Mr. Tudjman, who remains vig-

country. Since he was elected

orous at age 70, is much taken with

in 1990, he has supervised the de-

sign of the ornate uniforms worn

He also has reintroduced a Cro-

atian flag and other nationalist

symbols whose historical resonance

terrified the republic's Serbs, who

make up 10 percent of the popula-

tion. Hundreds of thousands of

Serbs were murdered here during

by his presidential guard.

of Croatia were not able to vote.

Equally odd is the eligibility of

Hits Notes of War and Nationalism

Q. To what extent is Yugoslavia, with more than 2 million refugees already, draining resources from your other pro-

A. We have a series of special programs in order to meet the various needs. For example, in Angola, where we have a repatriation program, we have a \$26 million appeal which is not being met. Whether that is because those who wanted to give to Angola are giving to Yngoslavia I do not know. But even the Yugoslav appeal took a long time before a momentum was created

What is most difficult for us is the uman drain. Our human resources are limited, with much of our staff in Africa. Q. There is a debate in some European countries about whether to admit refu-

gees from Yugoslavia or assist them

where they are.

World War II by a Croatian state

that was a puppet of the Nazi occu-

Mr. Tudiman is so confident of

re-election that in recent interviews

he has referred to his victory and

that of his Croatian Democratic

Although Mr. Tudiman's frequent claim that he is the father of an independent Croatia can be

strongly supported, there is the

nagging fact that on his presiden-

tial watch one-quarter of Croatia

The opposition parties - 37 of

them — and 7 opposition candi-dates for president are using this

loss as the focus of their campaign

strategies, arguing that it is the main reason why Mr. Tudjman and his nationalists should be dumped.

There is virtually no other issue in

The Serb-controlled portion of

Croatia became a UN Protected

Territory last spring after Zagreb

and Belgrade signed a truce. Under the agreement, which has brought about 15,000 UN peacekeeping troops into Croatia, Serbian fight-

ers in the area are to surrender their

weapons, local police forces to be-

come multiethnic and refugees to

Thus far, however, the UN Pro-

tection Force has succeeded only in

getting the Serbs to surrender their heavy weapons.

was lost to Serbia.

the election.

Union party in the past tense.

A. I would say do both. Most of those refugees would likely prefer to remain as close to home as possible. It is really not practical for them to move far away to strange places unless they have friends or relatives already living abroad to help them. This means that most of the refu-

gees and the displaced are in the former Yugoslav republic, and this is where the largest amount of help will be needed.

At the same time, I would hope that the doors will be open for those who have been expelled for different reasons or who are victims of ethnic persecution and have had to cross international frontiers into countries such as Hungary, Austria and Germany. It is a question of temporary protection.

Q. As a Japanese citizen, you must be aware of the policies and attitudes of the group of developed countries to which your country belongs. What advice are you giving them?

A. The most important thing is that they put the refugee issue on the very, very important policy agenda. It has to be dealt with it, not only because it involves a humanitarian crisis but also because it is politically dangerous. Q. Why do you say that?

Because I have seen it. When you are dealing with refugees you really get to know the changing political scene in the world. We deal with those who are vic-

tims of change and inadequate policy controls in a world that seems to be out of control in many places.

Q. You don't think this has been generally realized? A. No. 1 don't think government offi-

cials or political leaders really realize the dangerous transition that the world is going through at a time of relatively weak O. To what extent has the refugee crisis

gotten worse over the past decade? A. It is much more serious now, because it is a crisis caused by social and political disintegration. But, as 1 said, there are repatriation opportunities. If adequate resources were given to conntries like Cambodian or Afghanistan there would be a chance for the refugees to go back and take part in national development, and for these countries to become more prosperous. We have two trends here, and both require a lot of resources and commitment and work. Q. These trends being the refugees

leaving and the effort to repatriate them?

A. Yes. Since they are both taking place simultaneously, we end up being

A Sarajevo Sniper Kills 2 Children On Orphans' Bus

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches SARAJEVO, Bosnia-Herzegoviaboard a bus evacuating orphans from Sarajevo over the weekend. and Muslim troops in the city pressed an offensive to try to break the Serbs' encirclement.

The children were among 50 being sent to Germans waiting in nearby Fojnica, who were to escort them to safety in Germany.

Responding to reports of atrocities in detention camps, meanwhile, the International Committee of the Red Cross in Geneva said it was trying to get access to all detention camps in Bosnia.

The New York newspaper Newsday published accounts of mass executions and starvation of prison-

Although it is hard to separate fact from fiction in reports of atrocities, it is generally recognized that goals of creating "ethnically pure" areas have unleashed acts of barbarism not seen in Europe since World War II.

The shooting of the children in the evacuation bus on Saturday was another example.

Hana Beganovic, an official of the charity Children's Embassy, said the unprotected bus was hit in "Sniper Alley," a boulevard on the way to airport that is terrorized by gunmen shooting from high-rise buildings.

Bullets smashed through the windows, killing Vedrana Glavaj, 3, and Roki Sulejmanovic, 14

Miss Beganovic said one of the girls had been orphaned during the four-month siege of Sarajevo by Serbs. The other had been aban-

doned by her mnther. The orphanage director, Vera Zoric, said Serbs manning check-points had told her that Serbian children would be removed from the bus hut that the others would be allowed to proceed to Fojnica.

"We won't let any more children go after this," she said. At least 8,000 people have died in fighting between Bosnia's war-ring Muslim, Croatian and Serbian communities, several hundred of them in Sarajevo. But Sarajevo residents felt the attack nn the orphans

where the orphans and their escorts took shelter after the shooting, said: "I understand this incident, why it happened. But I cannot accept it. When children are killed for no reason, something must

Mortar and artillery shells shook

the city overnight for the fourth successive night of a Muslim offenna - A sniper killed two children sive. Scores of people, including gunmen and civilian, have been killed in the fighting.

Muslim forces have been trying to capture the surrounding hills used by Serbian gun batteries to pound Sarajevo, where same

380,000 people are trapped. The Yugoslav press agency Tanjug reported clashes elsewhere in Bosnia as well. Serbs repulsed a joint attack by Croats and Muslims near Mostar and another at Kalinikov, south of Sarajevo, the agency

third of Bosnia's 4.3 million people before the war broke out, have overrun two-thirds of land. In a newspaper interview, the de-

fense minister of the self-pro-claimed Serbian Republic of Bosnia said Muslims had tiate for Swiss-style cantons for the diverse peoples of Bosnia-Herzego-vina. "The Serbs have liberated 90 percent of their territory and the Croats all, or more," he said. "The Muslims wasted a historic opportu-

Now the Muslims, he predicted. will be reduced to the central Bosnian area of Zenica and part of the Sarajevo region.

Commenting on the report of detention camp atrocities, a Red Cross spokesman, Claude Voillat, said the agency had visited a total of 4,000 people in five internment centers. He said all three factions - Serbs, Cross and Muslims had such camps.

In its report, Newsday cited accounts of mass killings and deliberate starvation of prisoners at camps in Omarska, in the northwest, and Breko, in the unrtheast of Bosnia-Herzegovina. A United Nations report pub-

lished last week said there were about 11,000 prisoners at Omarska. A separate document by the UN High Commissioner for Refugees cited accounts of guards at Omarska boasting that they would not waste bullets on their detainees, who have no food, water or shelter and who are beaten twice a

was particularly hornifying.
It cited nne guard as having said lvan Curcic, owner of a cafe prisoners would "starve like ani-It cited nne guard as having said mals.

Mr. Voillat would give no details on conditions in the camps that the Red Cross had visited so far. The agency rarely divulges information on what it finds, saying that discretion helps ensure more access. (Reuters, AP)



Sarajevo residents running their daily gantlet, crossing an intersection marked "Beware, Sniper."









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Rack in Fashion

Collars Back in Fashion To Cover Low Dollar Rates

By Tom Buerkle International Herald Tribune

ARIS - The historically low levels of short-term U.S. interest rates are easily the overriding factor in the financial markets today. By making it relatively unattractive to hold dollars versus Deutsche marks and by sending investors into stocks in search of better returns, low rates have pushed the dollar down near its all-law against the mark and appeared the coults market at the market and appeared the coults market and appeared the market and appeared the coults market at the market and appeared the coults market and appeared the market and appeared the coults market at the market and appeared the coults are the market and appeared the coults are the country and the coults are the country and the coults are the country and the country and the country are the country are the country and the country are the country are the country and the country are the country are the country are the country and the country are the coun low against the mark and supported the equity market at near-record

highs.

Low rates also present a challenge to investors who need or want to hold fixed-income dollar securities, and to underwriters who make their living by selling the stuff. Both sides have responded by moving to longer and longer maturities, where interest rates are still very high in real terms, and, increasingly, by engineering

flurry of issues last

special deals to enhance returns. The engineers had the upper hand in the Eurobond market last week dusting off snold technique to bring a flurry of insured last.

The idea was to estimate notes.

. The idea was to offer notes with an interest-rate collar: The rate can week. rise no higher than 10 percent, but

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go no lower than 5 percent. The floor rate was the critical element because it was significantly above the London interbank offered rate, the standard benchmark rate for floaters. London interbank offered rate, the standard benchmark rate for floaters. Six-month Libor was 3% percent on Friday. That made a 5 percent floor rate a juicy alternative, and enabled the four borrowers to tie the rates on their notes to the London interbank bid rate or an eighth of a percentage point below Libor, which are identical today. Without the floor, the banks would have had to pay at least a quarter point above Libor.

Collared floaters were last the rage in the mid-1980s, when borrowers were seeking protection from high and rising rates. But unlike those deals, the latest batch of notes were the first where the collar was already operative, or in the money, said Juan Costain, head of bond syndication at Kidder Peabody International, which revived the technique on Thursday with a \$200 million issue of 10-year notes for J. P. Morgan.

day with a \$200 million issue of 10-year notes for J. P. Morgan.

Mr. Costsin said the notes were selling mainly to private investors in Switzerland and the Benelux countries, as well as European money funds, who otherwise would be getting roughly 3 to 3.5 percent on deposits or certificates of deposit.

ROM THE BORROWER'S PERSPECTIVE, Morgan would be able to hedge out of the collar —effectively by selling the ceiling, a 10-year bet that rates will not rise above 10 percent — and end up with an actual borrowing cost around Libor, Mr. Costain said. The next-cheapest way to raise 10-year subordinated capital, selling fixed-rate bonds in the U.S. market and swapping the interest-payment obligation for floating-rate dollars, would have cost about an eighth of a point more,

Savings like that get noticed in the Euromarket, and a deal that Kidder spent a week trying to structure and sell was quickly copied in hours. By the end of the week, four deals worth \$700 million had been issued, and buyers who immediately snapped up Morgan's notes soon cooled to the

Ironically, one of the victims of the overkill was Morgan itself, which did not bring its own issue but was lead underwriter for the third deal, a did not bring its own issue but was lead innerwiner for the third deal, a \$150 million offering for Landeskreditbank Baden-Württemberg. Both that issue and a subsequent \$100 million offering by Société Générale were still being held in syndicate at the close on Friday. The Morgan notes and a \$250 million issue by Crédit Local de France eased sharply from their initial quotes but still ended the week at profitable levels for underwriters at around 100 and 99.60, respectively.

Elsewhere, issuing activity focused on the few markets that offer Bank of Japan's recent essing is expected to pull down long-term rates, and Canadian and Australian dollars, where economic weakness and low inflation have been doing the same.

Canadian and Australian bonds produced the best total returns interest plus price change — in July, at 4.60 percent and 3.56 percent, respectively, according to J. P. Morgan's index of government bonds. They were followed by the United States, at 2.40 percent, and Japan, at 2.37 percent. Canada still led when returns were translated into U.S. dollars, but Australia slipped to third behind Germany, which benefited from the mark's rise.

World Bank Weighs Global Mark Issues

The World Bank's high demand for Deutsche marks could lead to one or two global bond issues denominated in the German corrency this year, Bloomberg Business News quoted bank officials in Washington as saying "In the coming fiscal year, according to our current projections, there's a

large corp. asis on the Deutsche mark area, said Treasurer Jessica Einhorn.
More than 50 percent of the World Bank's expected \$13.6 billion borrowing
in the year endi. Inc 1993 could be in marks, which are needed to replace

m the year each. The 1999 could be in mans, which are needed to replace manning securities denominated in the German currency.

In addition, the World Bank is planning a yen global bond for the fall and a dollar denominated issue in January. Global bonds are sold simultaneously in all markets and trade according to the domestic market conventions of the currency of issue.

New Studies Deepen U.K. Economic Gloom

LONDON —Adding to recent gloom about the British economy, two reports prepared for release on Monday revealed that industrial orders and factory output were falling.

A somber survey by the Institute of Purchasing and Supply showed manufacturing, after a slight upturn earlier this year, slipped toward recession in July, "Manufacturing industry saw a halt to the five-month rise in manufacturing output, and a significant further fall in the level of new-orders," said Jim McColl, marketing services manager at the institute.

A report by the Oxford Economic Forecasting group saw the economy suffering a fall in output of 1.1 percent this year, because consumer confidence remained elusive.

In March, the government forecast the economy would grow I perc this year, marking the end of recession. But a postelection spark in economic activity witnessed in April and June seems to have fizzled.

The two surveys are likely to intensify pressure on the British government to act to help the economy, which is stack in the longest recession since the 1040-

Economists and industrialists said they feared that unless bank base lending rates, currently at 10 percent, were sharply cut, the recession would persist for a long period.

Amato Calls for Investment in Italy

BUSMESS

ROME - Prime Minister Ginliano Amato, his hand strengthened by a major accord on wage reform and an austerity package, appealed to foreign investors on Sunday to stop shunning Italian assets and the lira.

Worries about the economy, Mr. Amato's fragile government and fears of a devaluation have put the currency under pressure in recent weeks, forcing the Bank of Italy to intervene repeatedly.

On Friday, the Deutsche mark was fixed at 758.70 lire in Milan, up from 756.35 a week earlier. The MIB stock index, which begins every year at 1,000, ended at 792 on Friday.

The month-old government, which has a thin 16-seat majority in the lower house of Parliament, received a shot in the arm on Friday

In an appeal launched the day before international markets have a chance to react to the pact, Mr. Amaio told state radio: The most important point for the ftalian economy and for those who watch it from the international markets is that it must have a phase of tranquility to work, produce and be-

come competitive again. "From this point of view, what is decisive in this accord is what it makes possible for factories, companies, the industrial sector."

Friday's accord buried the cornerstone of ftalian labor relations since the 1950s, the so-called scala mobile system, under which wages were increased in line with the cost of living. Its abolition was the key element of Mr. Amato's attempt to Community partners.

Business executive led by Cesare Romiti, managing director of Fiat SpA, and Luigi Abete, president of the Confindustria employers group, said the time was right for an interest-rate cut. There had been speculation on financial markets on Friday that a wage accord would pave the way for a rate cut.

"The Bank of ftaly and the banks must not wait for the international markets to act on this recovered trust, but they must act as if this trust was already gained," Mr. Abete said. "They must steal a march on the markets, who must be pushed into making the most of the new sit-uation," Mr. Abete told the Corriere

della Sera newspaper on Sunday. Mr. Amato, however, said ftaly

with an accord to end automatic cut inflation and reduce the budget would have to trim its budget deficit wase indexation.

cut inflation and reduce the budget would have to trim its budget deficit to keep up with European before it could reduce Italian interest rates to levels common in other European Community countries.

> Last week. Mr. Amato used a confidence vote in his government to push a 30 trillion lire (\$26.8 billion) deficit-cutting package through Parliament.

> But late last week, Consob, the stock-market regulatory agency, said a large state privatization pro-gram would require tax breaks to stimulate investment.

> The government had previously announced plans to sell stakes in four large state-owned companies. raising 7.5 trillion lire this year to help close the budget gap. On Friday, the government said it planned to divest itself of 42 trillion lire of corporate and real estate assets from 1993 to 1995.

Latin American Borrowers Come Back in Force

Banks Push Bonds And Cut Their Risk

By Erik Ipsen
International Herold Tribune

LONDON — Almost 10 years to the day after Mexico kicked off what became known as the debt crisis by announcing it could not pay its bills, banks are once again making pots of money funneling cash into Latin America.

But this time there is a big difference—

it is not their money.

Gone are the colossal loans of yester-

year. Instead the banks are now acting as middlemen for bond issues.

"Banks are not interested in shelling our cash for the sake of shelling out cash," said Kathy Galbraith, a senior vice president with Chase Manhattan Bank in New York. "It is a whole psychological

Led by the debt crisis war-horses Chase Manhattan, J.P. Morgan and Chibank, they have taken a whole string of Latin American governments and companies into the international debt market based in London for a hefty commission.

It is a process that began with a tiny trickle of activity in late 1989 and has since grown into a flood. Where Citibank once loomed as the

largest-private sector creditor to Latin.

America, it has now been replaced by Citicorp Investment Bank as the largest underwriter of debt issues for the region. Last year Citicorp brought \$1 billion worth of long, short and medium-term debt issues to the market on behalf of companies and governments in the region. It trebled that figure in the first half of this year alone.

As market volumes have grown, so too have the number of underwriters, the people who match issuers of debt with buyers. The three American commercial banks have now been joined by others, including a growing list of investment banks such as Lehman Brothers and Credit Soisse First

"In late 1990 Wall Street was quiet so they began to put their unemployed bank-ers on planes for Latin America," said Rupert Harrison, a Citicorp Investment Bank vice president in London. Where once he had two competitors, Mr. Harrison today counts twenty.

Predictably, the sudden explosion in debt issues has aroused some concern. Noting the speed of a few nations to seize their newfound opportunity to tap the international bond markets, the rating agency Moody's has sounded a sour note, ft warned recently that although it was probably healthy for Latin America to

See LATIN, Page 11

Not Everyone Thinks The Crisis Is Over

By Nathaniel C. Nash New York Three Service

BUENOS AIRES - For months, businessmen and government officials in Latin America have been saying that the Third World debt crisis there has ended, a decade after it began.

But some international analysts who have taken a close look at the continent's finances say the cuphoria is not fully war-ranted, or at least that the current optimism is premature.

The region is still burdened with more than \$435 billion in loans and the debt is still climbing. It is expected to reach \$442,7 billion next year. The annual interest payments alone on these obligations will put a heavy drag on the economies of these countries for years.

Government leaders are being forced to take what amounts to a long walk on a political high wire: trying to keep their economies on a course for both growth and stability, to attract foreign investment and produce jobs, while trying to convince their people of the importance of harsh programs that have produced widespread layoffs and cuts in social spending.

It will not be easy for a region with a long history of hyperinflation, military

comps and uncompetitive, protected in-dustries to prove it is committed to open markets. And over the next three years, nearly every South American country will hold presidential elections, putting even more pressure on politicians to compromise on debt agreements.

Many Latin governments have indeed made substantial economic progress since the early 1980s. They have stabilized their economies, balanced their budgets, opened markets to foreigners, brought down inflation, worked out agreements with commercial banks to lower their debt and put themselves on track toward a decade of growth.

But social unrest is growing as people realize that much-touted debt agreements and economic readjustments are not going to alleviate poverty, low wages, lack of clean water and inadequate health care any time soon.

"You can reduce the debt, but is it worth it?" asked Oscar Ugarteche, an economist and international consultant in Lima. He said the conditions a debtor country must meet to complete an agreement "are too harsh, and it results in mass memployment and the abandonment of any kind of social program."

Mr. Ugarteche noted that Mexico, despite its concerted debt-reduction effort and its agreement with banks, had been able to reduce its \$53 billion debt by only

China Bank **Plans Offices** To Aid Trade

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatche BELIING - The Bank of China.

a state-run institution specializing in foreign exchange and trade, is planning to open offices in South Korea, Vietnam, Russia and Italy to pro-mote commerce, the official China Daily said Sunday.

The newspaper quoted Bai Shiz-hen, the bank's general manager for international operations, as saying, "Representative offices will pave the way for the development of bilateral trade and economic cooperation." The bank is separate from People's Bank of China, the central bank. In another article, the newspaper said China was trying to send more

laborers and engineers abroad, with labor and engineering service contracts this year expected to rise 40 percent, to \$5 billion. The paper also said the Shanghai

Securities Exchange listed three new B-class shares, bringing the number of issues available only to foreigners to seven. The issues are China Tex-tile Machinery Co., China No. 1 Pencil Co. and Shanghai Rubber (Reuters, AP, UPI)

New Push Made to Reach New Power Broker Seeks 'Russian-Style' Reform An American Trade Pact

joined their chief negotiators here on Sunday, hoping to work out details of a three-way agreement with the United States that would create the world's largest regional

Trade Minister Michael Wilson of Canada and Commerce Secre-tary Jaime Serra Puche of Mexico flew to Washington to join U.S. Trade Representative Carla A. day the three sides had agreed to

effort to lower barriers to trade ranging from fruits and vegetables
to financial services and cars.
The talks aimed at establishing a

CURRENCY RATES

Compiled by Our Staff From Disputches North American Free Trade Agree-WASHINGTON — Top trade ment were likely go at least into officials from Mexico and Canada Monday before an agreement was ward Arkady L Volsky on an inreached, the officials said,

> The U.S. Congress must have 90 days notice of the intention to sign the pact, so Monday, Aug. 3, would be the deadline for notification in order to have a deal signed before the Nov. 3 presidential election.

Meanwhile, the consumer advocacy group Public Citizen said Fri-Hills to take the talks into their third straight week.

The three met bilaterally and trilaterally, U.S. officials said, in the mission and then, if needed, a fivemember panel. A spokesman for Public Citizen criticized the accord, saying it favored closed-door deci-(Reuters, AFP)

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By Steven Erlanger New York Times Service

creasingly steep slope built on the chaos of Russia's economy. Mr. Volsky, a friend of Mikhail

S. Gorbachev, has no authority, strictly speaking. He is the presi-dent of the Russian Union of Industrialists and Entrepreneurs, a lobby for state enterprises he established after the collapse of the Soviet Union. The group is said to represent more than two-thirds of

Russia's industrial output.

The lobby has a political wing, the Renewal Party, which joined two other parties last month to form Civic Union. The union already commands the largest bloc of seats in Parliament and the allegiance of three powerful ministers, all industrial managers, who were recently grafted onto the team of Prime Minister Yegor T. Gaidar, the architect of reform.

Civic Union's argument that economic reform in Russia must be gradual and "Russian style," using the state's authority to protect the country's "industrial and scientific potential," is obvious and a little simple-minded. But it has clear ap-

peal to Russians who fear an excess passionately that Russia's "uniqueof Western influence and the buf- ness" - its huge territory, numerfeting of seemingly incomprehensi- our nationalities, and turbulent hisble market forces.

Communist Party posts, argues

tory - require stability and Mr. Volsky, a 60-year-old former moderation, with no lunches to-engineer who held a number of ward any "foreign model."

"We've overestimated our capa-

be carried out by a small number of people, working alone, cutting off large numbers of specialists and practical people," by which he means industrial managers like those he represents.

bilities," he said. Reforms cannot "

Reynolds Buys Control Of Cigarette Company

New York Times Service

ST. PETERSBURG — Despite large-scale imports of Western cigarettes, both legal and smuggled, Russia still has a hig shortage. So when St. Petersburg saw a chance for a sizable investment from R.J. Reynolds Tobacco International Inc., the necessary permissions were quickly secured for one of the first U.S. purchases of an existing Russian concern.
R.J. Reynolds International's president and chief executive. Date F.
Sisel, said the company had been looking for a partner since 1989. Then,
at the end of 1990, St. Petersburg's Uritski Tobacco Factory privatized itself, with control passing to the 1,500-member workers' collective. In a telephone interview from Winston-Salem, North Carolina, Mr. Sisel said Reynolds started serious negotiations about six months ago and has now bought 52 percent of the stock, giving it control.

Mr. Sisel would not disclose the size of the investment, but St.

Petersburg officials said they thought it was about \$25 million. New Western equipment is already being installed, and more is to come. Mr. Sisel said he thought that by July 1993, the new RJR-Petro company will be producing 22 billion cigarettes a year, up from 15 billion now.

At first, he said, the idea was to produce improved versions of nine existing brands, using Russian tobacco and materials.

Russia should "stop creating our own mistakes," he said, and learn from the experiences of Czechoslovakia, Poland, and, especially, Eastern Germany.

He cited especially the creation of the Treuhandanstalt, the agency charged with evaluating and selling (or closing down) companies in the former East Germany. The important thing, he said, is that "government controls the process

He does not advocate saving evcrything, he stressed. But he said that allowing market forces alone to decide which factories live or die is the wrong path for Russia, especially in a period when consumers have so little disposable cash.

Thus Civic Union's draft program proposes strong government intervention to halt the decline of production and subsidies to keep afloat many money-losing state en-terprises that Mr. Volsky says are "fundamentally" profitable.

Paris Notebook

Frances Pitches a New Line to Attract Investors

With an eye toward attracting some bil-lion-dollar investments to France in the coming two years, along with several thousand new jobs, the government's top salesman is out to change what he claims are mistaken impressions that foreign business people have of his country.

"The perceptions many people have of France date back to the early 80s, not the '90s," said Jean-Daniel Tordiman, who was named earlier this year by Pierre Beregovoy, then finance minister and currently prime minister, to the newly created post of ambassador-at-large for international investment. Many investors, he said, still think of France as a "socialist country" with a govern-ment hostile to private business in general

reaucracy that will choke free enterprise in its red tape. The reality, he contends, is quite different. Foreign prospects, he says, find it "incredi-ble" when he tells them that 22 percent of France's industrial output is produced by foreign-owned companies. Or that France has outperformed the rest of Europe in its inflation for the past six years, and Germany

and foreign business in particular, a country

with high inflation and an overbearing bu-

for the past two years. Mr. Tordiman, who for the past seven years headed up the commercial office of the French Embassy in Washington, says he is pushing to change the way the government interacts with potential foreign investors, with an eye toward helping them make decisions that will prove profitable for them and ultimately yield badly needed jobs for the

French economy.

He characterized as "outrageous" the case several years back when the government, anxious to create jobs in the north of France in line with its own regional development goals, discouraged Intel Europe from exploring a manufacturing site near Nice. As a result, Intel built its new state-of-the-art chip plant in Iteland instead "We're trying not to take the logic of the

administration, but rather the logic of the firm, because if we don't fulfill the interest of the firm, we lose," he said.

Rubinstein Redux in U.S.

L'Oréal, the French cosmetics giant, hopes to resurrect Helena Rubinstein in the United An American relaunch of the defunct cos-

An American reason of the 1994, is metics line, either late next year or in 1994, is being planned at Paris headquarters, following a successful revamping and repositioning of the name in Europe over the past few

Helena Rubinstein cosmetics were pulled off the U.S. market in 1985 after its previous owner, Colgate-Palmolive Co., met with disaster by letting the brand drift down-market.
L'Oreal, which already controlled the brand in Asia and Latin America, bought the U.S. and European assess, essentially the name, in 1988 for "several hundred million

francs." The business is now generating inter-national sales of around 850 million francs (\$170 million) and is expected to break even By taking Helena Rubinstein back up-market and using only selected U.S. department stores, the company thinks it can rebuild the business to a range between \$60 to \$70 mil-tion a year within five years.

Gilles Weil, executive vice president, ac-

knowledged that L'Oréal faces an uphili mar-keting challenge to bring back a brand that has been "mistreated," but claimed the "roots" of the name were deep enough so that business could once again bloom.

The Thrifty American

American tourists, responding to airline promotions on the North Atlantic, are streaming back to France at a good clip. The bad news is that they are spending less, par-

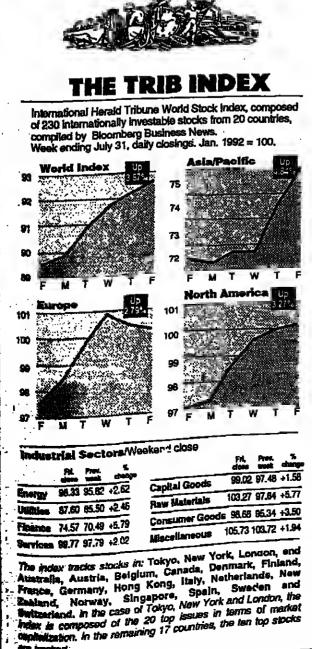
The French Tourism Office in New York expects a 15 percent jump in the number of American arrivals this year, to around 2.5 million. This is still below the peak of 2.75

million American visitors, registered in 1990. Michel Bouquier, head of the tourism office, said Americans have responded to the lower dollar by cutting the length of their stay in France and spending significantly more time in the provinces "where the value is better." Last year, the average American visitor spent \$1,800 in the country, not including airfare, and Americans spent nearly \$4 bil-

hon as a group. Euro Disneyland, he said, was a "curios-ity" for Americans this year, viewed as a day trip from Paris.

Mr. Bouquier also reported that the opening of Euro Disneyland has not affected French tourism to Orlando. About 30 percent of the estimated 900,000 French visitors to the U.S. this year are expected to visit the Florida vacation complex.

Jacques Neher



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New International Bond Issues Compiled by James E. Connell Terms Floating Rate Notes Aires Finance \$39.291 1995 2 Above 6-month Libor. Will amortise in monthly installments beginning Jon. 1993. First coupon 5%%, Fees 11/1%, (Paribos Capital Markets.) Selow 6-month Libor. Subordinated nates pay a minimum coupon of 5%, maximum of 10%. Fees 0.5%, (Goldman Socks Int') / Kidder Psabody Int'l.) Eagle 3 Over 6-month Libor. Montgage-backed, Fees 1%. Denominations \$100,000. [Delvis Europe.] J.P. Morgan \$200 2002 Libid 99.85 99.65 Coupon pays 3-month Libid flat, Minimum coupon of 5%, maximum of 10% Fees 0.5%, (Kidder Peabody In L.) LKB Boden \$150 2002 14 100 Below 6-month Libor. Subordinated notes paying a minimum coupon of 5%, and a maximum of 10%. Fees 0.5%. (J.P. Margan Securities.) Württemberg LTCB Finance (A) \$150 2002 1/2 100 Over 6-month Libor. Calloble of par from 1997, when coupon steps up to 0.60 over Libor. Subordinated notes. Fees 0.325%. ations \$700,000. (LTCB in/1.) LTCB Finance (B) \$160 2002 7.20 100 Subordinated notes callable at par from 1997, when coupon changes to 6-month Libor plus 0.75%. Fees 0.325%. Denominations \$100,000. (LTCB Inf L) LTCB Finance (C) \$200 2004 7.80 100 Subordinated notes callable at par from 1999, when coupon changes to 6-morth Libor plus 0.75%. Fees 0.325%. Denominochanges to 6-month Libor plus tions \$100,000. (LTCB int'l.) Société Générale \$100 2002 1/4 Below 6-month Libor. Subordinated nates paying a minimum coupon of 5M%, and a maximum of 10%. Fees 0.5%. (Kidder Peabady Int'L) European investment Bank 2002 0.60 100.31 100.19 Balow 3-month Aibor. Collable of per from 1997. Fees 0.20%. Mazda Motor 1996 0.275 100.15 Reoffered at 99.95. Over 3-month Libor. Noncollable, Fees 0.30%, (Banca del Gottardo.) Mazda Motor Y 20,000 1996 0.275 100,15 Reoffered at 99.95. Over 3-month Libor, Reoffered at 99.95. Noncollable. Fees 0.30%. Denominations 10 million yea. Fixed-Coupons Deutsche Finance DM 500 1997 Noncollable. Fees 2%. (Deutsche Bank.) **Netherlands** DSL Bank

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Fear of Inflation Evaporates

Bond Rally Seen Having a Little More to Go

Compiled by Ow Staff From Dispatches

NEW YORK — U.S. interest bond prices have been rising since rates appear poised to drop from late April, when the yield peaked at current levels, with fears of inflation about 8.10 percent. dissipating, although there are some signs the long slide in bond yields may be approaching its bottom.

Last week, fears of inflation

seemed to evaporate and money poured into long-term bonds from the short-term sector and from mortgage-backed securities as investors opted for the highest secure

But corporations last week tapped the bond market for \$3 bil-

U.S. CREDIT MARKETS

lion of financing, and two major issuers sold securities with unusually long 40-year maturities. That was a sign some corporate treasurers are locking in what they think are the lowest borrowing costs they are likely to see. There are also worries about supply in the im-pending Treasury financing opera-

Last week, the bellwether 30year Treasury bond rose 1 10/32, following a gain of 1 12/32 the week before. Its yield now stands at 7.46 percent, down from 7.57 per-

gage Corp., a government-spon-sored housing leader, said Friday that average 30-year fixed mortgage

Trading was dominated on Fri-day by institutional investors swapping short-term notes for bonds to extend the duration of their investments, traders said. That led to a narrowing of the differential between short- and long-term yields.

The two-year note closed at 4.39 percent, up from 4.21 percent a week earlier. That cut the gap between two- and 30-year yields, which increases with fears of inflation, to 3.07 percentage points, down from 3.36 points a week earli-er. The gap reached a record of 3.44 points on July 17.

Economic data released last week indicated slow growth at best, relieving fears of inflation for the time being. This prompted money to flow from the mortgage-backed securities market into long-term Treasturies. With interest rates having fallen in recent years, investors fear homeowners will refinance their mortgages. This leads to fast-er-than-expected return of princi-pal to holders of mortgage securi-ties, who face low-yielding options

for reinvesting the money.

The Federal Home Loan Mort-

Lean U.S. Companies Battle Mean Economy 25

By Adam Bryant
New York Times Service

NEW YORK - Hard times have taught corporate America a powerful lesson: the art of cost-cutting and productivity gains. Many companies were able to carn better-than-expected profits in the second quarter by honing such skills, making themselves sharper competitors. What remains to be seen is whether they will continue to apply those hard-learned lessons when consumers start buying

again in earnest, making profits easier to come by. But for now, against a backdrop of economic malaise and presidential election uncertainties, the positive earnings are lending confidence to many on Wall Street that the stock market will not collapse when the current rally subsides. Last week, the Dow Jones industrial average added 108.07 points, rising to 3,393.78, while some of the broader stock-market indexes reached record highs.

The corporate earnings are "one of the few sources of comfort left in this game," said David Blitzer, chief economist of Standard & Poor's Corp. More than half the companies reporting second-quarter results in recent weeks have posted gains higher than analysts' estimates. Overall, operating earnings are 1.3 percent above predictions, and 17 percent above those posted in the second quarter of 1991, according to the Institutional Brokers Estimate System.

That is an accomplishment, considering that the economy was slowing during this year's April-to-June period. "Corporations are learning how to be profitable in a slow-growth economic environment," said Anthony J. Vignola, chief economist at Kidder, Peabody & Co.

That lesson was vividly portrayed last week by Chrysler Corp., when it reported earnings of \$178 million, more than double the forecasts of the most optimistic analysts.

MUTUAL FUNDS

rates fell to 8.05 percent last week,

lower than at any time since 1973.

This week, employment data and the Treasury's quarterly refunding

announcement will be watched for

clues about the market's direction.

July employment figures are to be released Friday. Weak jobs data

in June helped persuade the Feder-al Reserve Board to push down

The Treasury is to announce

plans for its quarterly refinancing operation on Wednesday, with

economists estimating a package of

up to \$38 billion. The auctions of

bonds and notes will come the fol-

Other indicators include the Na-

tional Association of Purchasing

Management's index for July, ex-pected to rise to 54.2 from 52.8; the

group's gauge is based on 50, with numbers above indicating economic

expansion. Regional data released

Friday contained mixed signals, with short-term gains but little sign

that manufacturers were adding staff. (UPI, Bloomberg, Reuters)

short-term rates.

lowing week.

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SCONTINVEST FUND MANAGEMENT COMPANY S.A.

NOTICE TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF SCONTINVEST FUND The Board of Directors of SCONTINVEST MANAGEMENT COMPANY S.A. hereby inform the unitholders of SCONTINVEST FUND that the amendments to the Management Regulations approved by the Board of Directors shall come into effect as of August 19, 1992.

The excerpt relating to these amendments has been deposited with the Register of the Tribunal d'Arrondissement of Luxembourg on July 15, 1992.

A copy of the Management Regulations is available at the registered office of the Management Company.

The Board of Directors

This week's topics:

O The Global Economy: Who Gets Hurt

O A New Insider-Trading Ring

O Who's Leading in Global Innovation

O Japan's Anxiety Over Its Stalling Economy

O Mainland Fever Hits Taiwan

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BUSINESS BRIEFS

Japan Criticizes U.S. Minivan Bill

TOKYO (Renters) — Japan will invoke the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT) if a U.S. "protectionist" bill that raises the tariff on minivans becomes law, newspapers reported Sunday.

The U.S. House of Representatives on Friday approved a bill that would reclassify some minivans and sports utility vehicles as trucks, making them subject to a tenfold increase in import duties. "This is clearly in violation of GATT," the Asahi Shimbun quoted Japan's Ministry of International Trade and Industry as saying

Private Oil Drillers in Venezuela

CARACAS (AFP) - A U.S. and a Japanese company signed contracts Friday for oil exploration in Venezuela, the first private concerns to be allowed to do so since the industry was nationalized 16 years ago,

The 20-year contracts, which allow exploration in marginal oil fields that are currently abandoned, were signed in the with Benton Oil & Gas Co. of the United States and Teikoku Oil Co. of Japan.

The two concerns will drill 300 wells and restore 70 existing ones over the next 10 years in northern Venezuela. The contracts call (or investment of some \$280 million with \$80 million scheduled to be spent in the first

Euromarts LATIN: Banks Eager to Boost a Range of Borrowers Returning to Market At a Glance

2002 Zerro 47.098 45.80 Reoffered at 45.848. Noncollable. Fees 15/5. [Wood Gundy.]

1996 6% 101.10 99.75 Reoffered at 99.70. Noncollable. Fees 14%. (Kidder Peobody

million yen, (Nideo Europe.)

Eurobond Yields

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VICTIN

Finnish Export Credit

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harsh experience has shown that Latin America's capacity to pay for it remains "quite limited." Ingrid Iversen, an economistwith American Express Bank in London, reckoned that just four nations — Mexico, Brazil, Argenti-

na and Venezuela — issued \$4.6 billion worth of boads in 1991, nearly five times the volume of pre-

Once again optimism about Lat-in America is running rampant. Barton Biggs, the respected strate-gist for Morgan Stanley, readed noted that internationally traded shares of Brazilian companies had fallen out of bed. "My view is that Brazil is so big, has such immense potential and is so inexpensive that you have to buy," he advised clients last month. last month.

Similarly, a New York commercial banker praised the virtues of the debt issues of some of Latin America's "awesome" corpora-Venezuela was the home for the world's third-largest oil company and Brazil for the world's largest iron ore producer.

Such companies, argued the banker, are so big and so important that "if you buy their bonds you have a better feeling they will be

To some it all sounds a bit like

Wriston's infamous counsel given again be able to import capital, before the debt crisis on the merits of lending to countries. He argued that such lending was foolproof because everyone knows countries do not go broke, an opinion that turned out to be catastrophically

Reoffered at 98.69. Noncollable subordinated notes. Fees 2%.

Samiannually. Fungible with outstanding global issue, raising total to A\$750 million. Fees not disclosed. (Hambros Bank.)

Noncollable. Fees 24%, Borrower's full name is Victoria Public Financing Authority. (Hambros Bank.)

Reoffered at 100.15, Noncollable, Fees 2%, Denominations 10

Reoffered of 100.32, Noncollable, Fees 1965. Denominations 10 million yen. (Yamaichi Int') Europe.)

Reoffered at 99.90. Nancollable. Fees 2%. Denominations 10

104.50 Noncollable, Each \$5,000 note with one warrant exercisable into company's shares at 957 yen per share and at 128.6 yen per dollar. Fees 25%. [Daiwa Europe.]

105.50 Noncollable. Each \$10,000 note with two warrants exercis-able into company's shares of 702 year per share and at 128.75 year per dollar. Fees 29%, (Yamoichi Int'i Europe.)

Good company and indeed

(Continued from first fluence page) former Citibank chairman Walter could raise money in the interna- shopping for the debt of the next tional markets. The country was Mexico. one of the first Latin American countries to make extensive re-ready concluded a Brady deal to forms and to sign its Brady Plan issue Eurobonds no longer holds," agreement, named after the U.S. said Ms. Galbraith of Chase. Treasury secretary, Nicholas F.
Brady, who spearheaded a program Chase was the first underwriter pledging economic reforms.

country risks do exist in Latin

In return, the terms under which Brazilian state oil company, PetroAmerica today. The problem is that Mexican public and private entibras. Demand for it was so great as the region and its enterprises ties can tap the market have im- that Chase quickly expanded the

Good company and country risks exist in Latin America today, but expectations of progress in the region have been raised aggressively and bankers have brought bond issues for some borrowers even before their countries have signed debt restructuring deals.

slowly struggle back to sound con- proved steadily. Once limited to a

dition, the market has grown impa-tient with the pace and has begin to aggressively raise expectations of progress.

Partly because of the number of

Partly because of the number of

than yields on U.S. Treasury bonds

to be rely 2 courts today.

Ironically, the most lucrative Latin American business for J.P. Morgan, Chase and Citibank is trading in Brady bonds, the bonds hmagry bankers prowling the region looking for business, "some companies have been brought to the market that we would not touch," said Mr. Harrison.

Originally, for instance, it was soared. That proved investible and Mexico's progress not only resource that we would not lenders, who reaped huge capital gains as the value of their bonds themselves. The volume of that activity reached \$150 billion last year.

"It can be very lucrative," said a work would be added to the control of the control of

The requirement to have al-

brought a \$100 million issue for

issue, ultimately tapping the mar-ket for \$250 million.

What is particulary appealing for commercial bankers shy about Lat-

in America is that there need be no

risk in bringing companies from Argentina or Brazil to market. The

huge commercial bank loans that

came to an abrupt end exactly 10 years ago this week were quickly syndicated among hundreds of dif-ferent banks, but the lead bankers

were always expected to take a

large slice for themselves as a show of good faith. With bonds, that

requirement does not exist and the

opportunity is rarely seized.

Mexico and Mexico alone that soon canny bond buyers began New York banker.

NASDAQ NATIONAL MARKET

OTC Consolidated trading for week

After Bridge and Street

SPORTS 3/45 E 3/4

Barney, Riggins, Davis and Mackey Enter Hall of Fame

By Thomas George New York Times Service CANTON, Ohio - The 1992 all of Fame inductees — Lem rney, Al Davis, John Mackey id John Riggins — will be remem-red for their diversity as a group much as for their passion for otball. On the steps of the Pro-otball Hall of Fame, they ac-pted the game's highest honor ith grace, screnity and humor, beir busts and achievements are ow part of the Hall's lore. John Madden, the former Los ngeles Raider coach who present-

Dolphins Squeak by Redskins

Scott Mitchell, a second-year pro laying the entire game because an Marino was resting his knees nd Scott Secules had a sore shouler, overcame a slow start to lead ne Miami Dolphins to a 22-21 exibition victory over the Washing-on Redskins in Orlando, Florida. Mitchell threw for 227 yards and ne touchdown at the Citrus Bowl, ear for the World League's Orlano Thunder.

Mitchell completed just one of is first eight passes Saturday. He it nine of his next 13, though, and inished 18 of 35 with no intercepions. He threw a 9-yard touch-! lown pass to James Saxon and also et up field goals by Pete Stoyano-ich of 22, 42 and 28 yards.

Cary Conklin started at quarterack for Washington and had the etter night statistically — con-deting 21 of 35 passes for 256 ards and three touchdowns, inluding a 3-yard TD toss to Ron diddleton on the Redskins' first

ossession of the game.
Oilers 34, Cowboys 23: Quarternack Warren Moon set aside his ontract hassle with Houston long mough to lead the Oilers past Dal-as in the American Bowl exhibiion game in the Tokyo Dome. lown and set up another in giving ers Association.

louston a 14-7 lead, has been at xids with Oilers mana payment of a bonus for his 1991 eason, during which he completed 104 of 655 passes for 4,690 yards. Jets 41, Eagles 14: Quarterback browning Nagle threw for one ouchdown and ran for another as headache." New York routed Philadelphia in

and forcing four turnovers.

up the group and the day this way:
"You can't beat this. Who needs the Olympics? We got football today, we got fans, we got a stadium. And we got four guys going into the Hall who come from different places but join together here to make this

something special."

Barney — an 11-year Detroit Lions cornerback and clusive kick returner who became only the fifth comerback to reach the Hall -- was presented by his former coach, Jim

Davis thanked the selection committee for its "tenacity" in seeking his induction. But his long wait to join the Hall seemed worth it to him Saturday as he named the seven other Raiders — Jim Otto, George Blanda, Gene Upshaw, Art Shell, Fred Biletnikoff, Willie Brown and Ted Hendricks — who had already been enshrined.

Markey was presented by Jack

Mackey was presented by Jack Kemp, former president of the AFL Players Association. Mackey was the first of a new breed of tight ends to make long runs routine. In the 1966 Baltimore Colts season, Mackey scored on catch-and-runs of 51, 57, 64, 79, 83 and 89 yards. He played 10 seasons for the Colts before finishing his career with

the San Diego Chargers in 1972. Riggins, the last to be inducted, was presented by NFL Commissioner Paul Tagliabue. Riggins played 14 pro seasons — five with the New York Jets and nine with the Washington Redskins - and retired after the 1985 season. He is the sixth-leading all-time NFL rusher with 11,352 yards.

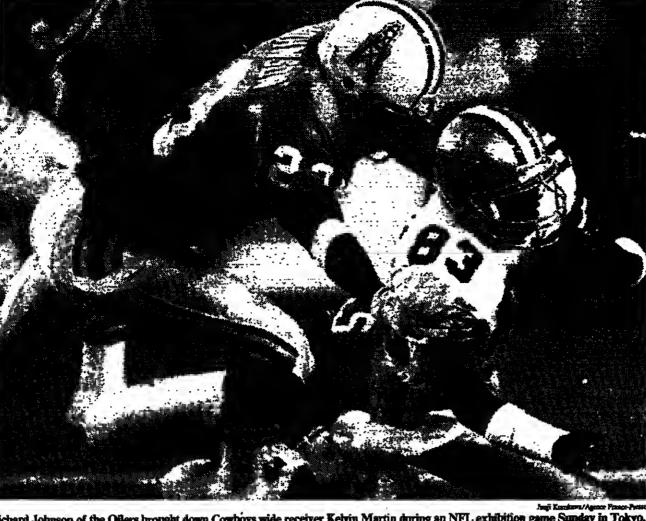
Davis, who enters his 30th season as owner of the Raiders, is the only person to have served pro football as a player personnel assistant, an assistant coach, a head coach, a general manager, a league commissioner (American Football League) and the principal owner and chief executive officer of a National Football League team.

"Enshrinement is a collection of a life's work, but this honor is a testament to the organization," said Davis. "I love the game, I love the league, I love my team."

In his presentation, Kemp said that Mackey wasn't a rebel, he was "a catalyst, a bridge between black and white players." Mackey is a Moon, who passed for a touch- former president of the NFL Play-

Riggins, in his usual off-beat manner, began his speech this way: "It is indeed a pleasure to be here; but we've been here too long. Everybody wants to know why I asked the commissioner to introduce me. Well, Madonna had a

Riggins said he entered the league he Hall of Fame exhibition game bight-eyed and naive but said he quickly learned that pro football is a The Jets defense also shone, lim- business and that what makes it a ting the Eagles to 84 yards rushing game is the players and their burning desire on Sunday afternoons.



Richard Johnson of the Oflers brought down Cowboys wide receiver Kelvin Martin during an NFL exhibition game Sunday in Tokyo.

Slump to Win For Orioles, 2-1 in three starts, leading Minnesota to Tom Kelly's 500th victory as a Cal Ripken, fighting off a 3-for-

Ripken Beats

16 slump, drove in the go-ahead run Sunday with a single in the eighth inning as the Baltimore Orioles beat the Red Sox, 2-1, in Bos-

Ben McDonald, Mike Flanagan, Todd Frohwirth and Gregg Olson combined on a six-hitter as Baltimore won its third straight over the Red Sox. McDonald gave up a run

AMERICAN LEAGUE

and three hits, walked five and struck out four. Olson finished for his 25th save.

With the score tied at 1 in the eighth, Brady Anderson singled off Tony Fossas and took second on a fielding error by Bob Zupcic in-center field. Ripken, whose average has dipped to 255, then singled off

Boston loaded the bases in the ninth when Olson walked John Va-lentin, Wade Boggs singled and Bil-ly Hatcher reached on a fielder's choice. But Olson struck out Phil Plantier and retired Tom Brun-

Twins 5, Brewers 0: In Minne-apolis, Scott Erickson pitched a

major-league manager. Jeff Reboulet, a rookie, drove in

three runs for the Twins, who have won three straight after a four-

game losing streak.
Erickson, who struggled early in
the season but had a 2.25 ERA in five July starts, struck out five, walked one and did not allow any runners past second.

Kelly, in his sixth full season

ith the Twins, became the seventh active manager with 500 victories. He is second on the Twins' victory list, 22 behind Sam Mele, who managed from 1961 to 1967.

Tigers 5, Indians 4: Cecil Fielder homered for the fourth time in three days, and Mickey Tettleton also homered as Detroit won in

The Tigers turned five hits off Charles Nagy into five runs, sending him to his third straight loss. Nagy, who matched his career high with 10 strikeouts, has not won since the All-Star game.

■ In Saturday's games, The Associated Press reported:

Twins 9, Brewers 6: Brian Harper's second career grand slam gave the Twins a seven-run, eighth-inning lead, and they held on against Milwankee in Minneapolis.

Orioles 9, Red Sox 3: Mike Deverezux hit a two-run homer and drove in four runs, and Leo Gomez had a three-run homer to power Baltimore in Boston.

Blue Jays 3, Yankees 1: Joe Carter's two-out, two-run double in the eighth broke a tie and lifted Toronto over visiting New York.

Royals 8, Athletics 4: In Kansas City, Missouri, Curtis Wilkerson had two hits and drove in two runs as the Royals outlasted Oakland ina wild game that included five hit batsmen. Two Royals pitchers, Hipolito Pichardo and Steve Shifflett, were tossed out in the second, Pichardo hit Rickey Henderson to start the game. Pichardo was warned, then ejected when he threw. inside in the second inning. Then-Shifflett was ejected when he hit Henderson a second time.

Indians 8, Tigers 5: Glenallen Hill hit a tie-breaking home run in the seventh as Cleveland overcame Cecil Fielder's grand slam to beat visiting Detroit.

White Sox 8, Mariners 1: In Chicago, George Bell's two-run double capped a four-run third inning as the White Sox defeated Seattle for their fourth victory in five games.

Volkov Ousts Borg in U.S. **Ouarterfinal**

BROOKLINE, Massachu-

setts - Alexander Volkov ended the most successful tournament appearance of Bjorn Borg's comeback with a 6-4, 2-6, 7-5 victory in a quar-terfinal match at the U.S. Pro Championships.

But a flustered Volkov lost hours later in a Saturday evening semifinal match, 4-6, 7-6 (7-5), 6-2, to Richey Reneberg.

In the other semifinal, Ivan Lendi defeated MaliVai Washington 6-4, 7-6 (7-2). Borg, making his first ap-pearance at the Longwood Cricket Club since winning the tournament for the third

straight year in 1976, advanced farther than he has in tournament play since launching his comeback last year. Borg, 36, has said his goel is to play a Grand Slam event next year. But his experience fell victim Volkov's youth and power. Volkov led 3-0 in the

match was delayed to Satur-

day by a heavy rain.

Expos Top Phils to Split 4-Game Series has allowed two earned runs in 41% innings

Chris Nabholz and John Wettland combined on a four-hitter, and Larry Walker drove in the only run of the game with a double as the Expos beat Philadelphia, 1-0, Sunday in Montreal to gain a split of their four-game series. Nabholz struck out one and walked one.

Wettland pitched the ninth for his 23d save. The only run came when Delino DeShields drew a walk off Ben Rivera in the sixth inning.

NATIONAL LEAGUE

DeShields stole both second and third, and scored on Walker's two-out double. Wes Chamberlain, the Phillies' right fielder, misjudged the ball on the play. He appeared to have the ball lined up at his knees, but at the last moment had to dive and it skidded off his glove. DeShields made up for a blunder he commit-

ted in the first - when he tripled, but failed to touch home after Marquis Grissom flied to center. DeShields was tagged out at the plate. Mets 4, Cubs 2: Eddie Murray provided the power after an injury to Bobby Bonilla, hitting

his 408th career home run and leading David Cone, and the Mets past Chicago in New York. Booilla fractured a right rib diving for a foul ball in the first inning, and will be placed on the disabled list. He was hurt when he landed hard on the gravel warning track in right field chas-

ing Andre Dawson's fly. reach base in every inning. But he was at his and Brian Hunter hit a home run. best when he needed to be, striking out Ryne

Catcher in the Wrong

LOS ANGELES — For decades, a catch-er's equipment has been regarded as the tools

of ignorance. And one way a catcher can demonstrate that ignorance is by trying to stop a pitched ball with his face mask. Mike Scioscia of the Los Angeles Dodgers

is not simple, although he's been knocked silly in a couple of home plate collisions. He did, however, stop a potential wild pitch by Jay Howell with his mask in the eighth inning Friday after blocking the ball in the dirt. The mistake violated baseball rule No. 7.05 (d), and enabled Fred McGriff to score from third base with the winning run in San Diego's 4-3 victory.

Sandberg and Mark Grace to end the seventh imning with runners on second and third.

In Saturday's games, news agencies reported: Pirates 4, Cardinals 1: In Pittsburgh, Dong Drabek extended his run of strong starts, and Orlando Merced drove in Pittsburgh's first

three runs to beat over simmping St. Loois. Merced was 2-for-3 with three runs batted in. and Drabek pitched a six-hitter - shutting out visiting St. Louis over the final eight innings -for his sixth complete game of the season.

In San Franc eight hits, walked three and allowed men to Smoltz won his fourth consecutive decision, Smoltz, who gave up six hits in eight innings,

Cincinnati's seven complete games. Dodgers 7, Padres 2: In Los Angeles, Brett Butler, coming off a sizzling July in which he hit

442, began August with three hits to lift the Dodgers past San Diego.
The victory was costly. Los Angeles lost Tom
Candiotti, its starter, with a contusion on his left ankle, and Eric Davis, who was hit on the left hand by a Jose Melendez pitch in the sixth.

over his last five starts for Altanta, which won

Reds 9, Astros 0: In Cincinnati, Greg Swin-

Swindell struck out five and walked two for

his second shutout this season. He has four of

dell pitched a six-hitter as the Reds maintained

a half-game lead over Atlanta in the West.

for only the second time in seven games.

Mets 3, Cubs 6; Cubs 6, Mets 1: In New York, a doubleheader split was worse for the

Mets than it was for the Chicago Cubs. Bret Saberhagen reinjured the flexor tendon in his right index pitching finger in the opener. Then, Wally Whitehurst remained without a victory in six starts as Chicago won the second.

Ryne Sandberg, who went 4-for-4 in the opener, hit a run-scoring triple and singled in s first two at-bats of the second game, giving him hits in eight consecutive at-bats. That tied the Cubs record, but he fell two short of the National League record when he grounded out

Phillies 4, Expos 2: In Montreal, Curt Schilling scattered five hits over seven-plus immigs touched Nolan Ryan for eight sinfor his 10th victory of the season, and Wes gles, stopping his winning streak at Chamberlain hit his first career grand-slam five, as Chuck Finley hurled a sevhomer run. (AP, UPI)

en-hitter in Arlington, Texas.

SIDELINES

Faldo Captures Scandinavian Open

BARSEBACK, Sweden (AFP) - Nick Faldo of England won his third ournament of the season with a nearly impeccable three-under-par 69 in he final round of the Scandinavian Masters here on Sunday.

Faldo, the British Open champion, who started the day one stroke thead of Peter O'Malley of Australia, finished with an 11-under 277, hree shots ahead of the group tied for second on 280.

O'Malley managed only a final 71 to finish joint second with his compatriot Robert Allenby, Peter Baker of England, Danny Mijovic of anada. José-Maria Olazábal of Spain and Frank Nobilo of New Zealand.

All Blacks Rout Natal Team, 43-25

DURBAN, South Africa (Combined Dispatches) - The New Zealand All Blacks scored a convincing 43-25 victory over the Natal provincial ide in the opening match of their rugby tour of South Africa.

But it was only midway through the second half Saturday that the Ali Blacks finally got control of their first official game in South Africa since 1976. Two tries, by winger John Kerwan and scrum half Ant Strachan in he 67th and 70th minutes, changed the course of the game after the teams and been tied at 22 points apiece. The All Blacks led 16-6 at halftime.

Wednesday. The test against the Springboks is Aug. 15. (AFP, Renters) For the Record

The English star Gary Lineker's debut with his Japanese soccer club, Grampus Eight, against the Brazilian team Corinthians ended in a 1-1 on Saturday in Nagoya, Japan. Midfielder Testuya Ashano scored with a 30-meter drive for Grampus in the 87th minute. Wilson Carlos Mano equalized with a free kick a minute into injury time. (Reuers)
Julio Cesar Chavez of Mexico made the eighth defense of his World. Boxing Council super lightweight title by stopping Frankie Mitchell of the United States in the fourth round Saturday in Las Vegas. (AP)
Julien Jackson of the Virgin Islands retained his World Boxing Council

middleweight crown on a unanimous decision over Thomas Tate of the United States on Saturday in Las Vegas.

United States on Saturday in Las Vegas.

Deion Sanders has decided to remain with baseball's Atlanta Braves indefinitely rather than joining the National Football League's Atlanta Falcons. The outfielder-cornerback still can leave the Braves, but he deadline Friday pass without joining the Falcons.

(AP)

BASEBALL Major League Standings (Through Saturday's game AMERICAN LEAGUE

The All Blacks next face the Orange Free State side in Bloemfontein on

Saturday's Line Scores AMERICAN LEAGUE

New York 981 809 481—1 5 1

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New York 981 829 821—2 7 8

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SCOREBOARD Measure Pleac (d), Henry 18), Nolmas (d) and Surfact; Smiley, Edens 18), P.Abbott (f) and Harper; W.—Smiley, 11-5, L.—Roverro, 11-7, HR—Alticesote, Horper (3), Catifornia 622 811 680—6 18 2 NATIONAL LEAGUE
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Pittsbursh 191 001 013—4 10 1
Olivores. McCare (7), Persz (8) and Posnezzi) Drubek and Lafvolfiere, Stought
(4), W—Drobok, 5-E. L.—Offvores. 4-7. HR—
Pittsbursh, King (9).
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Friday's Line Scores AMERICAN LEAGUE

AMERICAN LEAGUE
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Softm 2nd Game 215 216--5 6 9 289 215--9 6 5 Levis, S.Dovis (5) and Perenty M.Young, Quaririll (5) and Marzon, W.Levis, 1-8. L.—M.Young, 9-1, 59—S.Dovis (3), H.Ro—Botfsmura, G.Dovis (8), Gornez (10), Parent (1), Boston, Brunomikty (10), Detroit 12, 600 500—9 9 S.Ceveland 800 800 386—6 13 0 Terroit, Deberty (1), Knodsen (6), Klady (7), Hennemen (9) and Kreufer; Cook, Plunik (7), Oln (7) and Ortiz. W.—Klaly, 3-4, L.—Plunik, 1-2, Sv.—Hennemen (7), H.Ro—Defrait, Philips 17), Fielder 2 (22), Cleveland, Berlie (23), New York 710 909 (19—3 7 2 Terosite 11 25 900—13 13 0 Hilliegos, Levary 14), Codoret (4), Nielsen (5) and Barders, Knorr (6), W.—Stofflemyye,

Magnante (4), Mantgamery (3) and Maryns.

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(7), Samesn (8) and Carter, Nation (81). W—
Mutholiand, 11-7. L—Barnes, 3-3. HR—Philodelphia. Doutton (13).
Allombe 87 100 700—6 10 6
Son Prescisco 800 680—4 5 5
Avery, Merriker (67), Paco (97) and Berryhill.
Olson (97): Oliverus. Rightfill 101. Hickorsen
(3), Jackson (9) and Colbert W—Jockson, 5-3.
L—Mertker, 7-3. HR9—Alforthe, Sreem (47.

L-Mercker, 3-1. HRs-Atlanta, Bream (4). San Francisco, James (4).

Japanese Baseball

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Sector 5 Crix 3

Lotte 15, Nippon Horn 5

Doirel 4 Kinterau 1

Sector 6 Crix 3

Lotte 15, Nippon Horn 5

Doirel 4 Kinterau 1

Sector 6 Crix 3

Lotte 15, Nippon Horn 5

Doirel 4 Kinterau 1

Sector 6 Crix 3

Lotte 15, Nippon Horn 5

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Kinterau 5 Lotte 15

Vs. Orix, and

TENNIS

U.S. Pro Championships

Questarfinats - Alexander Valkov, Russia, def. Bjern Bors, Sweden, 64, 24, 75; Richay Renebers, U.S., del. Jeff Tarango, U.S. 64, 64; Ivan Lend, U.S. def. Gres Russidki, Canada, 63, 64; Mailn, U.S., del EricAmend U.S. 4Semifiants berg def. Volkov, 4-4, 7-6 (7-5), 6-2; Lendi voshington, 6-4, 7-4 (7-2). MURATI TOURNAMENT M See Marine, Platy

Proncisco Clavel, Sodin, del. Alikoel Tili-stroem, Swedon, 6-9, 6-1; Karel Novacek, Caschoslovekla, del. Bart Wuyfa, Belgium, 4-6-4-6-4; Ranoid Apanor, Halti, del. Francis-co Mantana, U.S., 7-5, 7-4; Lars Jonsson, Swedon, def. German Lapez, Spain, 6-4, 6-2. Semifimils

Final cak def. Clovet 7-5, 4-2.

FOOTBALL NFL Preseason Games Salveday's Result New York Jets 47, Philodelphia

and 22, Washington estan 34, Dallas 25 SOCCER Priendship Car In Les Angeles Priday's Results

TRANSACTIONS

BASEBALL American Leapur

ANNESCTA—Placed Bob Kleper, pitcher, on waivers for the purpose of grantine his unconditional release. Recalled David West, pitcher, from Portland of the Pacific Coast Legges,
N.Y. YANKEES—Danny Tartebuil, authelder, placed on 15-day disabled list. Re-called Bernie Williams, auflisider, from Co-lumbus of the Infernational Legges,
TEXAS—Sant Gerald Alexander, pitcher, outright to Oklahome City of the American



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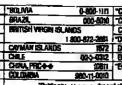
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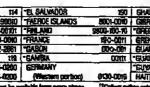


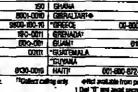


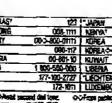


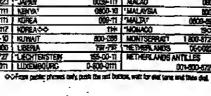






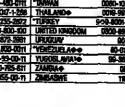












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SPORTS OLYMPICS

OLYMPICS ON TELEVISION

Monday's Events All times are GMT

Archery — Men's 70-meter, first and second rounds, 0700; Men's 70-meter, quarterfinals, semifinals, and final, 1100.

Athledos — Men's discus, qualitying, 0730; Women's 200-meter, first round, 0735; Men's 200-meter, first round, 0620; Men's 1,500-meter, first round, 0815; Men's 400-meter hundles, first round, 1015; Men's 110-meter hurdles, semifinats, 1600; Men's 200-meter, second round, nais, 1600; Men's 200-meter, second round, 1620; Women's 200-meter, second round, 1645; Women's discus, final, 1650; Women's 400-meter, semifinals, 1710; Men's triple jump, final, 1730; Men's 400-meter, semifinals, 1735; Women's 10km walk, 1750; Women's 800-meter, final, 1755; Men's 110-meter hurdles, final, 1815; Men's 3,000-meter steeplechase, first round, 1850; Women's 400-meter hurdles, semifinals, 1945; Men's 10,000, final, 2015.

Badminton - Semifinal round games, 0800; Semifinal round games, 1500. Women's Basketbell — Unified Team vs. Brazil, 0900; Cuba vs. italy, 1100; Czechoslovákla vs. China, 1800; U.S. vs. Spain, 2000.

Boxing - Quarterfinals, 1100; Quarterfinals, 1800.
Cance-Kayak — Flatwater, heats, in men's 500 kayak singles, 0700; men's 500 cance singles, 0740; women's 500 kayak singles, 0810; men's 500 kayak doubles, 0840; men's 500 cance doubles, 0820; women's 500 kayak doubles, 0850. Flatwater, repeachages, in men's 500 kayak singles, 1500; men's 500 cance singles, 1530; women's 500 kayak singles, 1550; men's 500 kayak doubles, 1610; men's 500 cance doubles, 1840; women's 500 kayak doubles, 1610; men's 500 cance doubles, 1840; women's 500 kayak doubles, 1700.
Divise — Women's springboard final, 1230.
Equestrian — Team dreseage, 0800; Team dreseage, 11nal, 1400.

sage, final, 1400.

Fencing — Women's team foil, prelims, 0900. Men's Fleid Hockey - Malaysia vs. Netherlands, 0745; Britein vs. Australia, 0815; Unified Team vs. New Zeeland, 1400; Egypt vs. India, 1530; Germany vs. Argentina, 1600; Spain vs. Pakistan, 1800.

Pelota - Trinquete semifinals, 0700; Leather scoop, bronze medal, 1000; Frontenis, bronze medal, 1000. Roller Hockey - Second round games, 1600;

Second round games, 1730; Second round games, 1900.

games, 1900.

Synchronized Swimming — Duet prelims, 1300.

Table Tearls — Women's final doubles, 0900; Women's semifinal singles, 1700; Men's semifinal doubles, 1700.

Taskwondo — Men's and women's quarterfinals, bantam, weiter, heavy, 1100; Men's and women's semifinals, bantam, weiter, heavy, 1100; Men's and women's finals, bantam, weiter, heavy, 1100; Men's and women's finals, bantam, weiter, heavy, 1100; Men's 1500.

heavy, 1500, Women's Team Handball — U.S. vs. Nigeria, 0600; Austria vs. Norway, 0930; South Korea vs. Spein, 1100; Germany vs. Unified Team, 1430. Tennis - Men's doubles quarterlinais, 0900;

Men's and women's singles quarterfinals, 0900. Men's Volleybell — Japan vs. Canada, 0830; Unified Team vs. Neitherlands, 1100; Cuba vs. South Kores, 1300; Algeria vs. Brazil, 1530; Spain vs. France, 1700; U.S. vs. Italy, 1930. Water Polo – U.S. vs. France, 0730; Italy vs. Cubs. 0845; Germany vs. Czechoelovskia, 1000; Greece vs. Netherlands, 1630; Australia vs. United Team, 1745; Hungary vs. Spein, 1900. Weightiffing – Second heavyweight (110kg), 1030; Second heavyweight (110kg), final, 1630. Freetyle Wrestling – 52kg, 68kg, 100kg prelims, 0800; 52kg, 68kg, 100kg prelims, 0800; 52kg, 68kg, 100kg prelims, 1500. Yachting — Europe, seventh race, final; Finn, seventh race, final; Men's and women's 470, seventh race, finals; Soling, match race round-robin, 1130.

Monday's TV EUROPE All hours are local

Eurosport - 24-hour coverage.
Eurosport is a satellite channel which can be received in Andorra, Austria: Belgium, Britain, Czechoslovakia, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Gibraltar, Greece, Hungary Ireland, Italy, Liechtenstein, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Spain, Sweden and Spainerland

Austria - FS2: 0600, 1045, 1310, 1805, 1830, 1930, 2015, 2115, 2330. Beiglum - Tele21: 1200-2300: TVTWEE: 0925-

Britain - BBC-1: 0800-1230, 1915-2010, 2215-2400: BBC-2: 1230-1915, 2010-2105. Denmark — DR: 0700, -830, 0855, 1300, 1800, 1800, 2300; TV2: 0810, 0810, 1010, 1110, 1205, 1335, 1425, 1700, 2100, 2215.

Finland — TV1: 1020-1400, 1700-1800, 1815-1930, TV2: 1930-0100. France - FR3: 0900-1330, 2000-2230; A2: 1330-2000; Canal +: 24-hour coverage.

Germany - ZDF: 0600-2130, 2145-0015. Greece - ET-3: 1000-1400; ET-2: 1530-2045, 2400-0130; ET-1: 1855-2400. Ireland - Network2: 0900-2400. Italy - RAITRE: 0850-1400, 1950-2030, 2315-0030; RAIUNO: 1400-1630; RAIDUE: 1630-1935,

Netherlands - Nederland3: 0900-1755, 1820-1830, 1850-2155, 2245-0035.

Norway - NRK: 0850-1615, 1745-1830, 1955-2020, 2125-2215, 2235-0030. Spain - TVE2: 0845-0100.

Sweden - Kansi1: 0900-1755, 1925-2100, 2130-2300; TV2: 1755-1925, 2100-2130. Switzerland - TSR: 0600-0815, 1425-1655, 2250-2335; TSI: 1305, 1600-1655, 2320; DRS: 1730-1755, 2220-2300; Sports channel: 1755-

ASIA/PACIFIC All hours are local

The Seven Network: 0700-0900, 1200-1800, 1930. China - CCTV2: 0825-0800. 0916-1200, 1221-1500, 2010-2110, 2116-2300; CCTV8:1500-1930. Hong Kong — TVB Pearl: 0700-0730, 0800-0830, 1745-1915, 2030-2130, 2400-0500; ATV: 0800[0900, 1830-2000, 2300-0300.

Japan - NHK General: 0600-0800, 0835-1050, 1705-1827, 1930-2100, 2140-2300, 2400-0530; NHK BS-1: 24-hour coverage. Matayata — TV3; 0800-1800, 2230-0500.

New Zealand - TVNZ1: 1700-1800, 1930-1030. Singapore - SBC: 0600-0600, 1700-0400, South Korea - KBS1: 0600-0800, 0830-1230, 2200-0200; MBC: 0600-0645, 0740-0600, 1000-1300, 1740-1810, 2145-2200, 2300-0300. Talwan - TTV: 1700-1800, 2400-0200. Thelland - BBTV7: 2200-2400.

> **NORTH AMERICA** All hours are EST

da - CTV: 0200. United States - NBC: 0700-1000, 1930-2400,

So Far, Controversy Has Tarnished the Gold

مكذا من الاصل

BARCELONA - Halfway through these Olympic Games, there were more hairy issues and bald heads than multimedal heroes. Matters are unlikely to change this week in Barcelona, where drugs, commercialism and poor sportsmanship have found a comfortable roost on the medal stand.

Too often, the snapshots of grace and heart-feit accomplishment have been tainted by careless accusations, bullying, greed and provincial

hagging.
Already, three British athletes — a sprinter and two weight lifters — were sent home for positive drug tests two weeks before the Games. The sprinter, Jason Livingstone, was a great fan of Ben Johnson, the symbol of Olympic disgrace. A German swimmer, Dagmar Hase, had a tantrum when she was awarded a gold medal by an old nemesis, the head of doping control for ber country. The official, Harm Beyer, later

resigned under pressure, with a passionate poolside speech. "I have been insulted," said Beyer, who had been accused by Hase of discriminating against former East German athletes in favor of the West Germans. "I am leaving before it gets in controversy.

In a scant seven days, the Americans managed to offend just about everybody inside and ontside the Olympic village.

The telegenic Dream Team alternately charmed and insulted the curious. Michael Jordan, a Nike spokesman, flew through the air, but threatened to stay earthbound if forced to mount the medal stand in a Reebok uniform. Charles Barkley shoved an Angolan, then quipped,

"How did I know he didn't have a spear? Members of the women's swimming team, inclined to throw their bronze medals back into the pool, could not stop talking about the size and allegedly suspicious success of the Chinese team, hinting that the Chinese were using performance-enhancing drugs.

Jeany Thompson, world-record holder, unraveled in the individual sprints and blamed the detections procedures.

drug-testing procedures.

FINA, swimming's governing body, changed its testing policy midway through the competition, under pressure from the United States. Conveniently overlooking their own recent history with the drug suspension of Angel Mar-tino, the Americans demeaned the accomplishments of swimmers like Zhuang Yong, Lin Li,

questioned a call too loudly, for too long. He was shown a second yellow card that would eventually cost the Americans a victory against Japan, after an appeal to the International

Volleyball Federation. Samuelson's teammates, a rowdy bunch, shaved their heads like Samuelson to prove their persecution complex. The head of the United States Olympic delegation, Leroy T. Walker, filed a protest of his own asking for reconsideration. It failed, but pleased the team

The U.S. soccer team imploded, as its coach, Lothar Osiander, benched his goal-a-game scorer. Steve Snow, against Italy.

If Snow had scored a goal against Italy in the first game (a 2-1 loss), the Americans would still be playing soccer in the quarterfinals, and Osiander could stop complaining about the lack of talent in the United States.

There were inspiring moments to remember from the first week, as the focus of competition moved from swimming and gymnastics to box-ing and track and field.

Kristina Egerszepi, a graceful and gracious swimmer from Hungary, won three individual gold medals and established herself as one of the greatest backstrokers in history.

tute for an injured teammate, beat Shannon Miller of the United States to take the overall women's gymnastics title and become the reigning pixie. Among the victims was Kim Zmeskal. whose 10th-place finish was a bitter disappoint

Budding stars had their coming-out parties. Fu Ming Xia, a 13-year-old Chinese, won the women's platform diving, the second-youngest individual gold medal winner ever. She was so acrobatic, rival coaches complained that diving would never be the same.

Franziska Van Almsick, the lanky, powerful 14-year-old swimmer, stroked to two silvers. and two bronzes. She is one of the last vestiges of the old East German system.

As track and field began, there was reason to hope that a new competition would clear the air

Instead, the three top finishers in the shotput — Mike Stulce and James Doehring of the United States and Vyacheslav Lykho of the Unified Team — became the first medal-winning triumvirate in history to share a history of past drug suspensions.

With that sort of a send-off, the second half of the Olympics could live down to the first.

Nathalie Pensent.

joyed playing with the gold medals he

teammate, Steven

Redgrave, won in

the coxless pairs com-

and his British

held by her father, en-



BARCELONA - American Gail Devers, who couldn't run for more than two years due to Graves' disease, and 32-year-old British sprinter Linford Christie, who always has been overshadowed by more famous runners, Saturday night surprisingly won the women's and men's 100-meter dashes at the 1992 Summer Olympics.

Devers, 25, ran her best time ever to win one

of the closest 100-meter races in Olympic histo-

SATURDAY'S HIGHLIGHTS

ry. Five women finished within ,06 of a second of each other, they couldn't even tell who won by watching the replay on the huge television screen at the Olympic Stadium.

Devers's time was 10.82 seconds, silver med- Marc Rosset of Switzerland. alist Inhet Cothbert of Jamaica finished in

Also losing in the third round was fifth10.83 and the Unified Team's Irina Privalova
won the bronze in 10.84. Given Torrence, the Fabrice Santoro of France, 6-1, 2-6, 6-1, 6-5. U.S. gold-medal favorite, was fourth in 10.86
Goran Ivanisevic of Croatia, seeded fourth, seconds and charged that "three people in the survived his third consecutive five-set match, race weren't clean," insinuating the unnamed athletes are on performance-enhancing drugs.

Fifteen minutes after the women ran, Christie led all the way to defeat a lackluster men's field in the relatively slow time of 9.96 seconds. Frank Fredericks of Namibia, at 24 a rising star in the sprinting world, won the silver in 10.02 seconds; American Dennis Mitchell, 26, won the bronze in 10.04. Canada's Ben Johnson, who won the gold

when he tested positive for steroids, failed to reach the eight-man final. He stumbled out of the blocks in his semifinal heat and finished last in 10.70 seconds.

The women's marathon produced the closest margin of victory in Olympic history as Valen-tina Yegorova of the Unified Team edged Yuko Arimori of Japan by 8 seconds with a time of 2:32:41. Lorraine Moller of New Zealand won

Silke Renke became the second German to win the women's javelin, with a throw of 224 feet 2 inches (68.67 meters). Natalya Shikolenko of the Unified Team won the silver (223-11) and Karen Forkel of Germany the bronze

■ In tennis, Jim Courier of the United States, the world's No. 1-ranked player and the top seed at the Games, was upset, 6-4, 6-2, 6-1, by

beating No. 15 Jakob Hlasek of Switzerland, 3-6, 6-0, 4-6, 7-6 (7-1), 9-7. ■ In gymnastics, Romania's Lavinia Milosovici in floor exercise and China's Lu Li on the uneven bars scored perfect 10s to win gold

States won her fifth medal of the Olympics to tic Mary Lou Retton's record for the most won by an American woman. Miller, 15, tied for silver in the balance beam

medals, while Shannon Miller of the United

exercise to add to her earlier silver in the individual all-around and bronze in the team competition. But Kim Zmeskal, the 16-year-old reigning world champion, fell on the vault and finished out of the running in the floor exercise — her best event — even though she scored a respectable 9.9 points. She will go home with one medal, the team bronze.

Lu, 15, a gymnast from Hunan who has competed since she was 5, weighs barely 60 pounds (27 kilograms) and whipped herself medal in 1988 in Seoul but had it stripped away and won bronzes in the uneven bars and floor around the uneven bars with a dexterity and the vault.

suppleness that amszed the crowd. It was her Lu also tied Miller for the silver medal in the

Milosovici, 15, performed a dazzling array of twists and somersaults that every judge deemed faultless. She also shared the vault gold with Hungary's Henrietta Onodi to go with her bronze in the's all-around. The gold medal for the beam went to Tatiana Lisenko of the Unified Team. Earlier, Lisenko won the bronze in



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^B U.S. Boxer Loses Appeal To New Scoring System

BARCELONA - Two-time world champion Eric Griffin's bid to remain in the Olympic boxing tournament failed Sunday when the sport's ruling body rejected an appeal to reverse the American's controversial loss to a Spaniard.

As far as the International Amateur Boxing Association is concerned, the incident is closed." said Arthur Tunstall, chairman of the association's technical rules com-

U.S. boxing officials appealed immediately after 48-kilogram (106-pound) division's bout Saturday to a jury composed of the members of the referees and judges commission and the technical rules commission. That jury rejected the J.S. appeal Sunday afternoon, and U.S. officials then appealed to the international group's executive

Griffin, heavily favored to win the gold in his division, was beaten on a 6-5 decision by Rafael Lozano in a second-round bout.

All five judges awarded Griffin more points than Lozano but the Spaniard won because of the way the new computer scoring works. According to the handwritten scorecards of the jury. Griffin was the unanimous winner. And acfording to a printout reflecting the total number of scoring blows reg-istered by the five judges after each round. Griffin landed 81 blows to 50 for Lozano.

But for a point to be recorded under the new scoring system, at least three judges must push a button to register a blow within a second after it lands or the fighter is not credited with it. So Griffin only led, 2-1, after the

first round and was leading by only 3-2 after the second round, meaning the judges only gave him 1 point for what seemed to he a tremendous amount of action, U.S. officials, in their appeal,

contended that the problem was slow reaction time by the judges. "I really don't let anything get to me," Griffin said Sunday when he heard the news, "Bad things hap-

pen to good people. I got the disappointment out of me by running 31/2 miles this morning." In bouts Sunday, world champi-

on Juan Lemus, the amateur world's classiest light-middle-Mi weight, led a trio of Cubans into the

dds ayır

quarter-finals while a U.S.-based boxer inflicted the mother of all defeats on an Iraqi fighter on the second anniversary of Iraq's invasion of Kuwait

Fao Maselino of American Samoa scored a technical knockout over Furas Hashim of Iraq, putting him down 54 seconds into the first round with a left hook to the chin. Furas eventually got to his feet but the referee stopped the fight. As Maselino did a somersault of joy across the ring, Furas leaned against his corner post and wept.

Cuba's Lemus destroyed Markus Beyer in the first round, the referee stopping the light with five seconds left after the German had taken three right uppercuts to the head. The last hit Beyer on the nose and

Beyer's expression as he headed for his corner indicated be had never been hit that hard before. Lemus is unbeaten for five years in major competitions outside the Olympics. German light-welterweight Andreas Zuelow also had the misfortune to meet a Cuban at the top of

bis form when Hector Vinent forced him to take one standing count and won 14-2 on points. Vinent now meets Oleg Nikolaev

of the Unified Team while Lemns's

olavskis of Latvia.

The first Cuban to fight Sunday was flyweight Raul Gonzáles, who was a class or two above Moses Malagu, using his long reach to pick off the wildly thrashing Nigerian.

Malagu was forced to take two standing counts in the first round and lasted only 30 seconds in the second before he was stopped with a cut under the left eye. Gonzáles was ahead 12-2 at the time. Gonzáles will now fight David

Serradas Suarez in the flyweight quarterfinals after the Venezuelan beat Germany's Mario Loch, 9-4. The most impressive non-Cubans on show were Algerian feath-

erweight Hocine Soltani and American Tim Austin, who outclassed Bulgarian Yulian Strogov. Austin, a flyweight, won 19-7 af-ter inflicting a standing count in

the third round. Soltani, a world championship bronze medalist, spent most of his fight against Carlos Allende of Puerto Rico going backwards. But his precision punching gave Allende a masterclass in bow to make every chance count. The Al-(UPI, Reuters)



Tim Austin of the United States outclassed Yulian Strogov of Bulgaria in a flyweight bout to gain the boxing quarterfinals.

Teenage Chinese, Again, Are Leading in Diving

By Gerald Eskenazi

New York Times Service BARCELONA - Two teenage Chinese, diving like grown-ups, led the 12 qualifiers Sunday

in the theatrical men's 10-meter platform div-With taut command of their bodies, there was little question that Sun Shuwei and Xiong Ni would make it to Monday's championship in

this mountain site overlooking the city. And Scott Donie of the United States, perhaps the first diver in Olympic history to walk on the three-story platform with a tape player in his ear blasting "Riders on the Storm," was a comfortable qualifier in third place.

But teammate Matt Scoggin had a problem. He had blown dives 5 and 6, and only one remained. He was in 15th place.

Normally, divers don't read the scoreboard. They don't want to know what anyone else is doing. He knew he needed a total of more than 80 points, a mega-dive,

This time, he asked his coach, Mike Brown, "Do I have a chance?"

"Yes, if you get 8s and 9s," said Brown.

Eights and 9s? After 4s and 5s? out of 10? Scoggin's final dive called for a backward 11/2 somersault with 31/2 twists. It's one of those weird-looking affairs that you think can't be negotiated in 11/2 seconds, the time it takes to ap off the equivalent of a three-story building.

"I knew I could do the back-twister," be said. "It's something I've gotten 80 points on be-And so he did again, amassing 83.520, in fact

— equaling the day's top dive, which had been produced by Xiong. With that performance, Scoggin nudged out Michael Murpby of Australia, Murpby's coach, Steve Foley, went over to Brown and said, "I'll

strangle you - but well done." Meanwhile, it was a day of brilliance for 18-

year-old Xiong and 16-year-old Sun. Their ages are in stark contrast to the Americans'. Scoggin is 28, Donie 23.

The age disparity between the Americans and Chinese recalls that the women's platform was captured earlier in the Games by 13-year-old Fu Mingxia. Mary Ellen Clark, 29, of the United States took the bronze. Fu was the

second youngest individual gold medalist in Olympic history.

But Xiong won the silver medal in 1988 in Seoul at the age of 14. And Sun has been competing internationally since he was 14. Divers are creatures of habit. Donie discovered during practice that he was doing great after be would pop a cassette into the portable player, trudge up the stairs and walk around the platform with it on. Of course, he took it off

before his dive. Sunday, his musical selection included the Grateful Dead's "Doing That Rag."
"It relaxes me," he claimed. "It's not illegal

and no one told me not to do it."

On the other hand, diving officials couldn't recall anyone else toting up the piece of equipment. He left it up there until after the last diver was finished.

He was staying around anyway to try to get his teammate into the final.

"I wished Matt luck," said Donie, "and then I went up into the stands and yelled as loud as I could so I could influence the judges to give him

A Scoring System That Needs Work

By Dave Anderson New York Times Service

B ARCELONA — When Yogi Berra once was asked what be thought about while in the batter's box, baseball's eminent philosopher blurted, "You can't think and hit at the same time."

Many of the Olympic boxing judges would agree. While they're thinking about trying to assess what's happening in the ring above them, they can't seem to but the blue and red keys on their scoring computer quickly enough to register a punch.

As a result, the U.S. light-flyweight, Eric Griffin, is out of the Olympic tournament. Out even though he clearly deserved to win. Out because of a silly scoring system. Out because boxing is boxing.

At 5 feet, 3 inches and 106 pounds (1.60 meters and 48 kilograms), he's not much wider than a ring post. But pound for pound, he's considered the best of the U.S. boxers. At age 23, he's the captain of the team, the

world champion in his division since 1989, twice a finalist for the **Vantage** Sullivan Award as America's out-Point ther of a 21-year-old son who re-

mained with his mother in their trailer in Sequatchie, Tennessee. But now Eric Griffin, a second-round loser to Rafael Lozano of Spain. is best known as the latest American boxer to get jobbed in the Olympics. In 1984 in Los Angeles, Evander Holyfield, now the world heavyweight champion, was disqualified by a Yugoslav referee. In his semifinal, Holyfield sagged Kevin Barry with a right to the ribs, then floored the New Zealand light-heavyweight with a left hook. The referee, Gligorije Novicic, ruled that Holyfield had let go the left hook after he had yelled,

In 1988 in Seoul weiterweight Roy Jones Jr., clearly outpointed Park Si Hun in the final. But three of five judges voted for the Korean, who raised Jones's hand and told him, "I lost the fight." Ordered by Olympic officials to clean up its judging after that embarrassing decision, the International Amateur Boxing Federation adopted the computerized

"I remember seeing Roy Jones's fight on television," Griffin said. "I told myself, That could happen to me. And when it did happen, Evander Holyfield came down to see me and told me. "Don't worry about it." Not winning that fight hurts. I thought I dominated all three rounds. That guy was no competition for me."

Despite his disappointment, Griffin smiled often, his gold front tooth flashing — the only gold he'll take home.

"But that judge came back after being suspended," he was saying now without a smile. "That's just not kosher." That judge is white-haired Keith Dadzie of Ghana, the primary

petrator of Saturday's compiner heist. Under the system, at least three of the five judges must recognize a scoring punch and depress the appropriate red or blue button within one second for that punch to be credited. The time limit begins with the first judge to depress the points button. If one or two judges depress the button within that one second and the other three do not, the computer does not count that punch.

Dadzie had been suspended for two days last week after producing two 0-0 computer scorecards. But the judges' blind draw assigned him to the Griffin-Lozano bout.

Over three rounds, the Ghana judge's reaction to punches produced an 8-5 edge for Griffin and the other four judges also had Griffin ahead in punches (26-17 by the Canadian judge, 19-10 by the Pakistani judge, 18-9 by the Yugoslav judge, 10-9 by the Argentine judge: 81-50 in Griffin's favor). But because of the one-second limit, the computer registered only 11 punches, with a 6-5 edge that sent the Spaniard into the quarter-finals when the United States protest was rejected yesterday.

"It's like if you got a typewriter," Joe Byrd, the United States coach, said of the system. "If you got a guy who don't know how to type, you don't have nothin'."

"I think computer scoring is the thing of the future," said Paul Konnor. in a matchup of winless teams, the USA Boxing counsel. "But it needs to be refined."

Croatia Rallies Past Angola

INC SCOREBOAN

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches BARCELONA - Croatia outscored Angola, 32-5, in the final stretch Sunday to overcome an 18point deficit and post a 73-64 victory in its last preliminary-round game of the basketball tournament

Croatia, already assured the No. 2 seeding in Group A behind the United States, rested its starters in the first half and Angola took advantage to seize a 38-27 lead.

The Croatian stars Toni Kukoc and Dino Radja started the second half, but the African champions were hot from the outside and An-

gola ran up a 59-41 lead. Two unheralded players, Arizjan Komazec, who finished with 22 points, and Franjo Arapovic led Croatia's rally.
Radja hurt his left knee and had

bandaged, but his teammates said later that it was not serious and that he was expected to play in Tuesday's quarterfinals. Lithuania 98, Australia 87: Arvi-

das Sabonis missed much of the first half with fouls, then returned to dominate inside as Lithuania clinched second place in Group B. Lithuania rebounded from its rout by the Unified Team two days earlier to advance to Tuesday's

meter) center who keyed the Soviet Union's march to the gold medal four years ago, picked up his third foul with 9:33 left in the first half, in which he got six points and two

oints and nine rebounds, scoring 10 straight points in one stretch as Lithuania took control.

Brazil 85. Germany 76: Brazil clinched a spot in the quarterfinals as Paulo Villas scored 27 points while Josuel Santos, at 22 the youngest player on the team, had 20

Schmidt went just 4 for 22 from the field — 1 for 13 in the first half and finished with 14 points, half his average for the first four games.

Venezuela 96, China 88: Carl Herrera and Gabe Estaba each scored 23 points to lead Venezuela



PHILIPS HELPS THE STARS SHINE

WITH LIGHTING, SOUND AND VISION AT THE BARCELONA OLYMPIC GAMES

PHILIPS



quarterfinals against Brazil. Sabonis, the 7-foot, 3-inch (2.20-

rebounds. But he finished the game with 26

points and 11 rebounds. Brazil needed them, as Oscar

Germany finished fourth in the pool and also advanced.

(Reuters, AP)

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SPÖRTS OLYMPICS

OLYMPIC SCOREBOARD

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MEDALS

Sunday's Finals

ARCHERY
79-METEE INDIVIDUA),
GOLD—Cho Your-Jeorg, South Korea
SILVER—Kim Soo-Nyung, South Korea
BRONZE—Notatia Valeeva, Unified Team
CAMOE-KAYAK SINGLE KAYAK SLALOM

GOLD-Pierpoole Perruzzi, Italy SILVER-Sylvoin Curinier, France BRONZS-Jochen Lettmann, Germany DOUBLE CAROE SLALOM GOLD-Scott Strousbough and Joe Jocobi

SILVER—Miroslay Simek and Jirl Roham BRONZE-Franck Adisson and Wilfrid For-CYCLING

INDIVIDUAL ROAD
GOLD—Fobio Courteill, Italy
SILVER—Erik Dukker, Netterlands
BRONZE—Daints Ozols, Lafvia FENCING

INDIVIDUAL SABRE **GYMMASTICS** PLOOR

GOLD-LI Xicombuong, Chits SILVER-Grisori Mistorine, Unified Teom BRONZE-Yukis Intoni, Jopon HORIZONTAL BAE GOLD-Trent Dimos, United Stat SILVER-Grisori Mistutin, Unified Team and Andreas Wecker, Germany

PARALLEL BARS GOLD—Vitali Chicherbo, Unified Team SILVER-LI Jing, China on Linyon, China, hor Korobichinald, Unified Teams, M Japan RINGS

GOLD—Vital Chickerbo, Unified Teom 31LVER—LJ Jing, China BRONZE—LJ Xioseahvang, China; and Andreas Wecker, Germany SIDE HORSE
GOLD-Vitaly Shcherto, United Team
SILVER-Pae Gil-au, North Karea
BRONZE-Andreus Wecher, Germony

YAULT
GOLD-Virol Chicherbo, United Team
51LVER-Gripori Misloutine, Unified Team
BRONZE-Yoo Ok Ryul, Seuth Korea

MEN BANTAMWEIGHT (& Klieffer)
GOLD-North Gousselnov, Unified Teom
SILVER-Yoon Hyun, South Kerea
BRONZE-- Todonori Koshina, Japon, Richord Troutmont, Germony WOMEN BANTAMWEIGHT

GOLD-Cecile Newak France SILVER—Ryoke Temura, Japan BRONZE— Hulyo Senyuri, Turkay, and Amarille Savon Carmenaty, Cuba ROWING COXED PAIRS

GOLD—Britain SILVER—Italy BRONZS—Rome BRONZE—Romania
COXLESS FOURS
GOLD—Australia
SILVER—United States
BRONZE—Slovenia
QUADRUPLE SCUILLS

GOLD—Germony SILVER—Norway BRONZE—Halv COXED EIGHTS

GOLD—Conodo SILVER—Romania BRONZE—Germany

BRONZE—Germany
WOMEN
SURGLE SCULLS
GOLD—Eliabeta Lipa, Romania
SILVEN—Annelies Brednet, Betalum
BRONZE—Silican Suzette Laumann, Canado
QUADRUPLE SCULLS GOLD—Germany STLVER—Romania BRONZE—Unified Team

COXED EIGHTS GOLD—Conado SILVER—Romanio BRONZE—German

BRONZE—Germany
SHOOTING
BPEN TRAP
GOLD—Petr Hrdicka, Czechosłovak
5ILVER—Kazumi Watariobe, Jopan
BRONZE—Marco Venturini, histy TRACK & FIELD 3000 METERS

WOLD—Elene Romanova. Unified Team SILVER—Tottong Dorovaldiru. Unified Team B RONZE—Angels Frances Chalmers. Conado WOMEN HEPTATHLON GOLD—Jackle Joyner-Keraes, United States, \$1LVER—Iring Belava, Unified Team BROWER—Extended

BRONZE-Sabine Brown, German MEN HAMMER THROW GOLD—Andry Abduvotive, Unified Teom SILVER—Iger Astestovich, Unified Teom BRONZE—Iger Nikelin, Unified Teom Theogra serie we have to finish off new.

HIGH JUMP
GOLD—Javler Schomsvor, Cubo
SILVER—Potrik Slobers, Sweden
BRONZE—Arbur Partyko, Poland; Timothy

YACHTING MEN BOARDSAILING FINAL STANDINGS GOLD-Mark Reynolds and Holman. U.S.
SILVER-Roderick David Gebrard. United States
BRONZE-Lots Kieppich Australia
STAR CLASS FINAL STAND 1963
GOLD-Mark Reynolds and Hol Hosnel. U.S.
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ed and Erfc Jesperse FLYING DUTCHMAN FINAL
GOLD—Luis Doreste and Dominso Monrieta, Sodin
SILVER—Paul Foerster and Stochen Bourdow Luise Africa (1997)

dow, United States Jarsen Baisen and Jens Bolsen, Denmar

WOMEN

ROARDSAILING

GOLD—Barbora Anne Kendoll New Zealand

SILVER—Kloodone Lanna. China

BRONZE—Carlen De Vries. Natherlands

WEISHTLIFTING

GOLD—Victor Transabov. United Team

SILVER—Timpur Talmasov. United Team

BRONZE—Weldermar Melak. Poland

Saturday's Finals CANOE-KAYAK

GARON-KAYAK
Men
Genee Sleiom
GOLD-Lukus Poiteri, Czechestovskia
SILVER-Goreth Marriott, British
BRONZE-Jocky Avril France
Women
Kayak Sleiom
GOLD-Ellacieth Micheler, Germany
SILVER-Denietle Agre Woodward, Austrolia BRONZE-Dana Chlodek, United States

GOLD—Eric Sreck, France SILVER—Povel Kolobkov, Unified Team BRONZE—Jean-Michel Henry, France GYMMASTICS

GYMNASTICS
Women
Behance Beam
GOLD—Tottono Lisenico, Unified Team
SILVER—Lo IL, Chino
SILVER—Souther Miller, Unified States
Floer Exercise
GOLD—Lavinto Corina Millouvici, Romanici
SILVER—Henrietto Oncoll Huspary
BRONZE—Shannon Miller, Unified States;
Cristina Bontos, Romanici and Tationo
Gritsu, Unified Team,
Userves Bars
GOLD—Lu LL, Chino
SILVER—Tottono Guisu, Unified Team
BRONZE—Shannon Miller, Unified States
VeeB GOLD—Henrietta Onodi, Hungary and La-vinia Carina Milasovici, Romania BRONZE—Tatiana Lisenias, Unified Team

Wennen SZ Külegrams GOLD-Aimudena Munaz Martinez, Spalm SILVER-Marito Mizoguchi, Japan BRONZE-LI Zhansvun, China and Sharon Bandle, Richel

GOLD—Thomas Lawae, Germany SILVER—Vaciov Chalupa, Czechoslovakia BRONZE—Kalerian Broatewaki, Poland Cardes Petra GOLD—Britain (Steven Resgrave, Marithew Pinsent)
SILVER—Germany (Peter J. Hoeitzenbein,
Colin R. Von Ettingshousen)

BRONZE-Slovenic (Iztok Cop, Denis Zve-Deuble Schills GOLD—Australia (Stephen Howkins, Peter Antonie) 51),VER—Austria (Armold Jonke, Christoph BRONZE-Netherlands [Henk-Jan Zwolle.

Nico Rienks)
Caxed Pours
GOLD—Romania (Vierel Tolopon, jolica
Rulcon, Dimitrie Ponescu, Michiale Toga, Du-SILVER—Germony (Uwe Jury Keliner, Rolf Brudel, Thoralf Peters, Korsten Flyger, Hen-BRONZE—Poland (Jacek Streich, Wolciech Jankowski, Tomosz Tomiak, Mociej Lasicki, Jankowski, Tomes Michai Clesiak)

Woman -Coxiess Pairs
GOLD—Conoda (Mornie McBean, Kainleen SILVER-Germony (Stelan) Werremeler, Inpeburg Schwerzmann)
BRONZE—United States (Anna Section, Stephonie Pierson) Desbie Scells

GOLD-Germany | Kerathi Kospeen, Kathrid SILVER-Romonia (Veronica Cochelea, Ellsobeta Lipo) BRONZE—China (Gu Xigoli, Lu Huzil)

Codest Femx

GOLD—Conode (Kirster) Bornes, Brende
Taylor, Jeselca Monroe, Koy Wortkinsten)
SILVE R—United States (Sheloph Donohee, Cindy Ectart, Amy Fuller, Carol Feeney)
BRONZE—Germany (Antie Frank Gabriele
Mehl. Birte Slech. Annette Hoto)
SHOOTING

Mee Terpet
GOLD-Michael Jokeelts, Germany
SILVER-Anatoli Araboev. Unified Team
BRONZE-Lubes Rocansky, Czechostovskia

BRUNZE—Luce Rocensky, Cochoelovskia Wismer Air Pintel GOLD—Marino Loevkepka, Unified Teom SILVER—Joses Sekorfe, Yuesekavia BRONZE—Marina Zdravkovo Grousdevo, Branzen TRACK AND FIELD Men 189 Meters

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CANOE-KAYAK

SUNDAY'S RESULTS

SUNDAY'S REPULTS

AREN

Steete Kovak Sistem

1. Pierpoolo Ferrazzi, Huly, 104.89; 2, Sylvain Curinter, Franca, 107,58; 2, Jachen Laftmann, Gerwany, 108.52; 4, Richard Fox, Briton, 108.55; 8, Louvent Brissoud, Franca, 108.37; 6, Marjon Strukell, Slovenka, 110.11; 7, Malyyn Jones, Briton, 110.49; 8, Ian Wiley, Ireland, 110.45; 9, Albin Cizman, Slovenka, 110.73; 10, Jones Skok, Slovenka, 111.52. Double Cunce Statem

Deable Cunce Statem

1, scott Strausbaugh and Joe Jacobi. United States, 122.41; 2, Miraskov Simek and Jirt Ro-han, Crecheskyakia, 134.24; 2, Eresta Stotes, 122.41; 2, Akroskov Simek and Jir Ro-han, Caschaldovskia, 134.25; 3, Franck Adis-son and Wilfrid Forsoes, Prance. 124.38; 4, Jamie McEwan, United States, and Lacky Holler, United States, 122.95; 5. Uell Marti and Pater Mattil, Suffizerland, 122.25; 4. Pavel Stericl and Petr Steric, Caschaslovskia, 130.02; 7, Jan Petricek and Tamas Petricek, Preschestrantis I. 313.64 a. Thlerry Soldi and 130,62; 7, Jon Petricek and Temas Petricek, Csechostovakia, 131,56; 3, Thierry Soldi and Enginamiel Del Ray, France, 132,29; 9, Monfred Berra and Alichasi Triumner, Ger-many, 132,63; 19, Krzysztof Kolomanski and Alichai Stantszewski, Peland, 138,75, SATURDAY'S EESULTS

MEN Cence State |Theil L Lokes Pattert. Czecheslovekie. 113,49 points; & Gerath Morrioth, Britain. 114,48; 3. Josev Avril. France. 117,18; 4. Jon Luebill. United States. 118,22; & Renoto De Monti, Itoly, 119,82; 4. Morrin Lane, Germany. 118,19; 7. Emmanuel Brugvin, France. 119,19; 8. Jurai Ontito. Czechoslovakio, 223,20.

Kayak States Final
Timel

CYCLING

MEN
Instribut Rend Fleet

1, Fobio Coserietti (Gold), Moty, 4 hours, 35
minutes 21 seconda; 42,34 Km/h; 2, Erik Delker (Silver), Holland; 3, Doinis Ozota
Bronzel, Latvia; 4, Erik Zabel, Germany; 5,
Louri Aust, Estonia; 4, Andreis Syrykovski,
Polandi; 7, Syrvon Bolay, France; 8, Arvis
Pistu, Latvia; 7, Roido Kadanisork, Estonia;
16, Grent Rice, Australia,

FIELD HOCKEY

Pool B 1 0 0 2 1 1 1 0 6 1 2 1 0 7 3 0 5 0 2 7 SUNDAY'S EESULTS

Pool A
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Pool E
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3 1 0 14 5 6
1 3 0 7 18 2
1 5 0 11 15 5
0 4 0 8 11 0 Pool A

SATURDAY'S RESULTS Germany & Egypt 1 Pokiston 3, Netherlands 1 Malaysia 3, New Zepland 1 Spain 4, Unified Toom 8 Britain 2, Argentina 1

TRACK &



HAMMER THROW

E-HAAL
LAndrey Abduvallyev, Gold, United Team,
12.54 meters; E. igor Aslopkovich, Silver, Uni-fled Team, 81.96; 3, Igor Nikulin, Bronze, Unifled Team, \$1.38; 4 Jud Lagan, United States 79.09; 4. Tibor Gaczek, Hungary, 77.78; 6. Juri Tumm. Estania, 17.52; 7. Heinrich Weis, Ger-many, 78.99; 8. Lance Earl Deat, United States, 76.84; 9. Seon Carlin, Australia, 76.14; 10. Johann Lindner, Austria, 75.14; 11. Chris-topie Epolle, France, 74.84; 12, Earlea Sgru-lefti, Italy, 72.98.

1, Javier Sotomayor, Cuba, 234 meters; 2 Potrik Slobers, Sweden, 234; 3, Artur Par-Poirik Slobers, Sweden, 234; 3, Artur Partyka, Poland, 231; 3, Timothy Forsythe, Australia, 234; 3, HoSis Conwoy, United Stotes, 234; 4, Rosis Sone, Germany, 231; 7, Troy Keris, Baharmas, 231; 8, Marino Drake Rodriguez, Cuba, 228; 8, Charles Austin, United Slotes, 228; 8, Dragutin Toole, Yugoslav, 228; 1), Gustavo Bacquer, Spain, 228; 12, Stephen Smith, Britan, 234; 13, Sorin Morte, Romania, 214; 14, Georgi Dakov, Bulgaria, 234, WOMEN

300 METERS

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Stee METERS
Final

1. Elena Raminova, Gald, Unified Team, 9
minutes 46.64 seconds; 2. Tuffana Dartuskikh
, Silver, Unified Team, 9:44.35; 3. Anseld
Frances Chalmers, Bronze, Canado, 5x.7.22;
4. Sonka O'sulliver, Ireland, 8:47.41; 8. Puttl
Sue Phumer, Unified Stoks, 8:42.21; 4. Elena
Kopytova, Unified Team, 8:49.52; 7. Shelly
Steely, Unified Stoks, 8:72.47; 8. Pytone
Korolovic, Unified Team, 8:49.52; 7. Shelly
Steely, Unified Stoks, 8:72.47; 8. Pytone
Korolovic, Germany, 9:612; 8. Dalsules Nistring, Britain, 0:55.85; 9. Allson Wyeth, Britain,
9:60.33, 18, Roberto Brutet, Italy, 9:01.24; 11,
Acarpareta Keszes, Romonole, 7:03.164 Marke
Pletre Duros, France, obandoned, Plerre Duros, France, obande SATURDAY'S RESULTS

FIMALS 1. Silke Renk, Germany, 68.34 meters 2. 14g-lin Shikolenko, Unified Teom, 68.26; 2. Karen Forkel, Germany, 66.86; 4 Tesso Sanderso Britain, 62.58; 8, Trine Hottestad, Norwa 63.54; 6 Hell Orvokki Rantonen, Finland, 62.5

SHOOTING



SUNDAY'S RESULTS

SUNDAY'S RESULTS

Open Trop
Final Standings

1. Petr Hrdlicka (Gold), Cachoslovakia, 195
points-24—219.3; 2. Kazumi Watanobe (Silver), Jopon, 195-24—219.3; 8. Marco Venturini
(Bronzel Holy, 195-23—218.3; 6. Jory
Damme, Germany, 195-23—218.3; 8. Pevelkybec, Crochoslovakia, 196-23—218; 8. Joy H.
Waldron, U.S.195-23—217; 7. Jose Bladas Torros. Souin, 194—194; 8. Zhone Bladas Torros. Souin, 194—194; 8. Zhone Blan, China. ras. Spain,194—194; B. Zhong Bing, China, 194—194; 7, Russell Mark, Australia, 173—173; onni Pellicko, Itoly, 193-193. SATURDAY'S RESU).TS

Final

1. Michael Jakasits, Germany, 473.0 pairds:

2. Anatoli Aaraboev, Unified Team, 672.0; 2. Lubas Ractinsky, Czechoslovakia, 678.0; 6. Jassef Sita, Hungary, 657.0; 6. Jassef Sita, Hungary, 657.0; 7. Kim Man Chol, North Korea, 573; 8. Shu Qinacuon, China, 573.

WOMEN
Air Pistel
Final

I. Marina Losvivenka, Unified Team, 4844
paints (outscared Sekaric in 10-shot final
round for paid medall; 2. Jesta Sekaric, Yupassavia, 4844; 3. Marina Ziravitava Grousdeva, Bulgaria, 4814; 4. Wans Lina, China,
491; 8. Cris Kaid, Sweden, 4783; 6. Maria
Pilar Fernandez Julian, Spain, 4783; 7, Danleio Duralitrasca, Romania, 4781; 8. Mirestawa Sogum, Poland, 4778.

VOLLEYBALL

Japan United States		2 2	1
Spain		0	2
	Pool B	•	
Cuba		3	0
Brazil		1	1
Mather lands		1	5
China		0	2
SUM	DAY'S RES	ULTS	
	ROWER		
	Post A		
Unified Team 3.	Japan 0 (15-	はな	- 11
Haddad Stoles &	Cools 6 /14	L4. 16	E

Spein 0 (15-4, 15-5, 15-16) Peel B ands 0 (15-11, 15-11, 15-12) Pool A

Pool 8

SATURDAY'S EESULTS SATURDAY'S REPORTS

Unified Team 3, South Korea 0 (15-9, 15-4, 15-11)
Socio 1, Japon 2 (15-4, 5-15, 15-7, 15-11)
Methericutts 2, Alexin 0 (15-2, 15-4, 15-4)
Hally 3, Concolo 1 (15-11, 8-15, 15-72, 15-7)
Light 3, Edward 3, Edward 6 (15-6, 15-16, 15-16)
Light 4, Edward 3, Edward 6 (15-6, 15-16, 15-16) United States 2: France 9 (15-5, 15-12, 15-8) Brogil B, Cuba 1 (15-6, 15-8, 12-15, 15-6)

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and we are no service (English) , e.g. the color () () () () () () () ()

BADMINTON

MEN SINGLES Guertinals Alon Budi Kusuma, Indonesio, def. Kim Hok Kyun, Koraa, 15-9, 15-4; Thomas Stuer-Lourid-sen, Denmark, def. Sidak Rashki, Malaysta, alregi.E\$
QuesterSands Somharuthol
Jaroenstri, Tholland, 11-4, 11-1; Huars Hea,
Chino, def. Lee Houne-Soon, Korno, 11-3, 19-12,
11-4; Tong Jiohona, China, def. Anna Loo,
Australia, 11-9, 11-1.

ناكم

TENNIS

Servicias
Tribrid reunsi
Andrei Cherkonov. Unified Teom, def. Pate
Sempros, U.S., 6-7 (**-1), *-6-7-6-6, 6-3; Jordi
Arrana, Spoin, def. Rerezo Purion, Hohy, 6-4-6-4-2; Fobrica Sonioro, Fronce, def. Boria Fronz
Becker, Germany, 6-1-3-6-1-6-3; Morre Respect.
Switzeriond, def. Jim Courier, U.S., 6-4, 6-4, 6-1. Switzerland, det. Jim Courier, U.S., 6-4, 6-4, 6-1. Jahne Oncins. Brazil, def. Mark Koever-mons. Holland, 7-6 (7-1), 6-8, 7-6 (7-2); Geren Ivanisevic, Cracitis, def. Jokob Hissels, Switzer-land, 3-6, 6-9, 4-6, 7-6 (7-1), 9-7; Lancarda Lovelle, Mexico, def. Corl-Uwe Steek, Germany, 6-4, 3-6, 6-3, 6-2; Emilio Sanchez, Sealn, def. Moenus Lorsson, Sweden, 6-4, 7-6 (7-3), 6-7 (5-7), 6-4.

A SINGLES
Taird round
Jennifer Coprint, United States, def. Yavvik
Basukl, Indonesia, 6-1.6-4; Manuela MolesvoFragniere, Switzeriowi, def. Angelica Gavatdan Lootin, Mexica, 6-4.6-3; Steff Graf, Germany, def. Mosdalena Malesva, Bulgaria, 6-3,
6-4; Canchito Martinez, Septia, def. Amanda
Coetzer, Soth Adrico, 4-4, 6-3; Anke Huber,
Germany, def. Nicala Muns-Joserman, Holland, 7-5,7-4, (7-3); Aranhan Sanchez-Vicaria,
Soth, def. Barbara Rithere, Germany, 46-6.1

otn, del. Borbara Rittner, Germany, 4-6, 6-6-1; Mary Joe Fernandez, United States, del Notalia Zvereva, Unified Team, 7-6 (11-9), 6 Notalia Zvereva, Unimo. 1: Sabine Appelmans, Belgium, def. ! Maniakava, Unified Team, 6-), 6-3.

GYMNASTICS SUNDAY RESULTS

MEN
Side Horse
Final
1. Vitaty Shcherba, Unitled Team, 9.75; 1, Pas
Gil-su North Korso, 9.75; 1, Andreas Wedder,
Germany, 9.87; 6, Gue Linyao, China, 9.875; 5,
Achris Woller, United States, 9.85; 6, Yoshloki Hafekeda, Japan, 9.775; 7, LT Jins, China, 9.250; 7, Valeri Belenki, Unified Team,
9.250, Parettel Bors

1, L.J. Xlonophuome (Gold), China, 9,925 points/2, Grisori Mistoutina (Stiver), Unified Trans. 9,787; 2, Yukie Identai, Janan (Silver), 9,787; 4, Yea Qi, Ryul, Kores, 9,775; 5, Yufoka Altoru, Japan, 8,787; 6, Vitali Chicherba, Uni-

1. Vitoli Chicherto (Gold), Unitled Team, 9.53/points; 2, L. Jing (Silver), China, 9.575; 3, L. Xigosobusone (Branze), China, 9.562; 8, Andreas Wecker (Bronze), Germany, 9.562; 8, Voleri Belanki, Unitled Team, 9.25; 6, Stiveszler Csollany, Hungary, 9, 800; 7, Yukio Ikatoni, Joson, 9.562; 8, Kolofer Petrov Khristony, Bulania, 9.70. tazov. Bulgario, 9.750.

Final

1, Vitali Chicherba, Unified Team, 9.354
points; 2, Grigori Missourine, Unified Team,
9.781; 8, Yoo Ok Ryul, Karea, 9.762; 6, Li Xiaosahuana, China, 9.731; 8, Zahun Supola, Hunaury, 9.574; 6, Sylvio Kroll, Germany, 9.462; 7,
Szilveszter Csollany, Hungary, 9.204; 8, Yuloka Alhara, Japan, 9.450.
Hartzanda bar: dat bar Final

Final

1. Trent Otmas, United States 9.273 pts, 2.
(190) Grigori Mistatin (Uniffed Teom) 9.537
and 2. Andreas Wecker . Germany, 9.337, 4.
Guo Linyao, China, 9.518, 4. Valeri Belenki,
Uniffed Team, 9.787, 8. Yoshloki Hatakada,
Japan, 9.787, 8. Dalsuke Mishikowa, Japan,
9.787, 8. Li Jing, China, 4.423,

SATURDAY'S RESU),TS

1, Henriette Orodi, Hungary, and Lavinia Carina Milosavici, Regionia, 9,925 points; 8, Totlana Lisanici, Unified Team, 9,172 4, Svet-iona Bopulasinia, Unified Team, 9,877, 4, Svet-jona Bieco Gopean, Romania, 9,873, 4 Shan-no Miller, United Sheels, 9,877, 7, Eva Maria Rueda Brave, Seain, 9,787; 8, Kim Zmeskol, United Strees, 9,972 United States, 9.592.

Unerva: Bors
1, Lu LJ. China, 1800; 2. Tottono Getsu, Uni-fled Tream. 1975; 3. Shormon Miller, Unifled States, 1982; 6. Kim Gwota-Suk, North Korsa; Lovinia Corina Milesovici, Ramania, and Mi-ela Ana Pasca, Ramania, 1972; 7. Cristina Frahez, Spain, 9.900; B, Li LL, China, 9.867.

Bolance Becar

1. Tottona Lisenko, Unified Tearn, 9.975
pokrite; 2. Lis Li, Chino, and Shannon Miller,
United Stokes, 9712; 4. Cristine Bordos, Romonia, 9.875; 8. Sveticare Boguinskale, Unified
Tearns, 9.882; 4, Berty Oklan, United Stokes,
9.837; 7, Yang Be, Chino, 9.300; 8. Lavinia CorIna Milesovici, Romenia, 9.282.
Fileer Expendes

1. Lavinia Corino Alilosovici, Romenia,
11, 02
Australia 1 1 1
Mexico 0 8 1
Mexico 0 8 1
Trep two tearns is each pool of the search search pool of the search pool of the search search pool of

YACHTING

SUNDAY'S RESULTS

BOARDSAILING FMAL STANDINGS 1. Franck David, France 70,70 colois, 2, Mi-ant Gebhardt, United States. 71,70, 2, Lers lepsick, Austrolia, 98,70, 4, Bruce Kendoll, and, 185,79. & Christoph Sieber, Austric. 118.10.4. Asier Fernandez-Seoin, 117.00.7. on Von Den Berg, Netherlands, 117.79. S. STAR CLASS FINAL STANDINGS

 Mark Raynolds and Hal Housel, United States, 31,48; 2, Rederick Davis and Donald Conte, New Zealand, 34,403, D.Macdonald and Eric Jessersen, Canada, 62,70; 4, Mark Meeteman and Johannes Lee Schrier, Netherlends, 64,00; 8, Hours Walten and Bobby Lobes, Seeden 46,00; 4, Lee Schriet and Lobes, Seeden 46,00; 4, Lee Schriet and Lobes, Ericke 64.00; 4. Frank Venigh and Southy Lottes, Swe-den, 66.00; 6. Home Vent and Jovep Fricks, Germany, 69.70; 7. Colin Besshel and David GRes, Australia, 77.40; 8. Indexes Klasseshu and Dimitris Boukls, Greece, 64.80; 9. Benny Andersen and Magare Milkinisen, Dermank, 82.70; 10. Pernando Ribo and Johne Pirts, Andre 52.70 FLYING DUTCHMAN FINAL

FLYING DUTCHMAN FINAL,
Luis Doreste and Domingo Monrique,
Spoks, 2970: 2. Poul Poerster and Stephen
Boirdow, United States, 2070: 3. Jarpen Belgen and Jers Boisso, Dominaris, 2770: 4. Austray Joses and Gregory Khawles, New Zeckand, 48,00: 8. Albert Botzill and Peter Lone,
Germann, 78,40; 4. Mars Nybers and Johen
Lindell, Sweden, 78,40; 7, 01e Pelitan and KnetControl National Professional Control
Lindell, Sweden, 78,40: 7, 01e Pelitan and KnetControl. National Professional Control Entert, Switzerland, Fi.Zu; 7, Commission Rev Freshol, Norway, 80,78; J. Sm Eckert and Piet Eckert, Switzerland, Fi.Zu; 7, Fresh McLouchilla and John Millen. Comada, 82,70; 10. Thierry Benser and Vincant Benser, France, 97.00.

BASEBALL ハ Cuba Tolwan United States

Japan Puerto Rico SUNDAY'S RESULTS
Dominican Republic 7, Huty 5
Spain 7, Puerto Rico &
SATURDAY'S NESULTS Talwan 2, Japan 0 Cuba 9, Puerto Rico 4 Ifaty 14, Spain 4

FRIDAY'S LATE RESULTS Cubo 18. Section 0, 7 Innings United States 6, Puerto Rico 2 TEAM HANDBALL

South Korea Hundary Unified Team

SUNDAYS RESULTS

ERAZIL 14, CZECHOSLOVAKIA 27

Bruzil-Lopes (4), Noscimento (3), E.

Asulor (2), Moredore (2), Forencess (2), Cornoscioli (2), Rizzo (1))

Czechoslovatko-Kolorit (2), Sediocek (1),
Hudak (3), Bersendi (6), Lonco (7), Tonor (8).

KELAND 24, SOUTH KOREA 24

(Calond-Meditars (Ciercan) (1), Corr

KELAND 24, SOUTH KOREA 24
(celond—Valdimor Grimsson (8), Gunnor
Gunnarson (5), Hedina Gilsson (4), Gelr
Svainsson (3), Einar Sigurdsson (2), Jekob
Sigurdsson (2), Julius Jancesson (7), Birsir
Sigurdsson (7).
South Korso—Che Chi-hyo (9), Che Burtyun (4), Lim Jin-suk (4), Che Yours-shin (2),
Park Dolum (2) Shim Jen-book (1), Ling Park Do-hun (2), Shim Jae-hone (1), June

Kong-wook (1).

UNIFIED TEAM 24, SPAIN 18

Spoin—Markz (5), Mosip (5), Gorcia (3).

Alemany (2), Cobanas (2), Gortuida (1),

Unified Team—Grebaney (1), Bebechito (1),

Barbochisoki (2), Doulchebaney (4), Govrilov
(4), (ukimovitch (5), Gopina (7),

ROMANIA 26, FRANCE 26

Engenein—Material Cristian 20boria (7).

(4), lukimovitch (5), Gosine (7),
ROMANIA 25, FRANCE 26
Romanio—Valentia Cristian Zoharia (7),
Robert Ioan Licu (7), Ioa Moconu (3),
Gheorshe-Titel Raduta (1), Demitru Berbece
(1), Adi Daniel Posovici (1),
France—Denis Latinoud (6), Philippe Gordent (5), Fraderic Volte (4), Aloio Portes (3),
Thierry Perreux (2), Pascal Mohe (2), Lnurent Munier (2), Philippe Debursou (1), Jackson, Richardson (1),
EGYPT 14, GERMARY 26
Eayst—Ahmed Editor (6), Ahmed Debet
(4), Ashruf Mobrouk (2), Yosser Mohanoud
(1), Ahmed Belai (1), Aser Elkosoby (1), Hosson Abdalla (1),
Germany—Bernd Roos (7), Richard Hermann Rotto (4), Matthias Hohn (4), Holser
Peter Schneider (3), Jachen Froutz (3), Sephon Houck (2), Fronk Michael Wahl (1),
Hunganry—Jossef Eles (5), Jokob Shotin

HUNGARY ZI, SWELDER ZI HUNGAY-JOSSE FIES (5), Jokob Sibolia (4), Affika Barson (4), Istran Caoloyea (2), Affika Horvath (2), 1907 Zobjuk (1), Affialy Hungarik (1), School Manul (1), Essent (1)

ik (1), Rja rel (11 Ferenc Fuzesi (1). Sweden—Erik Hojos (6). Robert Hedin (4). Magnus Anderson (3), Magnus Wislander (3), Steffon Obson (3), Per Corten (3), Pierre Thorston (2), Ola Lindgren (1).

Germany United States Pagi B SATURDAY'S RESULTS Unified Team 26, Niperia 18 Norway 20, Spoils 16 Germany 22, United States 16 South Korea 27, Austria 27

SOCCER



力 186 Kilebrums

1. Victor Tresoubov (Gold), Unified Team, 1944,228.9,410.9; 2.Timow Taimozov, Unified Team (Silver), 185.9, 217.5, 402.5 - Silver; 3. Waldemar Molek Bronzel. Potend, 1858, 215.0, 400.0 - Bronzel 4 Francis Tourneffer, France, 170.0, 217.5. 307.5; 5. Peter I vortov Ste-fanov, Bulgaria, 1708, 200.0, 300.0; 6. Andrey Donisov, Israel, 175.0, 202.5. 307.5; 7. Ude Guse, ny, 167.5, 210.0, 377.5; S. Yo shimata, Japan, 1650, 267.5, 172.5; 9. Nazor Kadir, Iroq, 1704, 2000, 1700; 10. Bilan Razoel, weden, 165.8, 200.0, 365.0,

1. Kakhi Kethiochvill, Unified Team, 177.5 1, Kakhi Kokhiochvili, Umfied Team, 1773 snatch. 255 cieson and (erk, 4725 tote); 2. Serguel Syrtsov, Unified Team, 1988, 2225, 4725; 2, Sergiusz Wolczaniecki, Poland, 1725, 2288, 3725; 4, Kim Byurs-Chon, South Karea, 1788, 2788, 3888; 8, Ivan Khristov Tchokurov. Bulgaria, 1709, 2075, 3775; 6, Emilia Lara Rodriguez, Cubo, 1650, 2109, 3758; 7, Peter May, Britain, 160.0, 195.0, 355.0.

K **ARCHERY** WOMEN Women
To-Mater Individual
Gold Medel
Che Youn-Jeang, South Korea, 1 11, det. Kim
Sac-Nyung, South Korea, 105.
Brozza Medel
Naholic Valencus, Unified Team, 104, def.

Wigney Xiaozhu, China, 102. Semifinal 1, Cha Youn-Jeang, South Karea, 111, def, Notalia Valence, Unified Team, 102. 2, Kim Soo-Nyurs, South Karea, 106. det. Wone Xlaadbu, Chins. 105. Quarterfinats
1. Che Youn-Jeong, South Koree, 105. def.
Fang-Mei Lui, Tatwon, 100.
2. Natalia Valeeva, Unified Team, 107, def.
Denise Porker, South Jordon, Utch, 105. 3,
Wans Xioozhu, Chino, 108. def. Khatouoo
Kvrivictivili, Unified Team, 101.

مكذا من الاجل

BASKETBALL

Pool B Unified Team Lithuania Australia Puerto Rico Venezuela SUNDAY'S GAMES

SUNDAY'S GAMES

UNITED STATES 122. SPAIN BI
PUEETO RICO 22. UNITED TEAM 78
Puerto Rico (24-22): Top Scarrers—Oritz 713-11 f. AMincy 49 1-3 16. Corter 7-73 9-0 16.
Marules 1-23-4 11, De Leon 4-9 0-011. Toicis 2360-412 52. Rebounds—40 (Oritz 13. Loper 6. De
Leon 8). Assists—6 (Oritz 5. Corter 4).
Poits—13. Pouled out—Norse.
Unified Team 70 (39 70): Top Scarrers—Vetra5-7-3-23. Bossurevitch 1-3 1-15. Tikhonenko Chines Team 70 (37 70): Top Scorers—Ve-tra 5-7 5-825. Bassirevitch 1-3 1-15. Tikhonenko 5-9-6-12. Volkov 3-12-4-12. Belestenny 1-4-0-6 5. Totels 18-6-9-22. 70. Rebeends—25. Eutonamy 3, Godoshov 2, Volkov 4, Belestenny 1-6). Assists—20 Milystinieks 4. Tikhonenko 4. Vol-kov 5). Fouts—21. Fouled out—None.

kov 5). Pools—17. Fouled ost—None.

ERAZII. 15. GERMANY 76

Germony (46-76): The Scorters—Hornisch
3-1-3 9. Schremof 9-17 0-3 27. Gend 4-7 0-0 18.
Numberger 3-4 5-6 8. Jocket 4-9 0-1 14. Tofots—25-30 1-9 76. Rehomods—34 (Schremof 19. Gend
18. Blob 5). Assists—7 (Schremof 2). Rodd 31.
Fouls—22. Fouled on—Jucket.
Brozil (39-85): The Scorters—Villos 9-16 1-5
27. Guerro 2-2 9-1 7. Sontos 9-13 0-0 20, Schreidt 5-13 3-10 14. Mochodo 2-3 0-6 6. Tofots—25-52 420-35. Rehomods—32 (Sontos 11. Schreidt 6. Mochodo 4. Villos 4). Assists—12 (Ponitivor M. 6. Guerro 2. Vicioling 2). Foots—28. Footed
out—Viciolino, Sontos.

CRDATIA 72. ANGOLA 44

CRDATIA 73. ANGOLA 64
Crootia (27-731: Top Scarera—Peresovic 1-1
8-07. Kukoc 9-0 1-4. Alanovic 24-1-29. Arapovic 1-2-9-9. Gregov 23-0-15. Kamanec 9-13-0-3
22. Totals—22-37-2-12 73. Rebounds—25 (Komanec 4. Arapovic 4. Kukoc 2. Gregov 3). Assists—12 (Komanec 4. Alanovic 3. Gregov 5). Feels—28. Feeled out—None.
Angola (38-64): Top Scarera—Mareira 3-6-17. Victoriano 1-1 2-5 8. Macedo 5-7 0-0 12. Gultmarose 0-4 3-5 9. Conelao 10-22 1-3 24. Totals—20-41 6-21 64. Rebounds—28 (Conelao 7. Gultmarose 3. Macedo 3. Sardinho 33. Assists—1 (Macedo 2. Mareiro 5). Feels—30. Feeled out—Victoriana. Macedo, Carelao. CRDATIA 73. ANGOLA 44

VENEZUBLA 96, Carelco.

VENEZUBLA 96, CHIMA 88

Venezuelo (3296): Top Scorest—Shepherd
47 1-3 11, Herrero 9-15 0-9 22, Estaba 2-4 3-3 22,
Olivares 0-4 3-8 16, Neicho 4-6 0-0 1), Tolais 2240 7-1-6 76, Rebounda - 30 (Herrero 18, Wolcott
6, Neicho 7), Assists—16 (Shepherd 6, Wolcott
6, Neicho 7), Assists—16 (Sun Juri 8, Sun
Fergwat 31, Foots—32, Pooled opt—161, Wu.

Asset-past 14, 22, 1, Trivit-May 6, 98

AUSTRALIA NY, LITHUANIA 98 Australia (46-57): Top scorers—Smyth-0-3-79, Locains 8-12-0-314, Gaze 3-81-414, Bradike 6-16-0-14. Loraley 6-12-0-17, Totals 25-67-7-19
Nebounds—12 (Gaze 4, Bradike 12, Loneley 5.), Assists—11 (Smyth-2, Gaze 3, Bradike 2), Fouts—26. Fouted out—Longley, Hithuria (45-81): Top Secores—Chamiching Fouts-26. Posted out-Langley, Liftuania (45-98): Top Scorers-Chamiclus 2-33-7 17, Kurtinaliis 2-42-521, Sabanis 8-151-1 Einikis 10, Marcivillanis 5), Assists—20 Chamicius B, Marcivillanis 6), Fosts—21.

FRIDAY'S LATE GAMES Unified Teom 92, Lithuonia 80 99. Germany 78

Pool B 1 1 2 SATURPAY'S GAA

UNIFIED TEAM 79, ITALY 67 Unified Team (4-79): Tep Scarars—Tomi-kidou4-130-09, Chedibovitch 3-30-311, Khoudokidou 4-13 0-09, Chvolbovitch 3-3 0-3 11, Khoudo-chova 4-7 0-0 8, Bounation is 5-7 0-0 12, Zassouto-kala 9-15 0-0 22, Tatals—29-56 1-6 79, Rebounds— 41 (Zursoutskala 12. Khaudachova 8. Ternikidau 7), Assiste—15 (Ternikidau 5, Seumnikova 3, Jirko 3), Peuts—27. Pouled out—Jirko, Khaudachova, Zossautskala Author 27. Foundation - 27. Foundation -

CUBA 95, ERAZIL 68

Cuba (14/5): Tap Seorers; Berrel 5-12 0-0 13.Vigil 3-6 p.) 6. Mortinez 6-13-0 12, Henry 6-11 0-0 16, Hermandez 12-18 1-5 22, Totals 36-76 2-11 95. Rebeupsis—37 | Berrel 8, Mortinez 18, Henry 5), Assists—16 (Berrel 8, Mortinez 2), Total fouts—25, Popled out—Vigil. Henry S), Agelsts—14 (Berral & Marrinez 2), Tatal fouts—23, Fouled out—Void. Brozil (42-85); Top scenars—Marcorl 6-152-822, Gonzives 51-712, Janeth Santos 10-150-0 27, Morth Souze 4-11-15 I), Ruth Souze 4-70-98, Totals 30-99 4-17 88. Rebeunds—36 (Vania Souze & Gonglives & Jeneth Santos 10). Ap-sists—14 (Marcorl & Gonzives 9). Fouls—25. Fooled out—Jeneth Sontos, Ruth Souze. SPAIN 39, CZECHOSLOVAKIA 58

Ferragut 2-3 0-4 7, Costrejana 3-5 0-4 7, To-tals—14-45 3-10, 59. Rebeunds—22 (Geuer 7, Costrejano 6, Ares 5). Assists—12 (Alvaro 3, Ares 3). Fests—22. Foeled out—Geuer, Czechoslovokió (30-58): Nemcove 4-11 2-4
20, Burlianove 5-13 1-1 21, Chuolitove 2-6 0-0 4,
Biellikove 0-1 0-2 3, Janostinove 1-4 0-0 2, Berkove 1-10 40, Totols-11-4-0 3-9 28, Rebosnáda25 (Burlianove 7, Nemcove 5, Berkove 41, Asstás—12 i Burlianove 6, Chuplikove 3), Pouls25, Pouled odi—Janostinovo. UNITED STATES 93, CHINA 57

United States (4749): Tee Scorers—Davis 3-42-314,Orr 2-140-014, Dixon 7-111-119, Totals 42-90-6-119, Resounds—31 (Charles 4, Orr 11, Accusion 61, Assists—26 (Edwards 8, Charles 3). Fouls—19, Foulsd out—Nana.
China (33-47): Tee scorers—Cong 2-4-4-6-18, He 5-110-315, Pong 4-150-08, Zheng 3-7-9-08, Ll 5-9-04-18, Tehdis 2-6-78 11-14-47, Rebeands—35 (Cong 8, Peng 8, Zheng 11, Ll 5), Assists—55 (Cha 6, Ll 13), Saulsts—55

Ä

FENCING

MIN Individual Spee Final
Eric Srecki, France, def. Pevel Kolobkov,
Unified Team, 45, 5-2. Unitled Team, 4-5, 5-2, Final Standings

)- Eric Srecki, France; 2, Pavel Kolobkov, Unified Team; 2, Jean-Alichel Henry, France; 4 Kaide Kooberme, Estonica; 8, Etheor Borrmonn, Germany; 4, Angelo Mazzanlitaty; 7, Mauricio Rivas Nieto, Colombia; 8, Ivan Kovacs, Hungary,

9, Robert Fellslok, Germany; 18, Peter Vanky, Sweden; 11, Andrel Chouvolov, Unified Team; 12, Serouel Kravichouk, Unified Team; 18, Krisztion Kulcsar, Hungary; 14, Lauria Shang, Conoda; 15, Maurizia Randazzo, Italy.

WATER POLO

ROWING



1. Britain (Jonathan Searle, Grey Searle, Garry Herbert), 6 minutes, 47.83 seconds; 2. Italy | Cormine Abbagnate, Gluseppe Abbag nate, Gluseppe Di Capua), 6:50,98; 2, Romanik Tombrie Popesci, Nicolale Toso, Dumitrie IDimitrie Popesci, Nicolale Toso, Dumitru Roducanu), 6:51.58; 4. Germany (Thomas Waddow, Michael Peleri, Peter Thieder, 6:54.98; 8. Cube (Ismael Carbonell Same, Ar-naido Rodríguez Silva, Roberto Ojeda Gonza-lez), 6:58.26; 6, Frunce (Patrick Berthoy, Lus-

rent Locasa, Emmanuel Bunoz), 7:0101. Coxtess Fours Cooless Fours
Flacts

1. Austraža (Andrew Cooper, Michoel McKov. Nicholos Green, James Tomkinst.
5:55.94; 2. United States (Doug Burden, Jett
McLoughtin, Thomas Bohrer, Patrick Manninst. 8:56.68; 8. Slovenio (Jamez Klernencic,
Sasa Mirjanic, Milan Jansa, Sadik Mujkic),
5:58.24; 4. Germany (Armin Weyrouch,
Matthias Umpenach, Dirk Peter Baister,
Marker, Vant. 5:59.30 Morkus Vout), 5:58.39.

Autrius Visiti, 1:30.7.

Qeadraple Sculls
Finch
1, Germany (Ardre Willins, Andreas Holak,
Stochon Volkort, Michael Steinbacht, 5:43.17.

8, Norway I Lors Blanness, Rolf Thorsen, Klefil Undeef, Per Albert Soehersdal), 5:47.97; 3,
Italy I Blantucc Forinc, Rossane Gottariasa,
Alessandro Corona, Filippo Sofficit, 5:47.33:4,
Switzertona (Uell Bodommann, Alexander
Ruckstuhl, Beat Schwerzmann, Alarc-Sven
Nober), 8:47.37; 8, Neitherlands (Hans Keiderman, Ronald Florlin, Koos Moogdlik, Rufeer

Coxed Eights

Finals

1, Canada (Jehn Wallace, Bruce Robertson Michael Porseror, Darren Barter, Robert Mariand, Michael Rascher, Andrew Crosby, Derek Porter, Terrence Paul), 8:39.531 2, Romanic (jost julian Vizitiu, Danut Debre, Claudiu Gebriel Marks, julica Ruisan, Vierei Claudiu Gabriei Marin, lanco Ruicon, viewi Talapen, Vasile Derei Nastace, Volentin Robu, Vasile Ionei Masiacan, Marin Cheorohe 1,5:29.211 3, Germany I Frank Joses Rictiter, Thorsten Strespelhoff, Derief Kirch-hoff, Armin Eichholz, Bohne Robe, Hons Sennewold, Anssar Wesstins, Roland Boor, Manfred Willi Klein), 5:31.00.

WOMEN Zingle Sculls zuele Scutts
Flacts
1, Elisabete Lipo, Romanio, 7: 25.54; 2, Anneles Bredoel, Belsium, 7: 28.64; 3, Siltien Suzette Laumann, Conado, 7: 28.85; 4, Anne-Morden, United States, 7: 28.84; 8, Morio Brandin,
Sweden, 7: 37.55; 6, Corinne Le Modi, France,
7: 41.88.

7:41.8.

Questrapte Scolle

Finals

1, Germany (Kenstin Muetier, Sybilie
8:20.15; 2, Romania (Constanta Pipota, Doina
10nat, Veranica Cochelea, Anisoara Dobrel,
4:34.3; 2, Uniffed Team | Eksterina Khodatovitch, Antonina Zelikovitch, Totiona Quation-

vitch, Antonina Zelikovitch, Tationa Jonina, Elena Khiaptsevo), 6:25.07, Coxed Eletts

Tionis

1, Canada (Kirsien Barnes, Brenda Yoylar, Magon Delehonty, Shannon Crawford, Marnie McBean, Kay Warthineton, Jeseica Monroe, Kathleen Heddie, Lasley Thomsoon), 6:0222; 2, Romania (Doina Likina Saek, Delina Robu, Ioana Oliyamu, Victoria Lasedotu, Iulia Bobelca, Viorico Neculal, Adriano Bazon, Marie Padurett, Elena Georescu), 6:04.26; 3, Germany (Anneanet Strauch, Sylvia Doerdelmann, Kathrin Haacker, Sylvia Doerdelmann, Kathrin Haacker, Doner, Christiane Harzendorf, Judith Zeldler, Danleia Neunasti, 6:07.20.

SUNDAY'S EESULTS

Mongolia; Ryoko Tamura, Japan, def, Andrea Radrigues, Brazil;; Li Alvue, China, def,

Koren Volerie Briegs, Britain, def, Yolonde Soler Gralero, Spain; Ryoko Tamura, Japan def. Li Alyue, China; Cacita Newak, Franca, def. Glovanna Tortara, Italy; Salima Scuckri, Alseria, def. Michaela Bornemann, Austria,

Bantonivekint
Finel
Cecila Novok (Gold), France, def. Ryoko
Tamern, Jeson (Silver), Koko, throw,
Fewith round
Ryoko Tamero, Jopan, def. Keren Brises,
Britala, disqualified: Cecila Novok, France,
def. Solima Souakri, Alperia, Ispan, throw, MEN

MEN
Under & Kilogram
Field
Nozim Gousselnov, Unified Team, Jef, Yoon
Hyuri, South Kerse, Kologram
& Kilogram
Resma 4 Nazim Gousselnav, Unified Team, del. Doshoomba Battulau, Monsolla; Tedanori Kashina, Japan, del. Manfred Histmair, Austrie: Richard Tre

Ilppe Produy/ol, France: Your Hyun, Korea, det. Plotr Komrowski, Poland. SATURDAY'S RESULTS

MEN
45-Kitogram
Final
Final
Reperts Sampola Cardosa, Brazil def, Jazsef Csok, Hungary, Waza-art; GOLD-Reserio Sampola Cardosa, Brazil; SILVERserio Sampaia Cardosa, Brazii; SILVER— Jazzef Csak, Hungary; BRONZE—Ude Gun-Fifth Round Csak def. Planes, Ippon; Cardoso def. Quell-

Feurth Round

Planas def, Maruvarna, Koka; Caak def,
Laats, Waza-arl-awasate-lapon; Cardose def,
Vivos, Ippan; Qualimaiz def, Carritin, Yuka. WOMEN

Final
Ahmudeng Menaz Martinez, Spain, def. Narina Mizaguchi, Japan. Koka: GOLD—Ahmudena Menaz Martinez, Spain; SILVER—Norina Mazguchi, Japan: BRDNZE—I Zhongvun, Chino, and Sharon Rendie. Britain.
Fourth Rousel
Martinez def. Li, Yusei-gachi; Mizaguchi
def. Gal, Ippan.
Third Round
Lidef. Ambruesa, Yuko: Martinez def. Ren-

Final



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SPORTS OLYMPICS

Gold for Italian Cyclist **And Canadian Rowers**

Spain - Fabio Casartelli took advantage of his anonymity on Sunday to give Italy its first Olympic

road-race cycling title in 24 years. Casartelli, the least-known member of the Italian team, finished two bike lengths ahead of Hendrik Dekker of the Netherlands. Lat-

via's Dainis Ozols took the bronze. When the Italian broke away in the last 16 kilometers of the 194 kilometer race through rolling Catalan countryside, many of the major names ignored him, sure they would haul him back.

Casartelli was joined only by Dekker and Ozols and the three built a lead that they held to the end, finishing 35 seconds ahead of the pack.

The gold was decided when Casartelli got a jump on Dekker with

Casartelli clocked four bours, 35 minutes, 21 seconds, with Dekker a second behind and Ozols another two seconds back.

Italy's last Olympic road race champion was Pieriranco Vianelli in 1968, although they took silver in Montreal in 1976 with Guiseppe Martinelli.

Pascal Herve of France attacked on the first of the 16 laps and was joined by Erwin Thijs of Belgium and Georg Totschnig of Austria. Their advantage rose to one min-

nte five seconds then fell to 46 seconds. Thiis and Totschnig were caught after they had been clear for more than 120 kilometers. Herve

In rowing, Canadians added a Australia completed the 2-kilo-Olympic medal count Sunday, cap-turing the premier events — the

men's and women's eights. Germany, however, came away as the overall winner as rowing concluded its run at the Barcelona games, earning nine medals in all four gold, three silver and two bronze. Romania won six - two

GAMES ROUNDUP

gold, three silver and one bronze. Canada took four gold and a silver.
In the men's eights, Romania
took a quick lead, but Canada rallied and won in 5 minutes, 29.53 seconds, .14 ahead of the Romanians. Germany, the world champion, finished 1.07 seconds back for the bronze.

Canada's women won their eights race in 6:02.62. Romania again took the silver, in 6:06.26, with the Germans earning another brouze in 6:07.80.

In the men's pair with coxswain, the British brothers Jonathan and Greg Searle ended the decade-long reign of the Italian brothers Carmine and Giuseppe Abbagnale.

The Abbagnales led for nearly the entire race, but the Searles rallied with a late sprint to win in 6:49.83, 1.15 seconds ahead of the Italians and 1.75 seconds ahead of the Romanian boat. In other finals, Australia's An-

drew Cooper, Michael McKaay, Nicholas Green and James Tomkins rowed to victory over the United States in the men's coxless fours.

SANT SADURNI D'ANOIA, pair of golds to their country's meter course in 5:55.04, 1.64 seconds ahead of the Americans. Siovenia was third in 5:58.24.

In the men's quadruple sculls, Germany's Andre Willims, Andreas Hajek, Stephan Volkert and Mi-chael Steinback won the gold over Norway and Italy. The German quartet completed the course in 5:45.17, nearly a full two seconds ahead of the Norwegians.

In the women's races, Romaina's Elisabeta Lipa took an early lead and easily finished 1.1 seconds ahead of Annelies Bredael of Belgium for the single sculls gold. Silk-en Suzette Laumann of Canada took the bronze.

In quadruple sculls, the German women won in 6:20.18, followed by Romania in second and the Unified Team in third.

■ In yachting, Luis Doreste and Domingo Manrique of Spain won the Flying Dutchman dass gold

medal on Sunday.

The Spaniards held off a late challenge from Paul Forster and Stephen Bourdow of the United States, who won the silver medal. Jorgen and Jens Bojsen of Denmark won the bronze.

Mark Reynolds and Hal Haenel of the United States carned the gold medal in the Star class. The pair had clinched victory on Satur-day and did not even race in the final race on Sunday. But Rod Davis, New Zealand's American-born America's Cup captain, and David Cowie used the last race to jump from fourth to second and grab the

person of Canada won the bronze, took the bronze at 108.52.

In canoeing and kayaking Joe dominant force in the women's competition commetted a sold and silver the United States surprised even themselves by winning the gold in whitewater doubles canoeing.

Jacobi and Strausbaugh won with a 122.41 on the last of their two runs. Miroslav Simek and Jiri Rohan of Czechoslovakia won the silver at 124.25. Franck Adisson and Wilfrid Forgues of France Team won the bronze. took the bronze at 124.38.

Picrpaolo Ferrazzi of Italy won the gold in the single kayak slalom with a 106.89 score. Sylvain Curin-ier of France won silver at 107.06

Donald McDonald and Fric Jes- and Jochen Lettmann of Germany

In archery, South Korea, the petition, completed a gold and silver double in the individual event. Cho Youn Jeong added the

Olympic title to the three world records she has broken in Barcelona and sent her teammate Kim Soo Nyung, the Seoul gold medalist, Natalia Valceva of the Unified

In shooting, four marksmen were forced into a sudden-death shootout to decide the trap medals. Petr Hrdlicks of Czechoslovskia proved to have the strongest nerves

Unified Team

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispende

BARCELONA - The Unified

Team defeated Japan, 15-13, 15-11, 15-11, Sunday to finish first in Pool

A and qualify for a bye into the semifinals of the women's Olympic

The-Americans, who beat the

Unified Team in their second match, dominated Spain, 15-4, 15-

5, 15-10, Sunday but had needed a

loss by the Unified Team to finish

The Unified Team, the United

States and Japan all finished with

2-1 records, but the Unified Team

had the best game differential and

Cuba beat Netherlands, 15-11

Japan finished third.

Tops Pool in

Volleyball

volleyball tournament.

firt in Pool A.

took first place.

and won gold, hitting the first pink ltaly, 5-1, 5-1, in the men's saber clay in the shootout, while Japan's Kazumi Watanabe blasted wide sud had to settle for silver.

Laurent Monier, left, a French handball player, following a collision Sunday with Romanian goalie Gabriel Toucsen. France won the preliminary-round match.

The battle for bronze went eight rounds before Marco Venturini of Italy, the world champion, outlast-

ed Jorg Damme of Germany.

In weightlifting, Victor Tregu-bov of Russia won the 100-kilogram class as the Unified Team won four of the last five class His total was 410 kilograms. He heat teammate Timour Taimazov, a Ukrainian, who scored 402.5 kilo-

grams. The bronze went to Poland's Waldemar Malak, with 400 kilos. ■ In fencing, Bence Szabo of

final to win the gold medal.

Jean-François Lamour of France. the defending champion, won the

bronze after defeating Giovanni Scalzo of Italy, 3-5, 6-5, 5-1.

In judo, Nazim Gousseinov of the Unified Team took the gold medal in the men's extra-lightweight class, defeating Yoon Hyun of South Korea in the final Tadan-

bronze medalists. In the women's extra-lightweight class. Cecile Nowak of France captured the gold, defeating Ryoko Tamura of Japan.

hat trick as Ghana beat Paragusy. 4-2, after extra time, advancing to the semifinals. Paraguay scorec twice in the last 20 minu

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In women's field hockey South Korea, beaten finalists at the Seoul Games, advanced to the semifinals with a 2-0 victory over the Netherlands.

Britain beat outsiders New Zealand, 3-2, to clinch the other semifiori Koshino of Japan and Richard nal place from Group B. In Group A. Germany hammens Trautmann of Germany were

Canada, 4-0, to gain the semis. A fourth-minute penalty corner from Silvia Perez gave Spain a 1-0 victory over Australia and the group's other semifinal berth.

Scherbo Wins 4 Golds in **Gymnastics**

Compiled by Our Staff From Disparches BARCELONA - Vitali Scherbo of the Unified Team won his fourth gold medal of the night and record sixth of the Olympics by winning the parallel bars Sunday. Scherbo scored 9,900. He also won in the pommel horse, rings and yault. Earlier, he had won golds in the all-around and team competi-

Li Jing of China won the silver in the parallel bars with 9.812 points. There was a three-way tie for the bronze among Guo Linyao of China. Igor Korobtchinski of the Uni-Tied Team and Masayuki Matsunaga of Japan with 9.800.

Pae Gil Su won North Korea's first Olympic gold medal since the 1976 Games in Montreal when he tied Scherbo for the individual -pommel horse title. Pac also shared the pommel title ith Scherico and Li Jing of China

in the World Championships in Paris in April. Earlier, Li Xiaoshuang of China landed a rare triple back somersault to take the floor exercise gold

Despite a less-than-perfect landing on the somersault, the move, Scherbo overstepped the square to win team silver, bet which few men have ever attempt- on the landing from his first pass fied Team, last week.

He finished sixth.

tion, impressed the judges enough for them to award Li 9.925 points. Grigori Misutin of the Unified Team, the all-around silver medalist, and Yukio Iketani of Japan shared the silver medal, well behind

With only two men from each team qualifying, Igor Korobchinsky, the world champion, missed out on a place in the final.

II, 18, the Asian Games champion on the floor, had helped Chma to win team silver, behind the Uni-

day when he came off the horse, as did Valeri Belenkin of the Unified

sharing third place at 9.862. (Reviers, AFP)

Tonya Sanders of the United States spiking between two Spanish players on Sunday as the American volleyballers won a preliminary match in three sets and advanced to the playoffs with a 2-1 record. Quarterfinal opponents for the Americans and Japan would be do-

> 15-11 15-13, to go 3-0 and is as-Team, the all-around bronze medsured of advancing, while Brazil, the Netherlands and China are still Li captured the silver with 9.875. Li Xiaoshnang and Wecker also got battling for the other two spots. their second medals of the session, China, 0-2, played Brazil later in

day.

(AP, Reuters)

A Weightlifter's Costly Tantrum

By Filip Bondy

BARCELONA — Ibragim Samadov of the Uni-fied Team has been banished indefinitely from the Olympic Games, and all future weightlifting competition, because of a tantrum, a missing fax, and the use of insulting stationery by his federation.

The severe penalty, and the tangled tale of bruised feelings, evolved from an unseemly display Friday on the medal stand. Samadov, who finished third in the light heavyweight division, buried his bronze medal to the floor, and stormed off the stage during the awards ceremony. When the Greek champion, Pyrros Dimas, carried the medal back to Samadov, the 24-year-old resident of Grozny again threw it to the ground.

Sunday, the International Olympic Committee

officially announced that Samadov had lost his medal and was banished from the Barcelona Olympics. Meanwhile, officials from the International Weightlifting Federation and the Unified Team were still trying to find a compromise that might allow Samadov to resume his athletic career

after the Barcelona flame is doused. It will not be easy.

He did not respect the International Olympic Committee, the spirit of the Games, his colleagues, the anthems, the flags, said Dr. Tamés Aján, ing Federation. "He did this in front of 4,000 people and a television audience of billions."

Samadov tied with Dimas and Krzysztof Siemion of Poland, after lifting a total of \$14 pounds (370 kilograms). He finished third on a technicality: he weighed one-tenth of a pound more than his

fans cheered his final failure to lift a winning weight, and when a Greek Olympic Committee member from the Hellenic Weightlifting Federation attempted to give Samadov his medal.

"He's very sorry about this now, truly sorry," said a teammate, Kakhi Kakhiachvili. "But the deed is done." Samadov was under intense pressure, because he

was selected to represent the Unified Team ahead of top-ranked Altymourad Orazdourdyev. This had created a stir and a protest from the Turkmenistan delegation within the Unified Team.

There is a continuing fend between Ajan of Hungary and the president of the International Weightlifting Federation, Gottfried School of Austria, on one side and the disorganized Unified Team Federation on the other. The International Federation gave the Unified

Team until Saturday to file an appeal of the proposed banishment of Samadov. Valentin Savin, a communications officer with

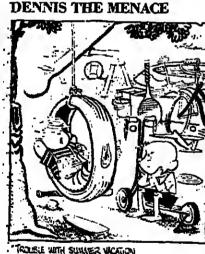
the Unified Team, insisted Sunday that a fax had been sent by his federation to School at 3 P.M. Saturday. Aján denied this. He said his organization received only a fax from Samadov, a letter he produced with some disdain.

The Unified Team attempted again Sunday to strike a truce with Schödl and Aján, by sending another fax. But Aján said he was insulted that the letter was written on unofficial blank stationery. and signed by Elena Bulekova, a mere secretary.

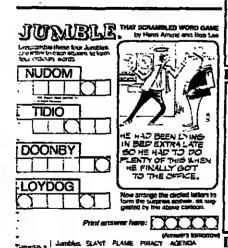
madov remained absent Sunday from the weightlifting venue, and could not be reached for comment. Aján said there was hope yet for Samadov, perhaps next year.

"In the future, we will discuss this," Ajan said. or competitors.

"We will consider that he is a young man, and that he had Olympic fever."



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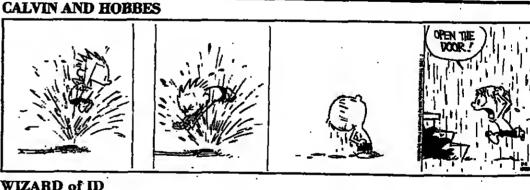


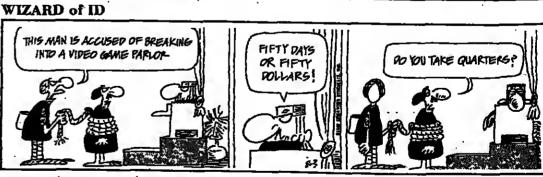






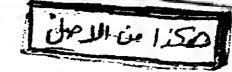












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SPÖRTS OLYMPICS

Johnson: What If He Had Not Been Caught

BARCELONA - The controversial Canadian, Ben Johnson, won the Olympic 100 meters in a world-record 9.72 seconds Saturday, becoming the first man in 86 years to defend his gold medal in the event. Johnson, unbeaten in

to defend his gold medal in the event. Johnson, unbeaten in the 100 since winning the 1988 gold medal in Seoul, has now broken the world record four times in five years.

BARCELONA — Ben Johnson, the recovering scourge of his sport, returned to the Olympic Games Saturday with no purpose, it seemed, other than to remind us of who he was and what he did. In confession he removed his causet true remedians the unpersion he removed his sweat top, revealing the upper body of someone we used to know. Is that really you,

body of someone we used to know. Is that really you, Ben? You've lost weight.

The whole world was staring at him. He claims he hasn't lost any weight, and he wasn't answering any stares, either. When he looked up, it was only along the path laid out before him, 100 meters home. It was going to be a longer trip than it used to be. He pulled off two layers of sweatpants. We could have sworn you've lost weight, Ben. His seven opponents were acute in their ignorance of him. In the old days he had when a sensational bully, and now he was not even been a sensational bully, and now he was not even that. He wasn't even a threat. He was a ghost. This was

selies was a count match

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ithat. He wasn't even a threat. He was a ghost. Ims was just a semifinal of the Olympic 100 meters Saturday, and even here, he didn't have a chance.

Johnson celebrated his latest world record by engaging his opponents in a near-brawl that was seen by a world audience. Thirty meters past the finish line, Johnson pointed at American Dennis Mitchell, who finished

In the old days he was a sensational bully. Now he wasn't even a threat. He was a ghost.

"Go tell Carl how I kicked your (expletive)."
Mitchell responded by suggesting where Johnson could "stick your next needle," in effect accusing the gold medalist of using illegal drugs. Johnson charged toward Mitchell and bumped British silver medalist Linford Caristie, whose time of 9.96 had failed to directen Johnson. Christie reacted by shoving the champion. Johnson then pointed a finger in Christie's face. Several runners were surrounding Johnson, shouting at him, when officials broke up the fracas.

"Ben's an animal," Mitchell said. "He gets worse every year, Everybody knows it's the drugs. Everybody knows it and nobody does anything about it."

When asked whether he had proof that Johnson had used drugs, Mitchell said, "Obviously, I don't. I don't need proof to feel like I won the bronze medal today. In

neea proof to feet like I won the bronze medal today. In my mind, I won the bronze, Frank Fredericks won the silver and Linford Christie won the gold, and that's the way we're going to have to feel about it until Ben gets caught, or else somebody tries to catch him."

Since returning from his two-year suspension, Johnson hasn't run faster than the 10,16 which qualified him in June for the Canadian Olympic team. He speaks out against dring use, but the words seem no

speaks out against drug use, but the words seem no more sincere than his denials of four years ago. He for anything. Then he was a souped-up vehicle con-cocted by his handlers, and now, emasculated of his synthesized bulk, he is supposed to be an example of why drugs are wrong. Does anyone believe that either right or wrong have anything to do with the forces that have created him? The only truth about what's become of Ben Johnson and his sport is that he got cause

Infamy has isolated him, just as fame used to. He is not staying with his teammates in the Olympic Village. He still is avoiding the public. Reportedly, he has been reunited — unofficially — with his coach, Charlie Francis, who was supposed to be banned from track for life. With the absence of rival Carl Lewis, who failed to qualify in the United States 100-meter trials, Johnson was still the biggest name in his event, if only for what he no longer can do.

How often must he damn his doctor's decision to inject him with stanazolol, an anabolic steroid, only 26 days before the Olympics? He was recovering from a hamstring injury, and he wanted to take no chances with Lewis, who recently had beaten him at a meet in Zurich. Three days later his Olympic victory over Lewis was rescinded, his world record of 9.79 erased. Lewis became the first man in 82 years to win back-toback golds in the 100 meters.

To see a thinner, weaker Johnson stumbling out of the blocks—as if he had been shot by the gun—was to understand the message of his new life. The lesson he transmits is not of the rewards of running clean.

The transmits is not of the rewards of running clean. The message is that, if he hadn't been so careless, he probably could have won this race again.

"Same old crap," Johnson said of Mitchell's accusations. "I beat the other phony [Carl Lewis] all these years, and he don't ever take it like a man. All he do is bitch, bitch, bitch. All of them." Coach Charlie Francis sat beside his gold medalist, shaking his head and laughing. "A guy sets a world record nobody thought was ever nossible—not even me to be honest—and all you was do possible — not even me, to be honest — and all you guys do is sing the same old song." Francis said. "It's a sad day for



"I'll say what I am saying the last 10 years," Johnson said. "Drugs are both demeaning and despicable, and when people are caught they should be thrown out of the sport for good. I want to be the best on my own natural

ability and no drugs will pass into my body."

He stumbled through his third, fourth and fifth steps Saturday night, as if running on cobblestones. The wave of seven competitors surged past him. He fell into a job before the finish line. His time of 10.70 was .21 seconds slower than the women's world record was 21 seconds slower than the women's world record set by Florence Griffith Joyner in those same Second Olympics. She, too, had been accused of vastly improving her performances with illegal drugs. Since 1988 she has all but vanished, with little of the endorsement revenue to be expected of a popular, threetime gold medalist. Like Johnson, who admitted to taking steroids for seven years prior to the 1988

Olympics, she passed every drug test demanded of her.
After running fifth in the women's 100 meters
Saturday night, American Gwen Torrence claimed
that three of her eight competitors had benefited from illegal drugs. Perhaps the situation was improved by the Johnson scandal, and by the implementation of mandatory random testing in 1989, but the sport cannot be clean. The tests can be circumvented, and the rewards are still worth the risks. Consider Ben

"I felt very well," be said after failing to qualify for the final, won by Christie in 9.96 seconds. "I just got out slow from the blocks. I almost fell over, but at least I managed to run. I lost my power. I tried my best. What more can I say? I didn't want to prove anything.

Joyner-Kersee Captures Heptathlon

مكذا من الاصل

BARCELONA - Jackie Jovner-Kersee withstood withering at, one poor event and some blatant gamesmanship from a German rival to win the Olympic heptathlon for the second consecutive time and once again carn the title of the world's greatest female athlete.

Joyner-Kersee, 30, of Los Angeles, became the first woman ever to win the Olympic heptathion two times, and one of only about a dozen women in Olympic track and field history to win medals in three different Summer Games. She won the silver medal in Los Angeles in 1984 and the golds in Seoul and, now, Barcelona.

Joyner-Kersee's point total in the seven events was 7,044. Irina Belova of the Unified Team won the silver medal with 6,845 points, and Germany's Sabine Braun won the bronze with 6,649 points.

"It was tough over the last two days," she said. "I wanted to psych myself up and not psych myself out. It was a feeling of relief and joy when I crossed that line" in the 800

In the men's high jump, Cuba's Javier Sotomayor won the gold medal by clearing 7 feet 8 inches (2.35 meters) without a miss. Patrik Sjoberg of Sweden won the silver with one miss before clearing 7-8, and three men shared the bronze at 7-8 because of misses at earlier heights: American Hollis Conway. Tim Foreythe of Australia and Ar-tur Partyka of Poland. They all were far below Sotomayor's world record of 8 feet, set three years ago.

In the women's 3,000 meters, Ye-Team won in 8:46.04, followed by teammate Tatiana Dorovskikh is 8:46.85. Angela Frances Chalmers Canada won the bronze in

In the hammer throw, three Unified Team athletes from three different republics won the medals. Andrey Abduvaliyev (Tadjikistan) won the gold medal with a throw of



Cuba's Javier Sotomayor going up and over Sunday on his way to a gold medal in the high jump. He cleared 2.34 meters.

Astapkovich (Belarus), 268-11, and Igor Nikulin (Russia), 267 feet.

"I would like to say that the former Soviet school of hammer throwing has performed well in its farewell to international competition," Abduvaliyev said.

But the night belonged to Joyner-Kersee, who lost her world championship last year in Tokyo when she pulled a hamstring muscle and vowed to get the Olympic title in its place. That was never in doubt; she held the lead from the first event, the 100-meter hurdles, and when she easily beat the field in the long jump in the morning, there was little suspense left for the final two events Sunday night.

Her victory was such a foregone conclusion that only a few thon-sand of the 57,640 spectators at close to her as she sat waiting for Estadi Olimpic remained to ap- her turn, almost stepping on her.

pland when she took a tired and happy victory lap.

Joyner-Kersee had a special mission this year. She wanted to win the gold, go over 7,000 points and defeat Braun handily. The rivalry between Joyner-Kersee and Braun goes back to the 1991 world cham-

fending champion, withdrew, Bram went on to win the gold medal, raising her index finger in a "No. I" salute. "I still see that No. 1 finger,"

When Joyner-Kersee, the de-

Joyner-Kersee said. Joyner-Kersee said Braun tried

to break her concentration several times during the competition here. During the shot put, she said, Brann and her two German team-

Sunday, as Joyner-Kersee was walking toward the runway for her second attempt in the long jump, she said, Brann deliberately moved into her path and bumped into her.

"I don't have time for that," Joyner-Kersee said of Braun's tac-tics. "My attitude in the heptathlon easy-going. Maybe somebody ainks they can get me riled up. I think they try to get to me, whatever way that is."

Joyner-Kersee is deceiving. One of the most well-liked athletes in track and field, she appears to be too nice to ever get angry. But she has said that she sometimes needs a new "challenge" to spur her on. and Braun's tactics did that here.

"Every time they do that, that's going to cost them the Olympic pionship," said a defiant Bobby Kersee, Jackie's coach and husband. "They can charge her all they

want and she'll hold the red cape up in their face and won't blink." In the first four events Saturday Joyner-Kersee built a comfortable lead despite having her worst shot put - 46 feet, 4 inches - in two years and the second-worst in the last seven years. She was hoping to do about 52 feet. She didn't give up much ground to Braun, however, because the German's distance was just four inches more, which was worth only six more heptathlon

Coming into the final three events on Sunday, Joyner-Kersee held a 127-point lead, 4,136 to Braun's 4,009. What's more, she opened with her best event, the

Joyner-Kersee is a generalist who also can specialize, a tremendous achievement in the sport these days. No decathlete can qualify for an open competition in one of his 10 events, but Joyner-Kersee can. She is the reigning Olympic gold medalist and world champion in the long journ, and is a medal fa-vorite in that event later in the

So it came as no surprise that Joyner-Kersee won the long jump competition on Sunday. She lengthened her lead over Braun with a jump of 23 feet 3 inches, her fourth best ever (23-10% is her best in the beptathlon; 24-5% in open competition). Brann managed a leap of only 19-9, which dropped American. In fact, Belova and Romania's Liliana Nastase, who ended up fourth, passed her in the

Joyner-Kersee turned in an average performance in the javelin (147-6) and ran 2:11.78 in the 800 meters, her sixth-best time, to fin-

ish strong.
Only eight women ever have won two gold medals in the same track and field event in successive Olympics. Two are Americans: Wyomia Tyus in the 100 meters in 1964 and 1968; and Joyner-Kersee. "For me, it's a challenge to try to

beat myself and do better than I did in the past," she said.

In other events, Kenya's Paul Ereng, the 1988 Olympic gold med-alist in the 800 meters, finished last in his semifinal in that event in 1:49.90 and failed to qualify for the final. Ereng ran for the University

of Virginia. Steve Lewis, the 1988 gold medalist in the 400 meters, led all qualifiers into the semifinals with a time of 44.54 seconds. Danny Everett, the winner of the U.S. Olympic trials who has an injured Achilles' tendon, took the last semifinal spot in 45.76. American Quincy Watts

also qualified in 45.06 seconds.

Americans Jack Pierce (13.17), Arthur Blake (13.27) and Tony Dees (13.31) were joined by Great Britain's Colin Jackson (13.57) and Tony Jarrett (13.43) in qualifying for Monday's 110-meter hurdles

I'm just happy to be here at the Olympics." He lost his power. Heat and Clay and Cherkasov: **All Too Much for Sampras**



Pete Sampras: "It's kind of hard when you're not exactly tanking but saving your energy."

By Sandra Bailey New York Times Service

BARCELONA - For nearly three hours Pete Sampras had matched Andrei Cherkasov crosscourt backhand for cross-cour break to watch his lightning serve hit the soft red clay and nestle in. Forays to the net had produced more of the same: aggravation and exhaustion as the sharpest angled valley would merely melt into the

The result was that Sampras, ranked third in the world and the last American man in contention for a medal, found himself down, 3-0, in the fourth set, drenched in sweat and looking up at a cloudless sky with a decision to make. For

Sampras, it wasn't a tough call.
"I got down 3-0, 4-0, and I thought I might as well bag that set and get ready for the fifth," Sampras said.

So he lost his serve for 4-0, Cherkasov held in the next, then Sampras was broken at love to end the men's top eight. set. But it all came apart when Sampras double faulted on double break point to give Cherkasov a 5-3 lead in the fifth set and from there it was just a handful of unforced errors and a final oh-so-long fore-hand to a 6-7 (7-9), I-6, 7-5, 6-0, 6-3 upset for Cherkasov, who is ranked 26th in the world.

Brazil's Jaime Oncins also advanced, beating Mark Koevermans of the Netherlands, 7-6 (7-1), 6-0, 7-6 (7-2), while Jordi Arrese of Spain topped Renzo Furlan of Italy, 6-4, 6-3, 6-2, and Leonardo Lavalle of Mexico topped Carl Uwe-Steeb of Germany, 6-4, 3-6, 6-3, 6
Steeb of Germany, 6-4, 3-6, 6-3, 6
Steeb of Germany, 6-4, 3-6, 6-3, 6
Two Marks," he said. "I was looking nore forward to the Grand Slams. It was just anoth-



Andrei Abduvaliyev of the Unified Team hards himself and the hammer toward a gold medal.

With the elimination of the third-seeded Sampras, No. 4-seeded Goran Ivanisevic of Croatia remains as the only player left of the

"It's kind of hard when you're not exactly tanking but saving your energy for the fifth set, and that's exactly what I did," Sampras said. The match lasted three hours and 49 minutes in 88-degree (31 centigrade) heat and 70 percent hu-

midity. "It was extremely hot," said Sampras, who nonetheless said he was more ly fired. more mentally than physical-

Not for Cherkasov, who seized the moment of victory to rip off his shirt and toss it to the crowd. "The Olympics you only play a few times in your life. It's unbelievable that I won today."
On a faster surface, Sampras

likely wouldn't have hung back to make 50 errors on ground strokes, make 50 errors on ground strokes, and would have surely put together more than five winning volleys and six smashes. And maybe the surface would have mattered with Cherkasov leading, 6-5, in the third set and the game at deace. Sampras stepped up and sent his first serve to the wrong court, then got his second one over only to dump a forehand into the net. The set went to Cherkasov on the next point, ended with a forehand wide down the line from Sampras's least favor-ite place, the baseline.

"Mentally, I fell off in the third." Sampras admitted, "Then at the beginning of the fourth is where I

It went quickly. Cherkasov held his serve then broke Sampras, who lost the last three points of that game in less than a minute. From there, Cherkasov held for 3-0, then broke to 4-0, with Sampras chipping in a double fault that speeded "I kind of felt funny out there,

the last American left with a chance to win a medal," Sampras said, but he didn't have long to reflect. The hot sun was burning, and he had a date: doubles with Jim Courier, against Sergio Casal and Sánchez. It went five sets, too, and by night-fall Sampras's Olympics were over, ended 5-7, 4-6, 6-3, 6-2, 6-2.

DEVERS: True Grit and Gold Medal Glory

(Continued from page 1)

therapy to correct it. A drug was prescribed that would minimize the side effects of the radiation. But it was on the list of banned drugs for Olympic athletes, so she chose not to take it; she continued training.

Within a year, she began experiencing terri-ble problems with her feet. She had blood blisters between her toes, on her soles, on her heels. She went to a podiatrist and was again apparently misdiagnosed. "As soon as I took off my socks he told me I had a severe case of athlete's foot," Devers recalled. "I told him I didn't think so, I thought it was something worse. But he gave me some topical creams and

assured me it would get better." It didn't Devers returned to the podiatrist in greater pain than before. She had been wearing five pairs of socks during training to cushion the pain, and it was not helping. "He told me, "Gail, you're exaggerating this," she said. "He

told me it was stress." Meanwhile, her feet were swelling to unbelievable size. At one point they were as big as a man's size 11. And they were bleeding. Her skin was breaking down all over her body. The slightest scratch would start to bleed, then scale. There were days Gail wouldn't come out of the house because of the way she looked," Forster said. "She described herself as a mon-

But she continued to train. When her feet hurt too much to run, she worked out on a stationary bike. This is the monomania of athletes. "My feet were not only bleeding, they were secretary something putrid," Dever said.

. Td get home and take off my socks, and my feet had a stench you could smell across the

intense that Devers could not even walk to the bathroom. She got down on her knees and crawled there. "I can't describe the pain I was having" she said. "It felt like my feet were going to fall off."

This time they literally carried her to the doctor, and this is what Devers says he told her: "Had I walked on my feet for two more days, they'd have had to amputate." So it was not athlete's foot. Devers says her

condition was an extreme reaction to the radiation. The therapy was changed, and within one month she was running pain-free.

It seems so simple in the retelling. Here we are, 15 months after the crisis, and Devers is the

first woman to ever make the U.S. Olympic

team in both the 100 and the hardles. The hurdles are supposed to be her best event, and she has already won the 100. She was not even supposed to medal in the 100. Gwen Torrence was supposed to be the top American. She finished fourth. Merlene Ottey

of Jamaica was supposed to be Torrence's top challenger. She finished fifth. The women's 100 here did not figure to be nearly as compelling as in Scoul. Four years ago, the men's and women's 100s were the most glamorous races of all; they defined the 1988 Games as the Dream Team defines these. There was much fluttering about the mysterious Mata Hari, Florence Griffith-Joyner, and palpably clammy tension hovering around the gradge match-up between Carl Lewis and Ben John-

Griffith-Joyner blew into Seoul like a whirlwind after shocking the track world with spectacular performances at the U.S. Olympic Tri-als. Before the trials, she was considered a competent Olympic sprinter, but any brief One day in March of 1991 the pain got so fame derived more from her absurdly long three years of my life have been a miracle."



fingernals than her running. After the trials, she was Madonna Gail Devers brings no such speed, no such glamour. She does not wear one-legged lace outfits like Griffith-Joyner or grow her nails Howard Hughes-style and paint them like Pi-

Gail Devers brings a story. It ends in the basement interview room of Estadi Olimpic. "I'm sitting here thinking back to a year and a half ago, when I was on my knees and couldn't walk, and now I've got a gold medal,"

She held the medal up for all to see, took a deep breath and smiled, gloriously. "Use me as an example," she said. "Whatever you want to do, if you have faith, it can happen. The last

OLYMPIC NOTEBOOK

■ Drug Suspensions Upheld Two British weightlifters sus-pended from the Olympics after failing drug tests will not be allowed to return to competition in Barcelona, The Associated Press

reported.
The British Olympic Association said the suspensions were upheld after the International Olympic Committee's medical commission confirmed that Clembuterol, the drug in question, was a banned substance. The International Weightlifting Federation said it acepted the suspensions, as did the

IOC's executive board. The athletes, Andrew Saxton and Andrew Davies, were sent home Wednesday after testing positive in random tests carried out in

Britain before the Games. The Spanish discus thrower David Martinez, meanwhile, has been cleared of alleged drug-taking and was to take part in the Olympics despite a hepatitis infection. Recent tests showed higher than usual levels of testosterone, which could be caused by use of a banned ste-roid. But officials said that doctors had determined that the abnormal results were caused by a hepatitis infection, not drugs.

■ U.S. Sprinter Is Out

U.S. 100-meter champion, suffered a ruptured right Achilles' tendon Saturday and will be out of compe-Savon.

tition for at least a year. The Associated Press reported. Witherspoon was injured in the

Olympic 100-meter semifinals, crampling to the track about 30 meters into the race. He was scheduled to run in the 4x100 relay, and is expected to be replaced by Carl Dr. James Montgomery, the U.S. Olympic Committee physician,

said. "It is a severe injury that will take a good 6 to 12 months of

Americans and Cubans will fight in the Olympic ring for the first time since 1976, but Irish featherweight Paul Griffin won't fight anyone for a year, Reuters report-

The International Amateur Boxing Association banned the European champion for 12 months and put him on a further two years' probation for trying to assault officould not continue with his bout. Inside the ring, Larry Donald set up one American-Cuban duel by

stopping Russian super-heavy-weight Nikolai Koulpine. His quarter-linal bout will be against world champion Roberto Balado. Heavyweight Danell Nicholson Mark Witherspoon, the 1987 followed his teammate's example and won through to rendezvons with Cuban world champion Felix

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Paris Money Spinners: Booms and Busts

DARIS — The ceaseless subject of Paris conversation is the fall in real estate prices — a collapse no greater than in other cities but more deeply felt here because conventional wisdom for so long had it that the one rock-solid investment

was buildings, or la pierre.

A small exhibit at the Mairie, or town hall, of the first arrondissement shows that in truth Paris real estate has never been, in

MARY BLUME

the slang phrase, as safe as houses. The exhibition, "De la Rue des Colonnes à la Rue de Rivoli," shows that the boom and bust began in the ancien regime. The show, which continues to Sept. 20

and suffers from lamentably uninformative labeling, traces the history in Paris of arcaded buildings as money spinners, the purpose of the arcade being to shelter strollers from bad weather and, more important, to nudge and guide them as shoppmg malls do today.

Streets with arcades existed in medieval Paris and the Piace des Vosges dates to the 17th century, but the pioneer real estate promoter was the Duc d'Orléans who, to cover his debts on the Palais Royal, installed shops underneath its arches. "Cousin, you are becoming a shopkeeper," Louis XVI remarked. "Does this mean we shall only see you on Sundays?"

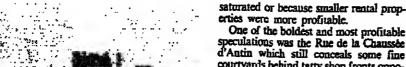
Arcaded streets are hardly a Paris invention but became an important part of the townscape in part because of two new selling devices, the shop window and then the sidewalk, which came to Paris in 1826.

Two of the great pleasures of Paris were thus born: window shopping and strolling. Flaner, or to stroll, Balzac said, is a science, it is the gastronomy of the eye: "To

walk is to vegetate, to stroll is to live."

The stately Rue de Rivoli, which gradually engulfed small streets with such evocative names as the Rue des Ecrivains and the Rue des Mauvaises-Paroles, was conceived before the Revolution and only completed during the Second Empire. It was inspired by the Rue des Colonnes, built during the Revolution and now merely a truncated coriosity near the Bourse.

In the late 18th century it was realized that shops and income-producing housing could be combined under one roof. One of the first examples of speculative real estate was the then tallest building in Paris, nine stories on the Rue Radziwill built around 1781 not only to bring in rental money but to attract shoppers to the nearby Palais Royal. At about the same time, the building of town houses, or hôtels particuliers, declined, either because the market was



One of the boldest and most profitable speculations was the Rue de la Chaussée d'Antin which still conceals some fine courtyards behind tatty shop fronts opposite the Galeries Lafeyette. It was such an interesting investment that Louis XVI passing by on his way to be tried, asked how the building was coming along. Speculation boomed with the Revolu-

tion. In 1792, 400 hectares (160 acres) of seized real estate came up for sale. Investors in the Rue des Colonnes earned back their investment in two years and doubled it shortly after

The first project for a main east-west axis, the future Rue de Rivoli, dates to 1780. In 1793 the Convention announced an open competition for the project, emphasizing profit over asthetics: "Genius alone will not be crowned," competitors were warned. The main plan was drawn by Charles Percier in 1802 and it was decreed that the shops could not be used by artisans who worked with hammers or by butchers or bakers. Signs and nameplates were banned. The project was supposed to earn back its initial investment within five years.

It failed to do so, perhaps, it was thought, because Parisians did not like living in identical houses as specified in the plan. Originally, the buildings were to be three stories high but then the value of air space became apparent and e floor for servants was added. To encourage investors, tax exemptions for 30 years were awarded in 1811.

As one political regime followed another, each with its own fascination with real estate, building the Rue de Rivoli stumbled on until the government called in private bankers to speed the operation. By 1835 the street could be said finally to exist although building continued for 20 more years. But even before the Rue de Rivoli was

completed, promoters realized that a pro-

ject that combined shops and dwellings was less viable than building separate shopping areas, such as glass-covered passages and later, the department store. Two department stores were built on the Rue de Rivoli itself, the now-defunct Magasins du Louvre and the thriving Bazar de l'Hôtel de Ville. Today, except for the fine stores in the Place Vendôme area of the Rue de Rivoli. the 3,070-meter-long street is mostly s jum-ble of shops selling T-shirts and souvenirs.

Between the years 1807 and 1824 prop-erty values on the Rne de Rivoli multiplied by 600 before collapsing for a time. Over the past year real estate prices in Paris are said to have crumbled by 20 percent and there is no reason to think that the Rue de Rivoli, once glorious enough to inspire an imitation in far-off Corfu, is an exception

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LANGUAGE

The Meanings of Mickey Mouse

By Jack Rosenthal

NEW YORK — As a cartoon character, Mickey Monse is approaching Social Security age, having first seen the light in November 1928. As an expression, Mickey Mouse remains as current as the news. But it has e different meaning from the one it had when the character was born - actually, half o dozen different meanings.

A few weeks ago, Ross Perot was grasping for words to ridicule the idea that he spies on his enemies. He called the charges "fairyland," "animal crackers" and heaping on the scorn, "Mickey Mouse tossed salad," Mickey Mouse, in that heated context, plainly meant "cartoony," "outlandish."

But that's not the meaning Carl Doebel, a Republican banker, had in mind last spring when he told e reporter about his disgust with Republican legislators in New Jersey, "If I could," he said, "I would tell them to their faces that I demand more substance instead of this Mickey Mousing around in Trenton." To him.

Mickey Mousing means "patently false posturing."
That's quite different from what Los Angeles investigators mean when they describe organized criminals as the "Mickey Mouse Mafia." They see the once-fearsome mob so weakened that even bookies won't pay tribute anymore. In this context, Mickey Mouse means "powerless," "pallid."
That's somewhat different from the meaning known

to every undergraduate. This is the second definition for Mickey Mouse in Webster's New World Dictionary: "childish, oversimplified, unrelated to reality," as m "a Mickey Mouse college course."

Dave Smith, Walt Disney Company's archivist, tells

one story that adds two more meanings. During World War II, a man named Carl Nater, head of educational films at Disney, was challenged by government audi-tors for including overhead on his bills. Mickey Mouse bookkeeping, they called it, meaning "a carkeature of normal practice." But a reverse usage simultaneously arose — to describe bureaucrats insisting on mindless obedience to regulations.

There are even two meanings for Mickey Mouse music. The New York Times's recent obituary for Lawrence Welk noted that his detractors decided his "tinkly Mickey Mouse music." That meaning agrees with the first definition of Mickey Mouse in New World." World: "Designating dance-band music that is comy, unimaginative, bland." But the original Mickey Mouse cartoons were the first films in which the music soundtrack was fully synchronized with the action. Hence Mickey Mouse music started out as e term connoting technical respect, says Smith.

Why are there so many ways of using Mickey

Many of the usages devolve around the meanings given by the Random House Dictionary of the English Language for the entry, lower case, mickey mouse. They are: "trite," "comy" or "petry," "trivial," even though there's nothing about Mickey that's loony, posturing, pallid, officious or petry. Mickey Mouse the character may be naive, but he is cheerfully, likably so.

"Mickey was a clean monse, right from the start," Richard Schickel wrote in his book "The Disney Version." That's so true that Nazi propagandists mocked themselves when they tried to mock him, as in this German newspaper excerpt quoted in "Maus II" by Art Spiegelman: "Mickey Mouse is the most miser-

able ideal ever revealed. . . . The greatest bacteria carrier in the animal kingdom cannot be the ideal type of animal. . . . Away with Jewish brutalization of the people! Down with Mickey Mouse! Wear the Swasti-

ka Crossi' Why then has the name of this likable cartoon character generated so many negative meanings? The character generated so many negative meanings; the clearest answer springs from watches. Half e century ago, Ingersoil Watch Co. pulled itself out of financial trouble by marketing the first Mickey Mouse watches. trouble by marketing the first Mickey Mouse watches, of which millions have since been sold. Today, they can be campy, whimsical treasures. One can spend \$1,995 for o Swiss-made 18-karat-gold version by Jean Lessale, but the originals were, well, Mickey Mouse cheap, tacky, schlocky. The subsequent usages derive from the watch, not the carteson and the carteson

That answer alone does not explain all the variet meanings that have evolved from the term. Linguists and sociologists recognize the phenomenon, however—e secondary, sideways spread by association. Literal meanings may diverge but the underlying sense—in this case "trivial" or "tacky"—remains. Mickey Mouse is not mickey mouse, but his watch is, and so is

While Ross Perot groped for cartoon-animal imag-ery, Bill Clinton and George Bush checkered their campaign oratory with references to the real thing.

Nothing literary, like Orwell's "Animal Farm" symbolism. On the contrary, they are often eager to demonstrate by their language how rustic, and therefore regular, they are li goes with the strained lirst name informality that turns so many politicians from James Earl Jr. (Carter) to Jimmy and J. Danforth (Quayle) to Dan.

To Governor Clinton, child of Hope, Arkansas, farm idiom comes naturally and frequently. Gwen Ifill of The New York Times recalls that Clinton was asked during the New Hampshire campaign if be thought somebody was deliberately planting questions about his relationship with Genniler Flowers. "When you come across a standard or a fearer west, it didn't are there but itself?" turtle sitting on a fence post, it didn't get there by itself," he responded. "Someone had to put it there."

In Dover, New Hampshire, he was asked whether he might consider quitting the race after yet another controversy. John King of The Associated Press remembers his insistent reply: he would stay in "until the last dog dies." Within a month, he could speak with satisfaction of his triumphs on Super Tuesday: "The hay's in the barn."

Questioned during a televised David Frost interview in May about his claim that he had not inhaled marijuana. Clinton said: "I was dumb as a post the way I handled that." In June, on e paid 30-minute national telecast, one of the comments had national telecast, one of the comments he made about the federal deficit was: "We're eating our seed corn, as

we say in the farming country."

Farm words don't always come as naturally ic.
George Bush, the Connecticut Yankee who trans? planted himself to Texas. But they did when he appeared at the Texas Republican convention in June, What did he think about Ross Perot as a candidate for president? There's "too much at stake, as we say here, to buy a pig in a poke." As we say here,

William Safire is on vacation. Jack Rosenthal is the editorial page editor of The New York Times.

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Rue de Rivoli in the early 20th century; the Tuileries on the right.

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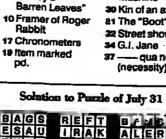


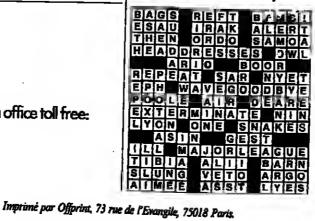
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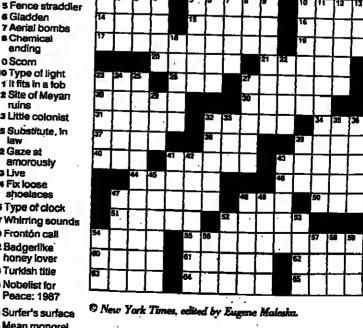
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